

PREACTION () SPRINKLER VALVE ASSEMBLY

with Notifier RP-2001 Releasing Control Panel

INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

Serial Number

Date of Installation _____ Date of Commissioning _



UNITED Fire Systems

1 Mark Road Kenilworth, NJ USA 07033 908-688-0300 www.unitedfiresystems.com

Manual Part Number 10-500001-00C Version 2.00 November 2020

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HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Carefully read, understand, and follow instructions identified by these symbols.



The use of the word "DANGER" identifies an immediate hazard with a likelihood of death or serious personal injury if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.



The use of the word "WARNING" identifies the presence of hazards or unsafe practices that could result in death, personal injury, or serious property damage if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.



The use of the word "CAUTION" identifies possible hazards or unsafe practices that could result in personal injury or property damage if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.



The use of the word "IMPORTANT" identifies special instructions, not related to hazards, that should be followed.

FOREWORD

This manual is written for those who install, operate and maintain **UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC**[™] sprinkler valve assemblies. The manual contains installation, operation, and maintenance information for these assemblies.



UNITED Fire Systems assumes no responsibility for the installation, operation, or maintenance of any systems other than those addressed in this manual. The data contained in this manual is for information purposes only. UNITED Fire Systems believes this data to be accurate at the time of publication, but the data is published and presented without any guarantee or warranty whatsoever. UNITED Fire Systems disclaims any liability for any use that may be made of the data and information contained in this manual by any and all parties.



The UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC[™] sprinkler valve assembly is a vital part of the fire protection of any facility where these units are installed. Life safety and property protection depends on continuing proper operation of the assembly. The owner of the PREACTION-PAC[™] is responsible for the condition of the assembly and its continued proper operation. UNITED Fire Systems strongly recommends that all owners of PREACTION-PAC[™] engage the services of qualified, trained fire protection professionals to design the system containing the assembly, and to install and maintain the assembly.

UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC™ sprinkler valve assemblies are to be installed and maintained by qualified, trained personnel in accordance with:

- This Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual P/N 10-500001-00C.
- National Fire Protection Association No. 13, "Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems."
- National Fire Protection Association No. 25, "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems."
- National Fire Protection Association No. 70, "National Electrical Code®".
- National Fire Protection Association No. 72, "National Fire Alarm Code®."

Any questions on the information in this manual should be addressed to:

UNITED Fire Systems 1 Mark Road Kenilworth, NJ USA 07033 908-688-0300 www.unitedfiresystems.com



LIMITED WARRANTY PREACTION-PAC[™]



What Does This Warranty Cover?

This Limited Warranty covers all manufacturing defects in material and workmanship in all equipment supplied by UNITED Fire Systems for new PREACTION-PAC[™] sprinkler valve assemblies.

How Long Does The Coverage Last?

This Limited Warranty lasts for either eighteen (18) months from the date of shipment to the original purchaser or twelve (12) months from the date of commissioning by **UNITED Fire Systems** or a trained distributor, whichever comes first.

What Will UNITED Fire Systems Do?

UNITED Fire Systems will repair, replace, or refund the purchase price of, at its option, any defective **PREACTION-PAC**[™] equipment at no charge.</sup>

What Does This Warranty Not Cover?

- Equipment that is not supplied by UNITED Fire Systems is not covered.
- Equipment that has not been installed, commissioned, operated, and maintained per the instructions in the applicable UNITED Fire Systems instruction manual is not covered.
- Equipment that has been repaired, modified, or otherwise tampered with not in accordance with the applicable **UNITED Fire Systems** instruction manual is not covered.
- Any problem that is caused by abuse, misuse, or an act of God (such as a flood) is not covered.
- Transportation and shipping charges to return equipment to UNITED Fire Systems or for UNITED Fire Systems to return repaired or replacement equipment are not covered.
- Consequential and incidental damages are not covered. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so this exclusion may not apply.

What Are The Customer's Responsibilities?

- Ensuring that the UNITED Fire Systems equipment is installed, commissioned, operated, and maintained per the instructions in the applicable UNITED Fire Systems instruction manual.
- Where applicable, ensuring that checklists supplied by UNITED Fire Systems are properly used and completed at the time of installation, commissioning, operation, and maintenance, and such checklists are retained as records of proper completion.
- Noting and recording the serial number(s) of **UNITED Fire Systems** equipment.
- Notifying UNITED Fire Systems or a trained distributor of the need for service under this Limited Warranty.

How Is Warranty Service Obtained?

If anything goes wrong with UNITED Fire Systems equipment, contact:

UNITED Fire Systems

Division of United Fire Protection Corporation 1 Mark Road Kenilworth, NJ 07033 USA Phone: 908-688-0300 Fax: 908-481-1131 www.unitedfiresystems.com

= OR =

Your Trained Distributor

Be prepared to supply the serial number(s) of the equipment requiring service, and copies of the installation, commissioning, and maintenance checklists, as applicable.



LIMITED WARRANTY PREACTION-PAC[™]



Is This Limited Warranty Transferable?

If the **PREACTION-PAC[™]** equipment is moved from one to another installation during the time period of Limited Warranty coverage, the **PREACTION-PAC[™]** equipment must be re-commissioned by **UNITED Fire Systems** or a trained distributor to be eligible for continuing coverage. There will be a quoted charge for this re-commissioning.

Is This The Entire Warranty?

This Limited Warranty is the entire warranty given by UNITED Fire Systems to the purchaser of new **PREACTION-PAC**[™] equipment. Component warranties supplied by component manufacturers to UNITED Fire Systems that are valid for a longer period of time than the UNITED Fire Systems Limited Warranty may apply. Contact UNITED Fire Systems for more information. There are no other warranties expressed or implied, beyond those required by law.

How Do State and Federal Laws Apply?

This Limited Warranty grants specific legal rights per Federal law. There may also be other rights which vary from state to state.

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1. GENERAL

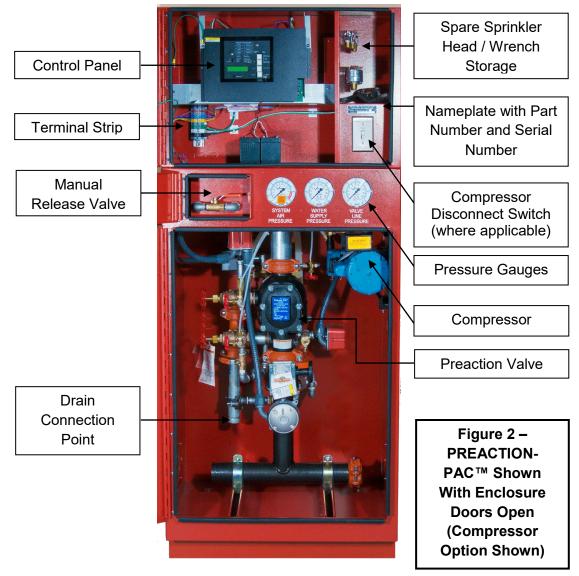
- 1.1. Introduction. The UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC[™] is a fully assembled and factory tested preaction fire suppression system, including preaction valve, trim, and control panel providing one complete zone of preaction water sprinkler fire protection. All components are contained in two steel enclosures assembled one above the other. The system pressure gauges and the required manual release handle are mounted on the front of the lower enclosure. The system detection and control panel is mounted behind a door in the upper enclosure with a clear polycarbonate window allowing visual access to the system indicators. Lockable latches on both doors permit authorized access to all system components. Both enclosures are finished in powder-coat red paint. Gasketing provides sealing of the enclosure doors. Knockouts permit easy attachment of external electrical conduits.
- **1.1.1.Preaction Valve.** The preaction valve installed in the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] is a low-differential, latched clapper valve that uses a unique direct-acting diaphragm to separate the system water supply from the system piping. The positive latching system uses the supply water pressure to hold the clapper shut. When the water pressure in the diaphragm chamber is released, the latch retracts from the clapper and the valve actuates. The low differential and unique latch and actuator design of the valve allows the valve to be self-resetting.
- **1.1.2.Piping.** Water inlet pipe connections are located on the lower left and lower right sides of the lower enclosure. The unused inlet is left plugged. Grooved pipe is used for the inlet connection. The water outlet pipe connection is located at the top center of the lower enclosure, behind the upper enclosure. The drain connection is accessible within the lower enclosure, and knockouts are provided allowing exit of the drain from either side. All pipe connections are done in the lower enclosure.
- **1.1.3.Control Panel.** A Notifier RP-2001 conventional detection releasing control panel is factoryinstalled in the upper enclosure. Programming for a basic preaction system is factory programmed and tested. Additional programming may be necessary after installation to suit field conditions. This manual provides complete instructions for additional programming. All necessary internal wiring connections are factory-installed and tested.
- **1.1.4.Wiring.** All wiring from the integral control panel to the valve solenoid and all switches is factory installed and tested. Where applicable, wiring for compressor power and control is also factory installed and tested. All field wiring for control panel power, compressor power, detection circuits, notification appliance circuits, and circuits requiring contact closure is connected to terminal strips in the upper enclosure. No access to the lower enclosure is necessary to complete the wiring installation.
- **1.1.5.Compressor.** For assemblies equipped with a compressor for air pressurization of the preaction sprinkler piping, all wiring and adjustments are performed at the factory. Three sizes of compressor are available, depending on the volume of installed piping to be pressurized. The compressor is mounted using molded rubber mounts and bushings to minimize noise and vibration during motor operation. A compressor disconnect switch is located in the upper enclosure.
- **1.1.6.Pressure Maintenance Device.** Assemblies are equipped with a pressure maintenance device when the source of the supervisory gas is external of the **PREACTION-PAC**[™], such as a tank-mounted air compressor or a nitrogen generator. A blank plate replaces the compressor disconnect switch.

1.2. Features

- **1.2.1.**Attractive and rugged metal enclosure. The entire enclosure is manufactured from steel with continuous welded seams. The lower enclosure is 12 gauge, while the upper enclosure is 14 gauge. Both enclosures are coated with red powder-coat paint inside and out. Continuous pianostyle hinges attach the doors to the enclosures.
- **1.2.2.**Easy-to-see gauges on front of enclosure. Three pressure gauges are mounted on the front of the lower enclosure, and are visible at all times. These gauges monitor the air pressure in the system

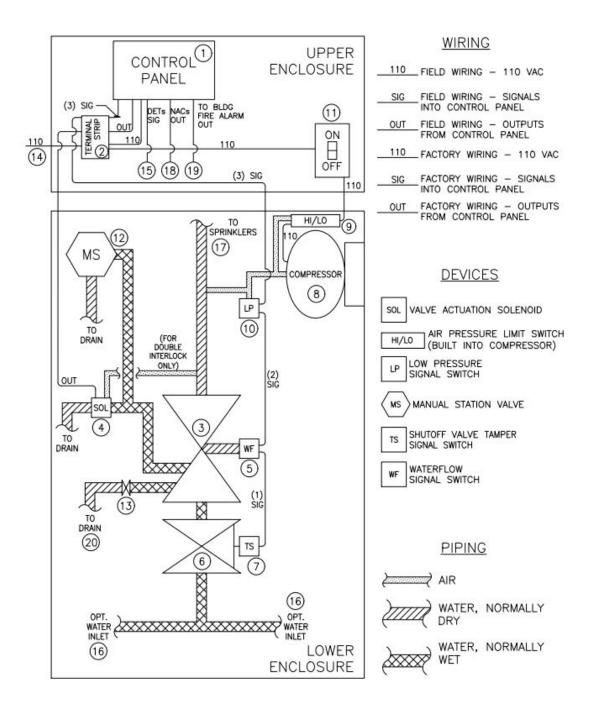
piping, the water supply pressure up to the preaction valve, and the water pressure keeping the valve clapper piston closed.

- **1.2.3.** Easy access to manual release valve. The emergency manual release ball valve is located behind a small unlocked door on the front of the lower enclosure. Operation of this ball valve opens the preaction valve, filling the system piping with water. No power is necessary to accomplish this operation. The key for the lower enclosure main door does not have to be available to accomplish this operation.
- **1.2.4.**Water inlet connections. The water inlet piping may attach to the lower enclosure near the bottom on either side.
- **1.2.5.**Easy-to-follow instructions on enclosure front. System instructions, mounted behind clear plastic, are located on the front of the upper enclosure.
- **1.2.6.**Space for required spare sprinkler heads and wrench. As required by NFPA 13, a built-in storage location for spare sprinkler heads and a sprinkler wrench is behind the door of the upper enclosure.
- **1.2.7.**Separate mechanical and electrical enclosures. This allows mechanical and electrical trades to keep their work areas separate.



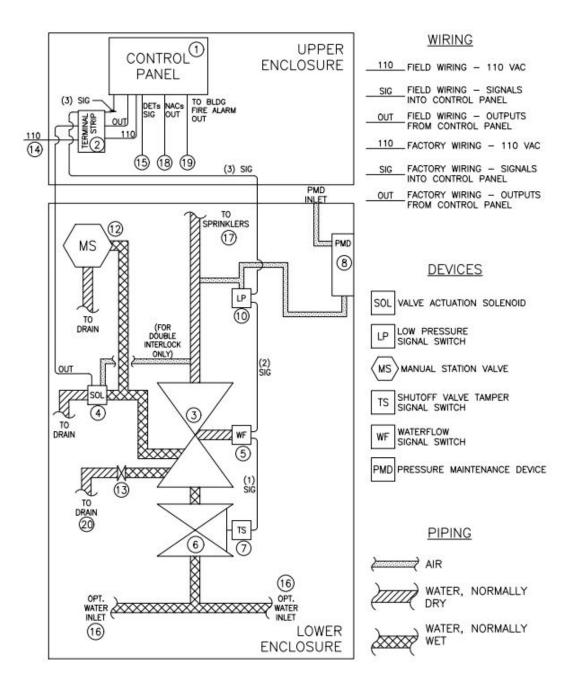
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Figure 3a – Diagram - Functional Description with Compressor



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Figure 3b – Diagram - Functional Description with Pressure Maintenance Device



- **1.3. Functional Description.** Refer to Figure 3a on page 4 and Figure 3b on page 5.
- **1.3.1.Control panel (1).** The control panel receives signals from fire detectors located in the protected space, as well as signals from various switches within the assembly. The panel processes the input signals per a pre-determined sequence of operation, and operates outputs for external audible / visual devices and building fire alarm signaling, as well as the signal to open the preaction valve within the assembly. Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on the panel and the sequence of operation.
- **1.3.2.Terminal strip (2).** The terminal strip provides a convenient point for landing some of the required field wiring, and also serves as the interface point between the control panel (1) and the various connections in the lower enclosure.
- **1.3.3.Preaction valve (3).** The preaction valve is the heart of the assembly. The valve holds back the sprinkler water until the control panel (1) reacts to the signal from the fire detectors and sends a signal to the valve actuation solenoid (4). In single-interlock assemblies, actuation of the valve actuation solenoid (4) sends water into the sprinkler pipe. In double-interlock assemblies, fusing of a sprinkler head from heat is required, along with valve actuation solenoid (4) actuation, to send water into the sprinkler pipe. Refer to Manual I-769N in Section 2 for more detailed information on the preaction valve.
- **1.3.4.Valve actuation solenoid (4).** The valve actuation solenoid receives the signal from the control panel (1), and actuates the preaction valve (3). The solenoid is the Victaulic Series 753-E, and is rated at 24VDC, 0.364 amps, 8.7 watts, 66 ohms. The solenoid is FM Approved under Group I (as in India). Refer to Manual I-769N in Section 2 for more detailed information.
- **1.3.5.Waterflow signal switch (5).** The waterflow signal switch responds to waterflow in the pipe downstream of the preaction valve (3). The switch contains Quantity 2, SPDT switches, rated at 10A-125/250VAC, 1/2HP, 2.5A-6/12/24VDC. Contacts transfer when waterflow begins after preaction valve opens. Contacts automatically restore when waterflow ceases. One contact is factory-wired to send a signal to the control panel (1). Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on the response of the panel to the waterflow signal switch.
- **1.3.6.Manual shutoff valve (6).** The manual shutoff valve is used to shut off the flow of water after actuation of the preaction valve (3). The normal position of this valve when the system is in service is open. Refer to Manual I-769N in Section 2 for more detailed information on the use of this valve.
- **1.3.7.Shutoff valve tamper signal switch (7).** The shutoff valve tamper signal switch sends a supervisory signal to the control panel (1) when the manual shutoff valve (6) is closed. The switch contains Quantity 2, SPDT switches, rated at 10A-125/250VAC, 0.5A-125VDC. Contacts transfer when valve begins to close. Contacts restore when valve is fully open. One contact is factory-wired to send a signal to the control panel (1). Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on the response of the panel to the shutoff valve tamper signal switch.
- **1.3.8.Compressor (8).** The compressor supplies supervisory air pressure to fill the sprinkler pipe downstream of the preaction valve (3). The sprinkler pipe is pressurized to 13 PSIG minimum and 18 PSIG maximum by the compressor (8). Loss of this pressure, from damage to the pipe or a sprinkler head, results in a supervisory signal at the control panel (1).
- **1.3.9.Pressure Maintenance Device (8).** The pressure maintenance device supplies supervisory gas pressure, from either a tank-mounted air compressor or nitrogen generator, to fill the sprinkler pipe downstream of the preaction valve (3). The sprinkler pipe is pressurized to 15 PSIG by the pressure maintenance device (8). Loss of this pressure, from damage to the pipe or a sprinkler head, results in a supervisory signal at the control panel (1).
- **1.3.10. High / low air pressure limit switch (9).** Where applicable, the high / low air pressure limit switch is built in to the compressor (8). When pressure in the pipe falls below 13 PSIG, the switch turns the compressor (8) on. When pressure in the pipe rises to 18 PSIG, the switch turns the compressor (8) off.
- **1.3.11.Low air pressure signal switch (10).** The low air pressure signal switch sends the supervisory signal for low air pressure to the control panel (1). The switch contains Quantity 2, SPDT switches, rated at 10A-125/250VAC, 1/2HP, 2.5A-6/12/24VDC. Contacts transfer when pressure in the piping falls below 13PSIG. Contacts automatically restore when pressure rises above

13PSIG. One contact is factory-wired to send a signal to the control panel (1). Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on the response of the panel to the low air pressure signal switch.

- **1.3.12. Compressor disconnect switch (11).** Where applicable, the compressor disconnect switch is used to manually interrupt the 110VAC power to the compressor motor, during inspection, maintenance, and resetting of the assembly. Only trained personnel should use this switch. The normal position of this switch when the system is in service is ON.
- **1.3.13. Manual station valve (12).** The manual station valve is located behind a separate door on the front of the lower enclosure. No key is needed to open this door. To manually open the preaction valve (3), open the door and pull the lever on the manual station valve forward. The preaction valve (3) will open, and the sprinkler pipe will fill with water. No power is needed to manually open the preaction valve (3) in this manner.



Fusing of a sprinkler head by heat is necessary for water to be discharged onto a fire, even after operation of the manual station valve.

- **1.3.14. Drain valve (13).** The drain valve is used to drain the sprinkler pipe after actuation of the preaction valve (3). This valve is used only during inspection, maintenance, and resetting of the assembly. Only trained personnel should use this valve. Refer to Manual I-769N in Section 2 for more detailed information on this valve. The normal position of this valve is closed.
- **1.3.15. Input connection for 110 VAC power (14).** 110VAC is required to power the assembly. This power shall come from a source in compliance with all applicable codes and standards. Internal wiring (factory assembled) takes this power to the control panel (1) and, if equipped, the compressor (8). If local codes require individual 110VAC power sources for the control panel (1) and the compressor (8), jumpers may be removed from the terminal strip (2) permitting this. Refer to Section 1.10 for additional information on this connection.
- **1.3.16. Input connection for automatic fire detectors (15).** Automatic fire detectors are required to provide the signal for opening the preaction valve (3). These detectors are field-connected to this connection. See Section 1.10, and refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 4 for details on these detectors and this connection.



Fusing of a sprinkler head by heat is necessary for water to be discharged onto a fire, even after operation of automatic fire detectors.

- 1.3.17. Water inlet connection (16). The sprinkler water supply is field-connected to this connection. One of two optional water inlet connections may be chosen. The connection may be made on the lower right of the assembly, or by removing the cap, the connection may be made on the lower left of the assembly. Refer to Section 1.10 and Section 2 – Victaulic manual I-769N for more detailed information on this connection.
- 1.3.18. Outlet connection to fire sprinklers (17). The outlet connection from the assembly to the fire sprinklers is field-connected to this connection. The connection is located in the top center of the lower enclosure, behind the upper enclosure. Refer to Section 1.10 and Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N for more detailed information on this connection.

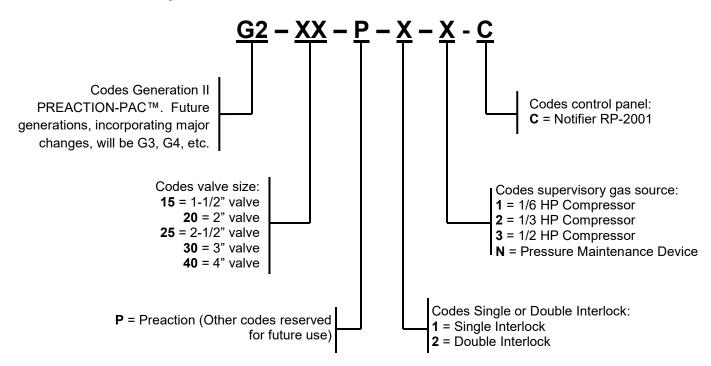
- **1.3.19. Notification appliance output connection (18).** Notification appliances are required by code to alert occupants that a fire has been detected. These appliances are field-connected to this connection. Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on this connection.
- **1.3.20. Output connection to building fire alarm system (19).** Most codes require a fire protection subsystem to signal the building fire alarm system. This signal is field-connected to this connection. Refer to the control panel instruction manual in Section 5 for details on this connection.
- **1.3.21. Drain connection (20).** Drain water from the assembly must be piped away to a drain. The drain piping may be connected to the assembly on the left or the right side. Refer to Section 1.10 and Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N for more detailed information on this connection.
- **1.4. Configurations.** UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC[™] sprinkler valve assemblies are available in the following configurations:
- **1.4.1.Valve sizes:** 1-1/2" through 4".
- **1.4.2.Valve types:** Single-interlock and double-interlock available in all valve sizes.

1.4.3. Supervisory gas sources:

- **1.4.3.1.** For 1-1/2" and 2" valves: 1/6HP compressor and pressure maintenance device available.
- 1.4.3.2. For 2-1/2" valves: 1/6HP and 1/3HP compressors and pressure maintenance device available.
- **1.4.3.3.** For 3" and 4" valves: 1/6HP, 1/3HP, and 1/2HP compressors and pressure maintenance device available.
- **1.4.3.4.** Gas sources are capable of pressurizing piping systems up to the following limits:
- **1.4.3.4.1.** 1/6HP compressor: maximum system capacity is 290 gallons.
- **1.4.3.4.2.** 1/3HP compressor: maximum system capacity is 475 gallons.
- **1.4.3.4.3.** 1/2HP compressor: maximum system capacity is 780 gallons.
- **1.4.3.4.4.** Pressure maintenance device: Refer to the manual of the external source.
- **1.4.4.Control panel:** A Notifier RP-2001 conventional detection control panel is factory-installed in the upper enclosure.
- **1.5.** Options None at this time.
- **1.6. Approvals. UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC**[™] sprinkler valve assemblies, as listed in this Manual, are Approved by FM Approvals under the heading "Automatic Water Control Valves." See pages 9 and 10 for Approved assemblies. NOTE: Although most **PREACTION-PAC**[™] assemblies are FM Approved, custom-built units are supplied from time to time upon request. Various components within these custom assemblies maintain their individual approvals, but these custom assemblies are not FM Approved as a unit.
- **1.7. Applicable Standards.** UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC[™] sprinkler valve assemblies are to be installed and maintained by qualified, trained personnel in accordance with:
- 1.7.1. National Fire Protection Association No. 13, "Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems."
- **1.7.2.**National Fire Protection Association No. 25, "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems."
- 1.7.3. National Fire Protection Association No. 70, "National Electrical Code®".
- 1.7.4. National Fire Protection Association No. 72, "National Fire Alarm Code®."
- **1.8. Applicable Manuals.** Manuals supplied by the manufacturers of components used in **UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC™** assemblies are included with this manual. In some cases, these manuals contain references that are **NOT APPLICABLE** to **PREACTION-PAC™** assemblies. Care should be taken to be clear on what is applicable and what is not when referring to these manuals for installation, operation, inspection, and maintenance instructions.

1.9 FM Approved Assemblies

Part Number Coding:



PREACTION-PAC™ assemblies with indicated part numbers are FM Approved. From time to time, custom-built units are supplied upon request. The components in these custom-built units retain their individual approvals, but these custom-built units are not FM Approved.

When the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] is installed where FM Global is an AHJ, follow the requirements of FM Approvals Class Numbers 1011, 1012, 1013 and FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 5-40 dated 2007, especially:

- Alarm control panels for automatic release of preaction sprinkler systems are required to have 90 hours of secondary power followed by 10 minutes of release power and alarm operation.
- Include the installation of Class A (Style D or E) initiating device circuits. All FM Approved systems / installations must be configured as Class A for Deluge and Preaction Releasing Service.
- Do not include abort switches to abort the preaction sprinkler actuation function.

Table 1.9 – Approved PREACTION-PAC[™] Assemblies with Notifier RP-2001 Control Panel

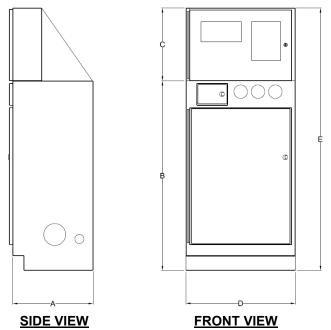
Part NumberValve Size, in.Valve TypeSupervisory Gas SourceControl PanelG215P11C1-1/2"Single Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G215P1NC1-1/2"Double InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G215P2NC1-1/2"Double InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G215P2NC1-1/2"Double InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G220P1NC2"Single InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G220P1NC2"Double InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G220P2NC2"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G220P2NC2"Double InterlockPressure Maintenance DeviceNotifier RP-200G225P11C2-1/2"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P11C2-1/2"Single Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P11C2-1/2"Single Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P21C2-1/2"Single Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P21C2-1/2"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P21C2-1/2"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G225P21C2-1/2"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G230P11C3"Single Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G230P11C<
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G230P21C3"Double Interlock1/6 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200G230P22C3"Double Interlock1/3 HP CompressorNotifier RP-200
G230P22C 3" Double Interlock 1/3 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G230P23C 3" Double Interlock 1/2 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G230P2NC 3" Double Interlock Pressure Maintenance Device Notifier RP-200
G240P11C 4" Single Interlock 1/6 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P12C 4" Single Interlock 1/3 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P13C 4" Single Interlock 1/2 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P1NC 4" Single Interlock Pressure Maintenance Device Notifier RP-200
G240P21C 4" Double Interlock 1/6 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P22C 4" Double Interlock 1/3 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P23C 4" Double Interlock 1/2 HP Compressor Notifier RP-200
G240P2NC 4" Double Interlock Pressure Maintenance Device Notifier RP-200

1.10. Installation.

- **1.10.1.** Location. Locate the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] assembly as shown on the system shop drawings or design plans. The location should be dry, clean, and within the Approved temperature range of the assembly (+40 deg F to +110 deg F). Refer to Figure 4 for overall dimensions.
- **1.10.2.** Unpacking, Placement & Leveling. Unpack the PREACTION-PAC[™] as follows:
- 1.10.2.1. Remove the outer carton and any other packing material surrounding the assembly.
- **1.10.2.2.** Open the lower enclosure door.
- **1.10.2.3.** Use a flat-bladed or Phillips screwdriver to remove the (4) bolts holding the assembly to the pallet. See Figure 5.
- **1.10.2.4.** Close the lower enclosure door. Remove the unit from the pallet, and place in the intended installation location.

1.10.2.5. Level the unit:

- **1.10.2.5.1.** Open the lower enclosure door.
- **1.10.2.5.2.** Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, adjust the (4) leveling feet from inside the enclosure until all feet are firmly in contact with the floor. See Figure 5.
- **1.10.2.5.3.** Using a spirit level, adjust the leveling feet until the assembly is level both front-to-back and side-to-side.



Dimension	Assemblies with 1-1/2" thru 3" Preaction Valves	Assemblies with 4" Preaction Valves
A	22.00	24.00
В	52.00	52.00
С	20.00	20.00
D	30.00	30.00
E	72.00	72.00
	NOTE: All units are in inches.	

Figure 4 – Diagram - Overall Dimensions

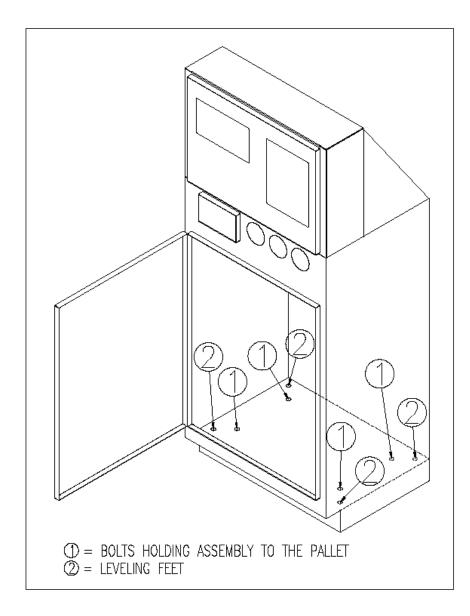
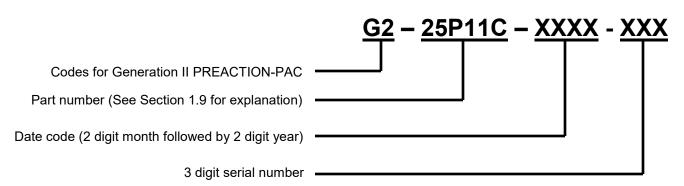


Figure 5 – Diagram - Location of Pallet Bolts and Leveling Feet

1.10.3. Serial Number. The serial number of each assembly is located on a permanent metal nameplate, located behind the upper enclosure door above the compressor disconnect switch. The serial number is coded as follows:



Note the serial number, date of installation, and date of commissioning on the front of this manual where indicated.

1.10.4. External Attachments.

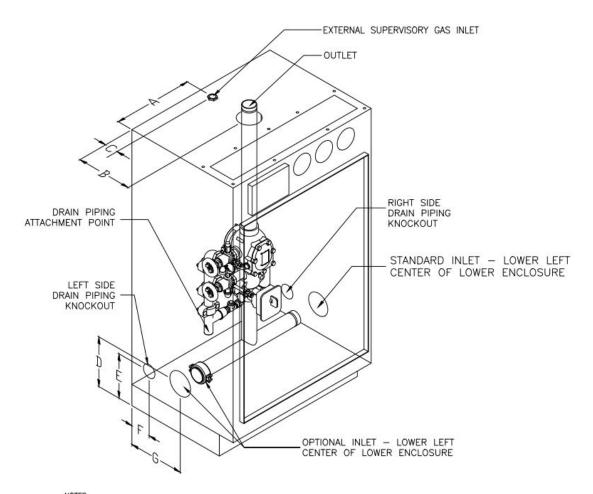
- **1.10.4.1. Preaction Valve.** Use Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N to guide the installation of inlet, outlet, and drain piping. See Figure 6 for details.
- **1.10.4.1.1. Inlet Piping.** Inlet piping may be attached to the **PREACTION-PAC™** in one of two locations:
- The standard connection is at the lower right center of the lower enclosure. The assembly is prepiped to accept inlet piping at this location. This location is labeled INLET. Remove the plastic protection cap from the inlet pipe, and use a field-supplied grooved coupling to make this connection.
- An optional connection at the lower left center of the lower enclosure. Remove the precut knockout from the lower left center of the lower enclosure. Remove the steel cap from the grooved coupling on the left side of the tee at the bottom of the enclosure. Attach the inlet piping to the left side of the tee using the grooved coupling. Remove the plastic protection cap from the lower right center inlet connection, and assemble the steel cap removed from the tee to the lower right connection using a field-supplied grooved coupling.



Failure to assemble the steel cap to the lower right center inlet will result in property damage due to water escaping from the lower right center inlet.

- **1.10.4.1.2. Outlet Piping.** Outlet piping is attached to the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] in one location; at the top center of the lower enclosure. This location is labeled OUTLET. Remove the plastic protection cap from the outlet pipe, and used a field-supplied grooved coupling to make this connection.
- **1.10.4.1.3. Drain Piping.** Drain piping is attached to the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] at a nipple located in the lower enclosure. The drain pipe may exit the enclosure on either the left or right side. Remove the precut knockout from the chosen side. Attach the drain pipe to the nipple with two field-supplied grooved couplings and a field-supplied grooved elbow.
- **1.10.4.1.4. External Supervisory Gas Inlet.** External supervisory gas inlet piping is attached to the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] in one location: the back center of the top surface of the lower enclosure. The connection point is a ½ NPT female bulkhead (through-wall) fitting. Make the field

connection by removing the red plastic plug and plumbing to the location with ½ inch pipe, typically either steel or copper. PLEASE NOTE: This inlet option is only present on configurations with a pressure maintenance device.



NOTES: 1. TRIM ELEMENTS AND UPPER ENCLOSURE REMOVED FOR CLARITY

Dimension	Assemblies with 1-1/2" thru 3" Preaction Valves	Assemblies with 4" Preaction Valves
А	15.00	15.00
В	10.50	12.50
С	9.36	9.86
D	8.36	8.86
E	3.75	5.75
F	10.50	12.50
	NOTE: All units are in inches.	

Figure 6 – Diagram - Piping Attachment Details

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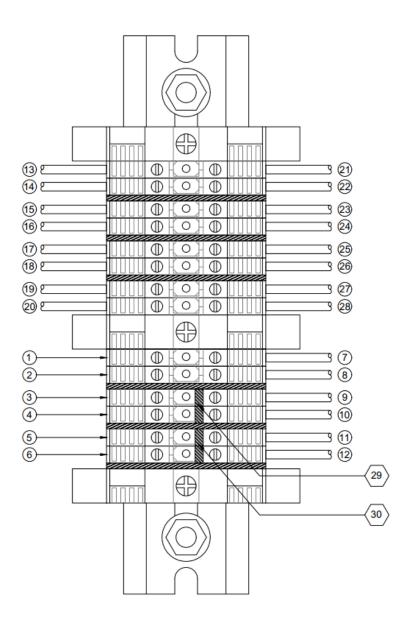
1.10.4.2. Terminal Strip and Control Panel. See Figure 7a and Figure 7b for information on connection to the terminal strip in the upper enclosure. Use Section 5 – Notifier manual 52985 to guide the installation of connections to the control panel. Terminals for 110VAC power accept qty. (1) 10 ga. max. conductor. NOTE: All conductors used for field wiring must comply with NFPA 70 – National Electrical Code, and control panel manufacturer's instructions (see Section 5). See Section 5 for information on power-limited conductor runs.



DO NOT drill or punch the upper enclosure to attach conduit. Use the knockouts supplied at the lower back of the upper enclosure. Failure to follow these instructions can result in damage to the control panel. UNITED Fire Systems will not be responsible for warranty adjustment of damaged control panels when these instructions are not followed.



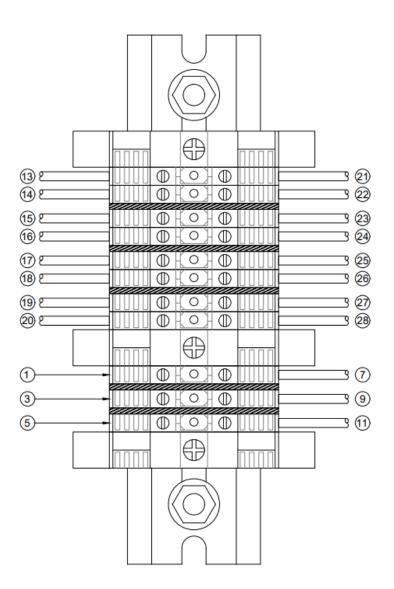
This assembly contains static-sensitive components. ALWAYS ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any electronic components or circuits. Failure to do so can lead to equipment damage from static electricity.

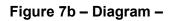




		LEGEND	
	F	IELD WIRING	
	NO JUMPER USED		COLOR OF TERMINAL BLOCK
1	DEDICATED 110 VAC GROUND FOR CONTROL PANEL (COMPRESSOR WILL ALSO BE GROUNDED THROUGH THIS TERMINAL)		GREEN/YELLOW
2	DEDICATED 110 VAC GROUND FOR AIR COMPRESSOR (USE ON	LY IF REQUIRED BY AHJ)	GREEN/YELLOW
	WITH JUMPER 29 IN PLACE	WITH JUMPER 29 REMOVED	
3	110 VAC NEUTRAL FOR CONTROL PANEL AND COMPRESSOR	110 VAC NEUTRAL FOR CONTROL PANEL ONLY	WHITE
4	DO NOT USE	110 VAC NEUTRAL FOR COMPRESSOR ONLY	WHITE
	WITH JUMPER 30 IN PLACE	WITH JUMPER 30 REMOVED	
5	110 VAC HOT FOR CONTROL PANEL AND COMPRESSOR	110 VAC HOT FOR CONTROL PANEL ONLY	BLACK
6	DO NOT USE	110 VAC HOT FOR COMPRESSOR ONLY	BLACK
	FA	CTORY WIRING	
7	110 VAC GROUND TO CONTROL PANEL		GREEN/YELLOW
8	110 VAC GROUND TO AIR COMPRESSOR		GREEN/YELLOW
9	110 VAC NEUTRALTO CONTROL PANEL		WHITE
10	110 VAC NEUTRAL TO AIR COMPRESSOR		WHITE
11	110 VAC HOT TO CONTROL PANEL		BLACK
12	110 VAC HOT TO AIR COMPRESSOR		BLACK
13	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (-) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		GRAY
14	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (+) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		RED
15	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		GRAY
16	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		GRAY
17	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENG	CLOSURE	BLUE
18	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER EI	NCLOSURE	BLUE
19	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		YELLOW
20	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE		YELLOW
21	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (-) TO CONTROL PANEL		GRAY
22	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (+) TO CONTROL PANEL		RED
23	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PANEL		GRAY
24	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PANEL		GRAY
25	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PAN	EL	BLUE
26	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PA	NEL	BLUE
27	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PANEL		YELLOW
28	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PANEL		YELLOW
		JUMPERS	
29	CONNECTS CONTROL PANEL & COMPRESSOR 110 VAC NEUTRA	AL CONDUCTORS - REMOVE TO SEPARATE	
30	CONNECTS CONTROL PANEL & COMPRESSOR 110 VAC HOT CO	NDUCTORS - REMOVE TO SEPARATE	

Legend for Figure 7a





Terminal Strip with Pressure Maintenance Device Wiring Detail

	LEGEND	
	FIELD WIRING	
		COLOR OF TERMINAL BLOCK
1	110 VAC GROUND FOR CONTROL PANEL	GREEN/YELLOW
3	110 VAC NEUTRAL FOR CONTROL PANEL	WHITE
5	110 VAC HOT FOR CONTROL PANEL	BLACK
	FACTORY WIRING	
7	110 VAC GROUND TO CONTROL PANEL	GREEN/YELLOW
9	110 VAC NEUTRALTO CONTROL PANEL	WHITE
11	110 VAC HOT TO CONTROL PANEL	BLACK
13	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (-) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	GRAY
14	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (+) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	RED
15	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	GRAY
16	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	GRAY
17	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	BLUE
18	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	BLUE
19	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	YELLOW
20	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) FROM LOWER ENCLOSURE	YELLOW
21	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (-) TO CONTROL PANEL	GRAY
22	PREACTION SOLENOID WIRING (+) TO CONTROL PANEL	RED
23	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PANEL	GRAY
24	LOW AIR SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PANEL	GRAY
25	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PANEL	BLUE
26	WATERFLOW SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PANEL	BLUE
27	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (NO) TO CONTROL PANEL	YELLOW
28	TAMPER SIGNAL SWITCH WIRING (COM) TO CONTROL PANEL	YELLOW

Legend for Figure 7b

1.10.4.2.1. Power. 110VAC, 3-wire, single-phase power is attached to the terminal strip in the upper enclosure. See Figure 7. Terminals for 110VAC power accept qty.(1) 10 ga. max. conductor. Current draw: With 1/6HP compressor = 11.3 amps; with 1/3HP compressor = 11.3 amps; with 1/2HP compressor = 12.7 amps; with pressure maintenance device = 4.7 amps.



Only qualified electricians should connect incoming power to the assembly. Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury.

- A. Turn off circuit breaker at the main power distribution panel.
- B. Connect service ground conductor to terminal marked GROUND.
- C. Connect primary neutral conductor to terminal marked NEUTRAL.
- D. Connect primary hot conductor to terminal marked HOT.
- 1.10.4.2.2. Backup Batteries. Calculate backup battery requirements, and connect backup batteries, per Section 5 – Notifier manual 52985. The upper enclosure is capable of holding batteries up to 26 A-h. If larger batteries are needed, use an external battery enclosure per Section 5 – Notifier manual 52985. The maximum battery capacity for this control panel is 26 A-h.
- **1.10.4.2.3. Fire Detectors (Initiating Devices).** Fire detectors (initiating devices), located in the area protected by the sprinklers connected to the **PREACTION-PAC**[™], are necessary to provide the signal to open the preaction valve. Refer to NFPA 72 for information on the number, type, and spacing of fire detectors. Install detectors, wiring, and panel connections per Section 5 Notifier manual 52985. All FM Approved systems / installations must be configured as Class A for Deluge and Preaction Releasing Service. The Notifier CAC-5 Class A Module is factory-installed on the control panel.
- 1.10.4.2.4. Audible / Visual Appliances (Indicating Devices). Audible / visual appliances (indicating devices), located in and around the area protected by the sprinklers connected to the PREACTION-PAC[™], are necessary to warn occupants that a fire has been detected. Refer to NFPA 72 for information on the number, type, and spacing of audible / visual appliances. Install audible / visual devices, wiring, and panel connections per Section 5 Notifier manual 52985.
- 1.10.4.2.5. Building Fire Alarm Systems. In buildings with fire alarm systems separate from the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] detection system, most national and local codes and authorities having jurisdiction require the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] to provide signals to the building fire alarm system. The Notifier control panel installed in the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] contains dry contacts capable of providing the necessary signals. Install audible / visual devices, wiring, and panel connections per Section 5 Notifier manual 52985.
- **1.10.4.2.6. Other Connections.** From time to time, additional signals from the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] control panel may be required. Such signals can be associated with building management systems, equipment shutdown, or security notification. Additional dry contacts may be needed to satisfy all of these requirements.
- **1.10.4.3. Compressor.** Where applicable. See Figure 7a. 110VAC, 3-wire, single-phase power is attached to the terminal strip in the upper enclosure. The compressor power is factory-wired to the terminal strip in the upper enclosure. In the default configuration, the same 110VAC source used for the control panel serves for the compressor. If the local authority having jurisdiction requires separate power sources for the control panel and the compressor, jumpers can be removed from the terminal strip. The compressor pressure outlet is factory-attached to the system piping within the lower enclosure.

- **1.10.5. Prior To Placing In Service.** Before placing the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] in service, perform the following steps. Ensure that all discrepancies are corrected before proceeding to the next step.
- **1.10.5.1.** Ensure the entire system is installed per the latest revision of all applicable shop drawings.
- **1.10.5.2.** Ensure all testing has been performed on the sprinkler piping per the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction and NFPA 13.
- **1.10.5.3.** Use Section 5 Notifier manual 52985 to perform all preliminary tests on the control panel, field wiring, and field devices.
- **1.10.5.4.** Use Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N to perform all preliminary tests on the preaction valve, trim, and sprinkler piping.
- **1.10.5.5.** Perform all tests required to be witnessed by the authority having jurisdiction. Obtain AHJ approval of the installation.

1.10.6. Placing In Service.

- **1.10.6.1.** Verify that the control panel is indicating POWER ON, with no alarm or trouble indicators illuminated, and no error messages on the display.
- **1.10.6.2.** Verify that the water supply is on.
- **1.10.6.3.** Using Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N, verify that all valves are in the proper position for inservice status. Verify that the three pressure gauges on the front of the lower enclosure are indicating expected values within expected limits.
- **1.10.6.4.** Ensure that the owner of the system has received adequate introductory training.
- **1.10.6.5.** Turn over this manual and the enclosure door keys to the owner. The manual may be stored in the pocket on the inside of the lower enclosure door.

1.11. Operation.

1.11.1. Automatic. Fully automatic operation of the system will be conducted by the control panel. Power from 110VAC and / or batteries is required for the control panel to function in this way. No manual intervention is required for the control panel to perform its functions. Manual intervention to acknowledge and silence signals may be performed. Refer to Section 5 – Notifier manual 52985 for information on signals.



Fusing of a sprinkler head by heat is necessary for water to be discharged onto a fire, even after operation of automatic fire detectors.

1.11.2. Manual. Manual operation of the preaction valve is accomplished with the manual release valve. Open the door marked IN CASE OF FIRE OPEN DOOR AND PULL LEVER. No key is needed to open this door. Pull the lever. No power is needed to open the preaction valve in this manner. The door may not be closed until the lever is restored to its normal position.



Fusing of a sprinkler head by heat is necessary for water to be discharged onto a fire, even after operation of the manual station valve.

- **1.11.3. Restoring To Service.** After automatic or manual system operation, follow instructions in Section 2 Victaulic manual I-769N and Section 5 Notifier manual 52985 to restore the individual parts of the **PREACTION-PAC**[™] to service.
- **1.12.** Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance. Regular inspection, testing and maintenance of the **PREACTION-PAC™** assembly is essential to the assembly's continued proper operation. Follow all instructions in the documents described in this section. Pay particular attention to the required minimum interval for each item of inspection, testing, and maintenance. The owner of the system (or their designated representative) is responsible for the overall condition of the system, and ensuring that all inspection, testing, and maintenance items are conducted as recommended.



The UNITED Fire Systems PREACTION-PAC[™] sprinkler valve assembly is a vital part of the fire protection of any facility where these units are installed. Life safety and property protection depends on continuing proper operation of the assembly. The owner of the PREACTION-PAC[™] is responsible for the condition of the assembly and its continued proper operation. UNITED Fire Systems strongly recommends that all owners of PREACTION-PAC[™] engage the services of qualified, trained fire protection professionals to inspect, test, maintain, and repair the assembly.

- **1.12.1. Inspection.** Inspection involves carrying out a set of procedures to discover and note any and all discrepancies that could render the system impaired, inoperative, or ineffective. The result of an inspection is a comprehensive list of these discrepancies. Inspection does not specifically include maintenance or repair; however, maintenance and repair can be and usually is conducted at the time of inspection.
- **1.12.2. Testing.** Testing involves carrying out procedures to discover if tested components function as intended. Testing is an integral part of performing inspection. Testing is also done after the performance of some maintenance procedures.
- **1.12.3. Maintenance.** Maintenance involves carrying out procedures to ensure that maintained components continue to function as intended. Maintenance is usually preventive in nature. Maintenance can be conducted during inspection.
- **1.12.4. Repair.** Repair involves carrying out procedures to correct the deficiencies found during inspection, or as a result of other events such as system actuation or control panel trouble / alarm signals.

1.12.5. Documents Relevant To Inspection, Testing, Maintenance, and Repair.

- **1.12.5.1.** Victaulic Manual I-769N.
- 1.12.5.2. General Air Products Manual OILLESSINST.
- **1.12.5.3.** United Fire Systems Instruction Sheet UFS-710.
- 1.12.5.4. Notifier manual 52985.
- **1.12.5.5.** National Fire Protection Association No. 25, "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems."
- 1.12.5.6. National Fire Protection Association No. 72, "National Fire Alarm Code®"

SECTION 2

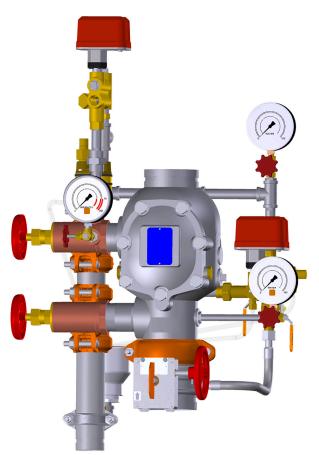
Victaulic Manual I-769N

Firelock NXT Preaction Valve

Victaulic[®] Series 769N FireLock NXT[™] Actuated Valve with Preaction Trim

Non-Interlocked Pneumatic Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator Non-Interlocked Pneumatic/Electric Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator and Series 753-E Solenoid Valve Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator Single-Interlocked Electric Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve Double-Interlocked Electric (Electric-Pneumatic/Electric) Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve Electric Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve and Redundant Solenoid Valve LPCB

KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS WITH THE INSTALLED VALVE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE



Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Trim Shown



 Depressurize and drain piping systems before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or perform maintenance on any Victaulic piping products.

• Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

• Save this installation, maintenance, and testing manual for future reference.

Failure to follow instructions and warnings could cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



SERIES 769N FIRELOCK NXT[™] ACTUATED VALVE WITH PREACTION TRIM

THIS QUICK REFERENCE SECTION IS FOR PLACING THE SYSTEM IN SERVICE AND FOR PERFORMING WATER FLOW ALARM TESTS.

AN EXPERIENCED, TRAINED INSTALLER MUST READ AND UNDERSTAND THE FULL CONTENTS OF THIS MANUAL AND ALL WARNING MESSAGES BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO PLACE THE SYSTEM INTO SERVICE.

INITIAL SYSTEM SETUP

NOTICE

Before proceeding with initial system setup, verify that the following steps have been completed:

- Verify that the system air feed piping is connected to the location indicated on the trim drawing.
- FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SOLENOID VALVE: Verify that an approved control panel is installed for proper system operation.

Step 1:

Confirm that all system drains are shut and that the system is free of leaks.

Step 2:

Confirm that the system has been depressurized. The gauges should indicate zero pressure.

Step 2a: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, confirm that the isolation ball valve is closed.

Step 2b: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, open the ¼-turn vent ball valve.

Step 3:

Confirm that the alarm test ball valve is closed.

Step 4:

For single-interlocked electric and double-interlocked electric (electric-pneumatic/electric) release trim, open the charge line ball valve. Allow water to flow through the auto drain tube, then proceed to step E5a. For trim equipped with a Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator, proceed to step P5a.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR:

Step P5a: Charge the system with air by turning on the compressor or by opening the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA. Charge the system to 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar minimum.

Step P5b: When the system reaches approximately 10 psi/69 kPa/0.7 Bar, and no additional moisture is being released from the Auto Vent, pull up on the Auto Vent Sleeve of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator. **NOTE:** The Auto Vent Screw should seal and remain in the set ("UP") position.

Step P5c: When system air pressure is established, close the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

Step P5d: Open the slow-fill ball value on the AMTA. **NOTE:** Failure to leave the slow-fill ball value open may allow system pressure to drop, resulting in value operation in the event of a system leak.

Step P5e: Open the charge line ball valve. Allow water to flow through the auto drain tube.

Step P5f: Pull up on the auto drain sleeve.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SOLENOID VALVE:

Step E5a: Confirm that the solenoid is closed (de-energized).

Step E5b: Confirm that water is not flowing through the solenoid valve.

Step 6:

Open the manual pull station valve to bleed off any air that is present, then close the manual pull station valve. Verify that the charge line pressure is equal to the supply pressure, and verify that the auto drain is set by pulling up on the auto drain sleeve.

Step 6a: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, close the ¹/₄-turn vent ball valve.

Step 6b: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, open the isolation ball valve. This will set the accelerator.

Step 7:

Open the water supply main drain valve.

Step 8:

Open the water supply main control valve slowly until water flows steadily from the open water supply main drain valve.

Step 9:

Close the water supply main drain valve when a steady flow of water occurs.

Step 10:

Open the water supply main control valve fully.

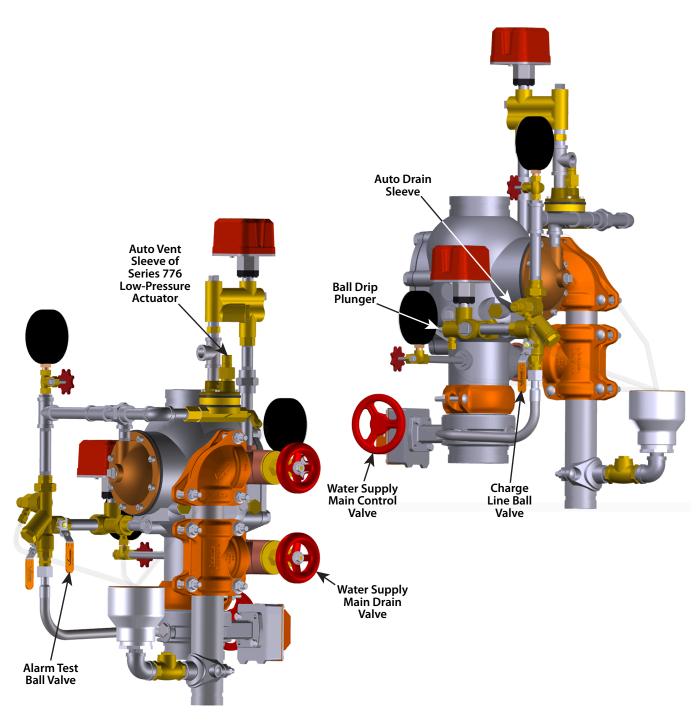
Step 11:

Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table below).

NORMAL OPERATING POSITIONS FOR VALVES

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
¼-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed



Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Trim Shown

WATER FLOW ALARM TEST

Perform the water flow alarm test on a frequency required by the current NFPA-25 code. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the water flow alarm test will be performed.
- 2. Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- **3.** Close the water supply main drain valve.
- 4. Open the alarm test ball valve. Confirm that mechanical and electrical alarms are activated and that remote monitoring stations, if provided, receive an alarm signal.
- 5. Close the alarm test ball valve after verifying proper operation of all alarms.
- 6. Push in the ball drip plunger on the alarm manifold assembly to verify that there is no pressure in the alarm line.
- 7. Verify that all alarms stopped sounding, that the alarm line drained properly, and that remote station alarms reset properly.
- 8. Confirm that the ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly is not leaking water or air.
- 9. Provide test results to the authority having jurisdiction, if required.

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HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Definitions for identifying the various hazard levels are provided below. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of personal injury. Carefully read and fully understand the message that follows.

WARNING

 The use of the word "WARNING" identifies the presence of hazards or unsafe practices that could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage if instructions are not followed.

• The use of the word "CAUTION" identifies possible hazards or unsafe practices that could result in personal injury and product or property damage if instructions are not followed.

NOTICE

• The use of the word "NOTICE" identifies special instructions that are important but not related to hazards.

INSTALLER SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING



- An experienced, trained installer must install this product in accordance with all instructions. These instructions contain important information.
- Depressurize and drain the piping system before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain any Victaulic piping products.

Failure to follow these instructions can cause product failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Read and understand all instructions and refer to the trim diagrams before installing, maintaining, or testing this Victaulic Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve with Preaction Trim. For proper operation and approval, the Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve and accessories must be installed in accordance with the specific trim diagrams included with the shipment.
- 2. Use only recommended accessories. Accessories and equipment that are not approved for use with this actuated valve may cause improper system operation and property damage.
- **3.** Wear safety glasses, hardhat, foot protection, and hearing protection. Wear hearing protection if you are exposed to long periods of noisy jobsite operations.
- **4. Prevent back injury.** Valve assemblies require more than one person (or mechanical lifting equipment) to position and install the assembly. Always practice proper lifting techniques.
- 5. Keep work areas clean. Keep the work area clean and well lit, and allow enough space to accommodate proper installation of the valve, trim, and accessories.
- 6. Avoid pinch points. Due to the weight of the valve body, use caution around pinch points and spring-loaded components (i.e. clapper assembly) in order to prevent bodily injury.



IMPORTANT INSTALLATION INFORMATION

- 1. Confirm that adequate space is available for valve, trim, and accessories. Refer to page 8 for dimensional information.
- 2. Flush water supply piping. Before installing the Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve, flush the water supply piping thoroughly to remove all foreign material.
- **3. Protect system from freezing temperatures.** Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valves and supply piping MUST NOT be located in an area where the valve can be exposed to freezing temperatures or mechanical damage.
- 4. Confirm material compatibility. It is the system designer's responsibility to confirm material compatibility of the Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve, trim, and associated accessories when a corrosive environment or contaminated water is present.
- 5. Supply air or nitrogen to the system. Air or nitrogen supply to the piping system must be clean, dry, and oil-free and must be regulated, restricted, and uninterrupted. Refer to the "Air Supply Requirements" section. Observe the system air pressure over a 24-hour period to confirm system integrity. If there is degradation in system air pressure, find and correct all leaks. NOTE: NFPA requires less than 1½-psi/10-kPa/0.1-Bar leakage in 24 hours.
- 6. Supply water to the system. Supply pressure to the charge line by providing an uninterrupted source of water from upstream of the main control valve. When an uninterrupted water flow alarm is required, Victaulic recommends the use of a low-pressure alarm installed on the charge line downstream of the priming manifold assembly.
- 7. Pitch the water supply piping. Per NFPA 13 requirements, piping must be pitched so that systems can drain properly. For areas that are subject to high levels of condensation, or where piping is not properly pitched, an optional Series 75D Water Column Device kit is available to assist in automatically draining water out of the riser.
- 8. IF THE INLET WATER SUPPLY IS INTERRUPTED FOR ANY REASON, AND SYSTEM SUPPLY PRESSURE TO THE VALVE DECREASES, ENSURE THAT THE CHARGE LINE IS FULLY PRESSURIZED BEFORE PLACING THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE.

A WARNING

HYDROSTATIC TESTING



If air testing is required, DO NOT exceed 50 psi/345 kPa/3.4 Bar air pressure.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Maximum working pressure of valve:

• 300 psi/2065 kPa/20.7 Bar

Valve is factory tested to:

• 600 psi/4135 kPa/4.1 Bar (all sizes)

The valve can be hydrostatically tested against the clapper at:

 200 psi/1380 kPa/13.8 Bar or 50 psi/345 kPa/3.4 Bar above the normal water supply pressure (2-hour limited time period) for acceptance by the authority having jurisdiction

RECEIVING THE SHIPMENT

NOTICE

- Drawings and/or pictures in this manual may be exaggerated for clarity.
- This product and this installation, maintenance, and testing manual contain trademarks, copyrights, and/or patented features that are the exclusive property of Victaulic.

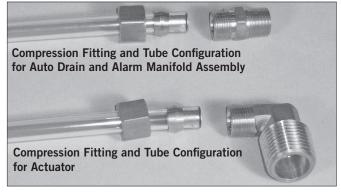
The components shaded in orange on the following two pages are shipped separate from the valve and must be installed in accordance with the trim drawing provided. **NOTE:** The Vic-Quick Riser (VQR) assembly is shown.

- Ensure that all components are included in the shipment and that all necessary tools are available for installation. Verify that the provided trim drawing matches the system's requirements.
- 2. Remove all plastic caps and foam spacers from the valve.

- Ensure that all protective shipping items are removed from the interior and exterior of the valve body before installation.
- Ensure that no foreign material gets into the valve body, pipe nipples, or valve openings.
- If using any material other than PTFE thread sealant tape, use extra caution so that material does not enter the trim.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause improper valve operation, resulting in personal injury and property damage.

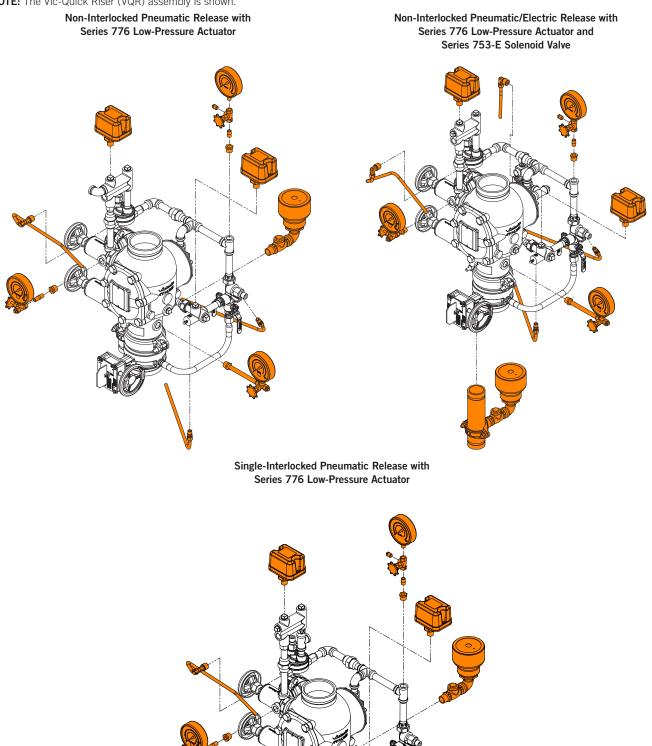
- Install the valve assembly into the riser with two Victaulic rigid couplings. Refer to the instructions, supplied with the coupling, for complete installation requirements. SERIES 769N FIRELOCK NXT ACTUATED VALVES MUST BE INSTALLED ONLY IN THE VERTICAL POSITION WITH THE ARROW ON THE BODY POINTING UPWARD.
- **4.** For components shipped separate from the valve, apply a small amount of pipe joint compound or PTFE thread sealant tape to the external threads of all threaded connections. DO NOT get any tape, compound, or other foreign material into the openings of the threaded connections.



 Compression fittings and tubes are provided for connection from the outlet of the auto drain, alarm manifold assembly, and actuator to the drip cup or drain. Install the compression fittings in accordance with the trim drawing provided. NEVER INSERT A PLUG INTO THE OUTLET OF THE AUTO DRAIN, ALARM MANIFOLD ASSEMBLY, OR ACTUATOR IN PLACE OF THE COMPRESSION FITTING/TUBE.

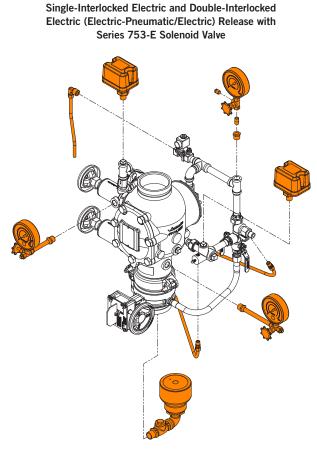


The components shaded in orange below are shipped separate from the valve and must be installed in accordance with the trim drawing provided. **NOTE:** The Vic-Quick Riser (VQR) assembly is shown.

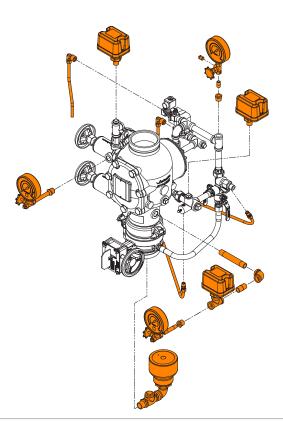




The components shaded in orange below are shipped separate from the valve and must be installed in accordance with the trim drawing provided. **NOTE:** The Vic-Quick Riser (VQR) assembly is shown.

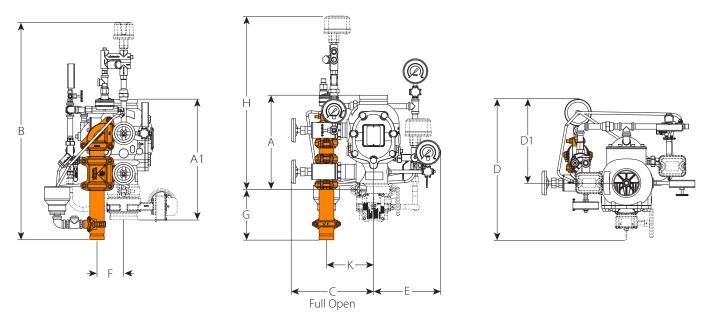


Electric Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve and Redundant Solenoid Valve LPCB





TRIM DIMENSIONS



A 4-INCH/114.3-MM VALVE WITH SINGLE-INTERLOCKED PNEUMATIC RELEASE PREACTION TRIM IS SHOWN BELOW 1½ – 2-INCH/48.3 – 60.3-MM CONFIGURATIONS CONTAIN ¾-INCH/19-MM DRAIN VALVES 2½ – 3-INCH/73.0 – 88.9-MM CONFIGURATIONS CONTAIN 1¼-INCH/31-MM DRAIN VALVES 4 – 8-INCH/114.3 – 219.1-MM CONFIGURATIONS CONTAIN 2-INCH/50-MM DRAIN VALVES

NOTES:

The drawings shown above reflect the single-interlocked pneumatic release trim with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator. In addition, these dimensions can be applied to all other trim configurations featured within this manual.

The "A" dimension is the actual takeout dimension of the valve body.

The "A1" dimension is the actual takeout dimension of the valve body with water supply main control valve.

For systems with the optional Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator, add 11.50 inches/292 mm to the "B" dimension to account for the additional height.

The "D" and "D1" dimensions are not fixed measurements. The drip cup can be rotated to provide more clearance at the back of the trim.

Components shown as dotted lines denote optional equipment.

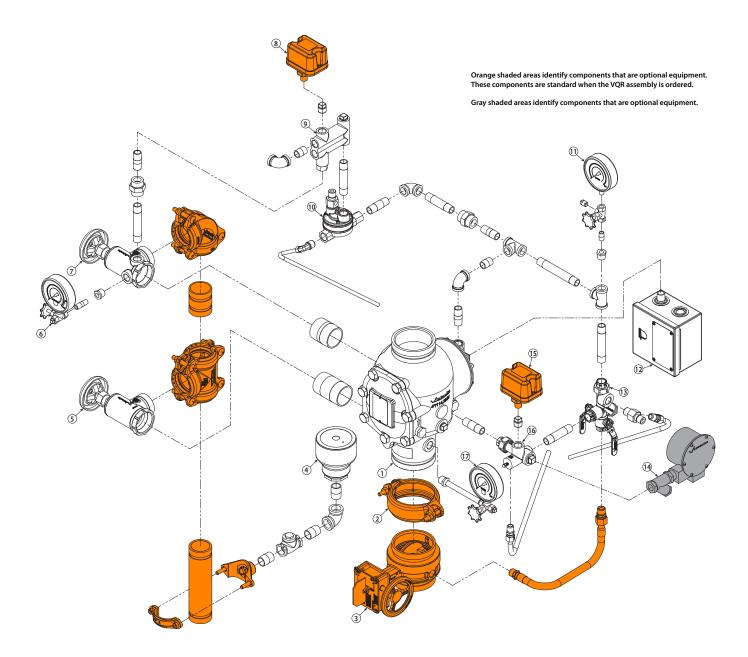
The recommended drain connection kit (shaded in orange) is for reference and takeout dimensions. This drain connection comes standard when the VQR assembly is ordered.

Nominal	Dimensions – inches/mm							Approx Weight Each Ibs/kg					
Size inches or mm	А	A1	В	с	D	D1	E	F	G	н	к	Without Trim	With Trim
1 1⁄2	9.00	16.37	34.25	9.25	16.25	11.00	9.00	3.25	10.25	24.00	6.00	16.7	43.0
	228.60	415.80	870	235	413	279	229	83	260	610	152	7.6	19.5
2	9.00	13.83	34.25	9.25	17.50	11.00	9.00	3.25	10.25	24.00	6.00	17.0	43.0
	228.60	351.28	870	235	445	279	229	83	260	610	152	7.7	19.5
21/2	12.61	16.51	35.75	11.25	20.00	12.50	9.50	4.00	9.75	26.00	6.50	41.0	65.0
	320.29	419.35	908	286	508	318	241	102	248	660	165	18.7	29.5
76.1 mm	12.61	16.51	35.75	11.25	20.00	12.50	9.50	4.00	9.75	26.00	6.50	41.0	65.0
	320.29	419.35	908	286	508	318	241	102	248	660	165	18.7	29.5
3	12.61	16.51	35.75	11.25	20.00	12.50	9.50	4.00	9.75	26.00	6.50	41.0	65.0
	320.29	419.35	908	286	508	318	241	102	248	660	165	18.7	29.5
4	15.03	19.85	36.50	13.50	22.25	13.50	11.00	4.75	8.50	28.00	8.00	59.0	95.0
	381.76	504.19	927	343	565	343	279	121	216	711	203	26.7	43.0
165.1 mm	16.00	22.13	36.75	14.00	24.50	13.25	11.00	4.50	8.25	28.50	8.25	80.0	116.0
	406.40	562.10	933	356	622	337	279	114	210	724	210	36.2	52.6
6	16.00	22.13	36.75	14.00	24.50	13.25	11.00	4.50	8.25	28.50	8.25	80.0	116.0
	406.40	562.10	933	356	622	337	279	114	210	724	210	36.2	52.6
8	17.50	23.02	39.50	14.75	27.00	13.50	12.25	4.75	8.25	31.25	9.25	122.0	158.0
	444.50	584.71	1003	375	686	343	311	121	210	794	235	55.3	71.6

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TRIM COMPONENTS – EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING

Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve - Non-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Preaction Trim with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator



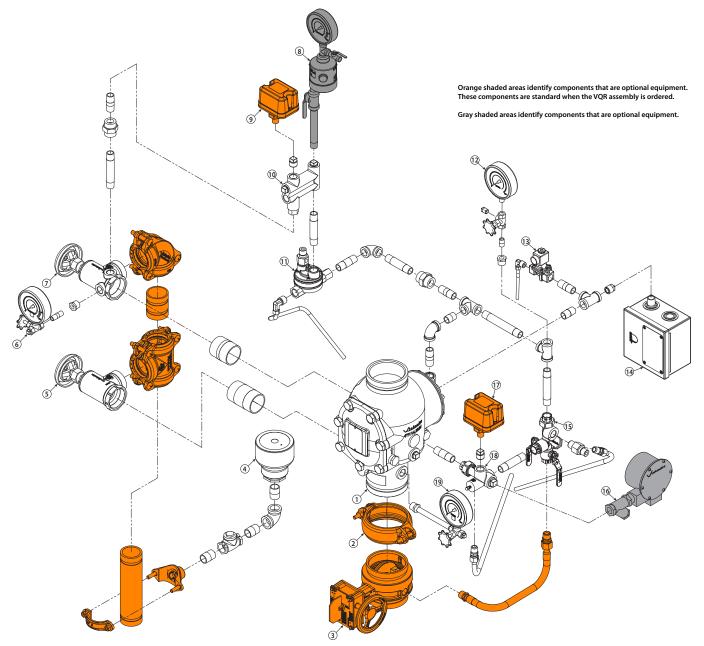
Item	Description		
1	Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve		
2	FireLock Rigid Coupling		
3	Water Supply Main Control Valve		
4	Drip Cup		
5	Water Supply Main Drain Valve – Flow Test		
6	System Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		
7	System Main Drain Valve		
8	Air Supervisory Pressure Switch		
9	Air Manifold		

Item	Description		
10	Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator		
11	Charge Line Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		
12	Series 755 Manual Pull Station		
13	Priming Manifold Assembly		
14	Series 760 Water Motor Alarm Assembly		
15	Alarm Pressure Switch		
16	Alarm Manifold Assembly		
17	Water Supply Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		



TRIM COMPONENTS – EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING

Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve - Non-Interlocked Pneumatic/Electric Release Preaction Trim with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator and Series 753-E Solenoid Valve

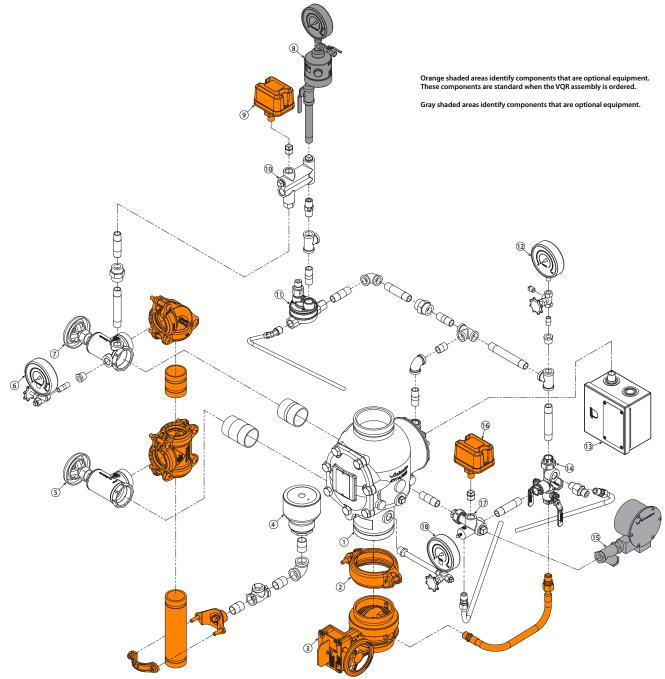


Item	Description			
1	Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve			
2	FireLock Rigid Coupling			
3	Water Supply Main Control Valve			
4	Drip Cup			
5	Water Supply Main Drain Valve – Flow Test			
6	System Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly			
7	System Main Drain Valve			
8	Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator			
9	Air Supervisory Pressure Switch			
10	Air Manifold			

Item	Description	
11	Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator	
12	Charge Line Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly	
13	Series 753-E Solenoid Valve	
14	Series 755 Manual Pull Station	
15	Priming Manifold Assembly	
16	Series 760 Water Motor Alarm Assembly	
17	Alarm Pressure Switch	
18	Alarm Manifold Assembly	
19	Water Supply Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly	



TRIM COMPONENTS – EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve - Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Preaction Trim with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator

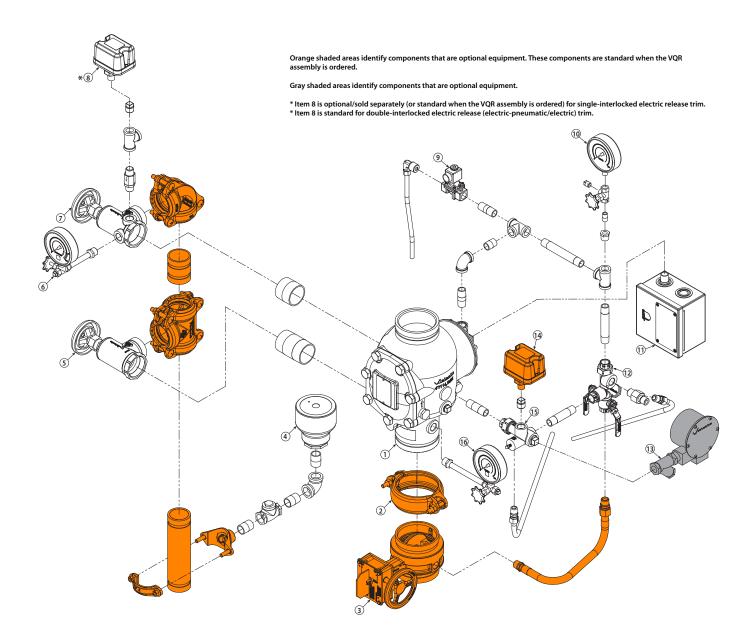


Item	Description	Item	Description
1	Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve	10	Air Manifold
2	FireLock Rigid Coupling	11	Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator
3	Water Supply Main Control Valve	12	Charge Line Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly
4	Drip Cup	13	Series 755 Manual Pull Station
5	Water Supply Main Drain Valve – Flow Test	14	Priming Manifold Assembly
6	System Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly	15	Series 760 Water Motor Alarm Assembly
7	System Main Drain Valve	16	Alarm Pressure Switch
8	Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator	17	Alarm Manifold Assembly
9	Air Supervisory Pressure Switch	18	Water Supply Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly



TRIM COMPONENTS - EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING

Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve - Single-Interlocked Electric and Double-Interlocked Electric (Electric-Pneumatic/Electric) Release Preaction Trim with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve



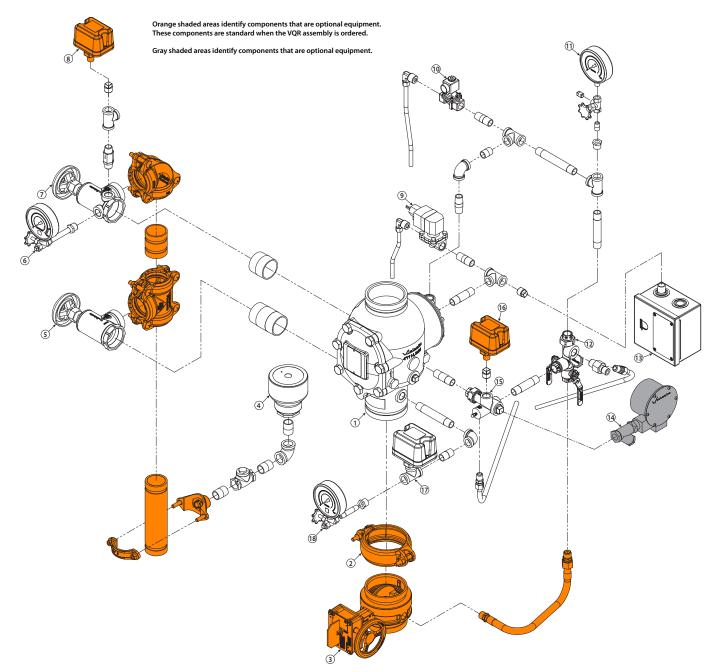
Item	Description		
1	Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve		
2	FireLock Rigid Coupling		
3	Water Supply Main Control Valve		
4	Drip Cup		
5	Water Supply Main Drain Valve – Flow Test		
6	System Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		
7	System Main Drain Valve		
8	Air Supervisory Pressure Switch (See Notes Above)		

Item	Description		
9	Series 753-E Solenoid Valve		
10	Charge Line Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		
11	Series 755 Manual Pull Station		
12	Priming Manifold Assembly		
13	Series 760 Water Motor Alarm Assembly		
14	Alarm Pressure Switch		
15	Alarm Manifold Assembly		
16	Water Supply Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly		



TRIM COMPONENTS – EXPLODED VIEW DRAWING Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve - Electric Release Preaction Trim with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve and Redundant Solenoid Valve

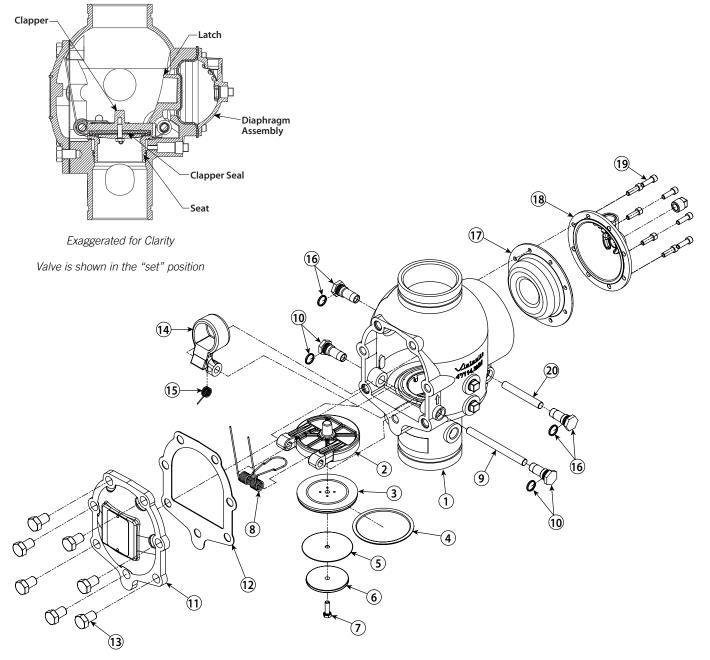




Item	Description	Item	Description
1	Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve	10	Series 753-E Solenoid Valve
2	FireLock Rigid Coupling	11	Charge Line Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly
3	Water Supply Main Control Valve	12	Priming Manifold Assembly
4	Drip Cup	13	Series 755 Manual Pull Station
5	Water Supply Main Drain Valve – Flow Test	14	Series 760 Water Motor Alarm Assembly
6	System Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly	15	Alarm Manifold Assembly
7	System Main Drain Valve	16	Alarm Pressure Switch
8	Air Supervisory Pressure Switch	17	Low Water Pressure Switch
9	Redundant Solenoid Valve	18	Water Supply Pressure Gauge/Gauge Valve Assembly



INTERNAL VALVE COMPONENTS - SECTION VIEW AND EXPLODED VIEW DRAWINGS





Item	Description			
1	Valve Body			
2	Clapper			
3	Clapper Seal			
4	Seal Ring			
5	Seal Washer*			
6	Seal Retaining Ring			
7	Seal Assembly Bolt			
8	Clapper Spring			
9	Clapper Shaft			
10	Clapper Shaft Bushing and O-Ring (Qty. 2)			
Item 5 (Seal Washer) is not used in 1½-inch/48.3-mm and 2-inch/60.3-mm valve sizes.				

Item	Description		
11	Cover Plate		
12	Cover Plate Gasket		
13	Cover Plate Bolts		
14	Latch		
15	Latch Spring		
16	Latch Spring Bushing and O-Ring (Qty. 2)		
17	Diaphragm		
18	Diaphragm Cover		
19	Diaphragm Cover Cap Screws (Qty. 8)		
20	Latch Shaft		

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AIR SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

The required air pressure for Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valves is 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar minimum, regardless of the system supply water pressure. Normal air pressure should not exceed 20 psi/138 kPa/1.4 Bar. Failure to maintain air pressure within the 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar to 18 psi/124 kPa/1.2 Bar range may delay system operation response time.

The Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator must be used only on systems operating below 20 psi/138 kPa/1.4 Bar of air. If air pressure is higher than 20 psi/138 kPa/1.4 Bar, the Series 746 Dry Accelerator should be used.

If multiple Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valves are installed with a common air supply, isolate the systems with a spring-loaded, soft-seated ball check valve to ensure air integrity for each system. Good practice is to include a ball valve for isolation and service of each individual system.

The engineer/system designer is responsible for sizing the compressor so that the entire system is charged to the required air pressure within 30 minutes. DO NOT oversize the compressor to provide more airflow. An oversized compressor will slow down or possibly prevent valve operation.

If the compressor fills the system too fast, it may be necessary to restrict the air supply. Restricting the air supply will ensure that air being exhausted from an open sprinkler or manual release valve is not replaced by the air supply system as fast as it is being exhausted.

BASE- OR RISER-MOUNTED AIR COMPRESSORS

For base- or riser-mounted air compressors, the recommended air pressure of 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar is the "on" or "low" pressure setting for the compressor. The "off" or "high" pressure setting should be 18 psi/124 kPa/1.2 Bar.

When a base- or riser-mounted air compressor supplies air to a Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve, it is not necessary to install the Victaulic Series 757 Regulated Air Maintenance Trim Assembly (AMTA). In this case, the air line of the compressor connects to the trim at the fitting where the Series 757 Regulated AMTA is installed normally (refer to the applicable trim drawing). If the compressor is not equipped with a pressure switch, the Series 757P Air Maintenance Trim Assembly with Pressure Switch should be installed.

NOTICE

• Victaulic recommends a maximum of two Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valves per Series 757 Regulated AMTA or Series 757P AMTA with Pressure Switch.

SHOP AIR OR TANK-MOUNTED AIR COMPRESSORS

In the event a compressor becomes inoperative, a properly sized tank-mounted air compressor provides the greatest protection for systems.

When shop air or a tank-mounted air compressor is used, the Series 757 Regulated AMTA must be installed. The Series 757 Regulated AMTA provides proper air regulation from the air reservoir to the sprinkler system.

For tank-mounted air compressors, the recommended air pressure of 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar should be used as the set point for the air regulator. The "on" pressure of the compressor should be at least 5 psi/34 kPa/0.3 Bar above the set point of the air regulator.

COMPRESSOR REQUIREMENTS AND SETTINGS FOR A SERIES 769N FIRELOCK NXT ACTUATED VALVE INSTALLED WITH A SERIES 746-LPA DRY ACCELERATOR

Set the air regulator of the Series 757 Regulated AMTA to a minimum of 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar.

The Series 757P Air Maintenance Trim Assembly with Pressure Switch MUST NOT be used on a Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve installed with a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator, unless a tank and air regulator are added.

In the event a compressor becomes inoperative, a properly sized tank-mounted air compressor provides the greatest protection for systems installed with a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator. In this situation, air can be supplied continuously to the sprinkler system for an extended time period. **NOTE:** The Series 757 Regulated AMTA should be used with a tank-mounted air compressor to supply air to a Series 769N FireLock NXT Actuated Valve when the Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is used. The use of an air regulator with a base- or riser-mounted air compressor could cause short cycling, resulting in premature wear of the compressor.

The air regulator of the Series 757 Regulated AMTA is a relief-type design. Any pressure in the system that is above the set point of the air regulator will be released. Therefore, charging the air regulator above the set point could cause premature operation of a valve installed with a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator.

SETTINGS FOR AIR SUPERVISORY PRESSURE SWITCHES AND ALARM PRESSURE SWITCHES

- 1. Air supervisory pressure switches are required for preaction systems and must be set according to the following notes. **NOTE:** Switches for VQR assemblies are pre-set at the factory.
 - **1a.** Wire the air supervisory pressure switches to activate a low-pressure alarm signal. **NOTE:** In addition, the local authority having jurisdiction may require a high-pressure alarm. Contact the local authority having jurisdiction for this requirement.
 - **1b.** Set the air supervisory pressure switches to activate at 2 4 psi/14 28 kPa/0.1 0.3 Bar below the minimum air pressure required (but not lower than 10 psi/69 kPa/0.7 Bar).
 - 1c. Wire the alarm pressure switch to activate a water flow alarm.
 - 1d. Set the alarm pressure switch to activate on a pressure rise of 4 8 psi/28 55 kPa/0.3 0.6 Bar.



SECTION I

Initial System Setup



INITIAL SYSTEM SETUP

NOTICE

Before proceeding with initial system setup, verify that the following steps have been completed:

- Verify that the system air feed piping is connected to the location indicated on the trim drawing.
- FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SOLENOID VALVE: Verify that an approved control panel is installed for proper system operation.

Step 1:

Confirm that all system drains are shut and that the system is free of leaks.

Step 2:

Confirm that the system has been depressurized. The gauges should indicate zero pressure.

Step 2a: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, confirm that the isolation ball valve is closed.

Step 2b: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, open the $\frac{1}{4}$ -turn vent ball valve.

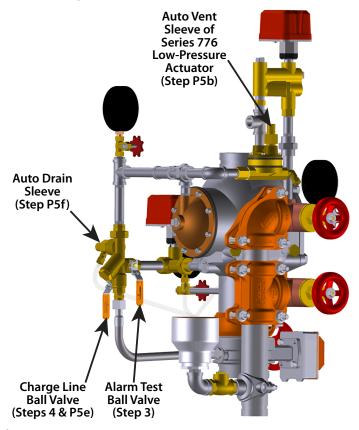
Step 3:

Confirm that the alarm test ball valve is closed.

Step 4:

For single-interlocked electric and double-interlocked electric (electricpneumatic/electric) release trim, open the charge line ball valve. Allow water to flow through the auto drain tube, then proceed to step E5a. For trim equipped with a Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator, proceed to step P5a.

Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Trim Shown



FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR:

Step P5a: Charge the system with air by turning on the compressor or by opening the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA. Charge the system to 13 psi/90 kPa/0.9 Bar minimum. Refer to the "Air Supply Requirements" section.

Step P5b: When the system reaches approximately 10 psi/69 kPa/ 0.7 Bar, and no additional moisture is being released from the Auto Vent, pull up on the Auto Vent Sleeve of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator. **NOTE:** The Auto Vent Screw should seal and remain in the set ("UP") position.

Step P5c: When system air pressure is established, close the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

Step P5d: Open the slow-fill ball valve on the AMTA. **NOTE:** Failure to leave the slow-fill ball valve open may allow system pressure to drop, resulting in valve operation in the event of a system leak.

Step P5e: Open the charge line ball valve. Allow water to flow through the auto drain tube.

Step P5f: Pull up on the auto drain sleeve.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SOLENOID VALVE:

Step E5a: Confirm that the solenoid is closed (de-energized).

Step E5b: Confirm that water is not flowing through the solenoid valve.

Step 6:

Open the manual pull station valve to bleed off any air that is present, then close the manual pull station valve. Verify that the charge line pressure is equal to the supply pressure, and verify that the auto drain is set by pulling up on the auto drain sleeve.

Step 6a: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, close the ¼-turn vent ball valve.

Step 6b: If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, open the isolation ball valve. This will set the accelerator.



INITIAL SYSTEM SETUP (CONTINUED)

Step 7:

Open the water supply main drain valve.

Step 8:

Open the water supply main control valve slowly until water flows steadily from the open water supply main drain valve.

Step 9:

Close the water supply main drain valve when a steady flow of water occurs.

Step 10:

Open the water supply main control valve fully.

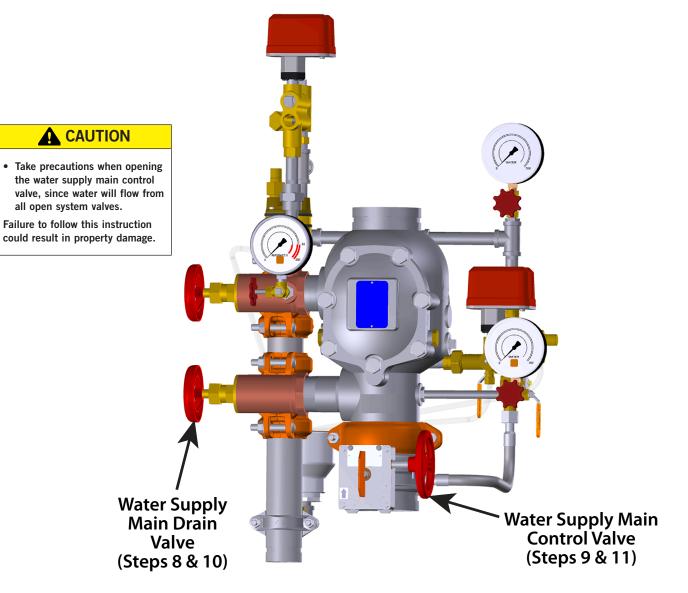
Step 11:

Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table to the right).

Step 12:

Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the system is in service.

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
14-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed



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SECTION II

• Resetting the System



RESETTING THE SYSTEM

Step 1:

Isolate the charge line ball valve by placing it in the closed position. Step 2:

Close the water supply main control valve.

Step 3:

Open the system main drain valve. Confirm that the system is drained.

Step 3a: Push in the ball drip plunger to release pressure.

Step 4:

Close the system main drain valve.

Step 5:

Confirm that all system drains are shut and that the system is free from leaks.

Step 6:

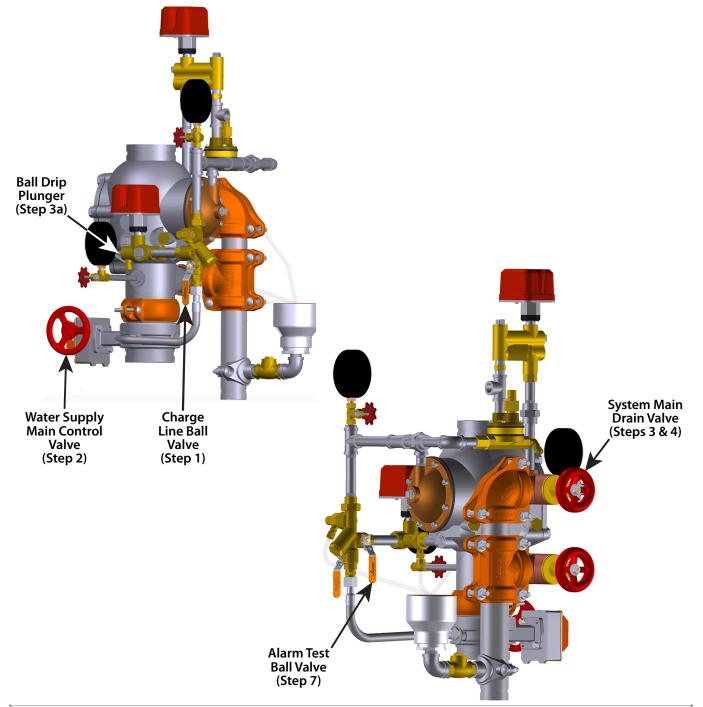
Confirm that the system has been depressurized. The gauges should indicate zero pressure.

Step 7:

Confirm that the alarm test ball valve is closed.

Step 8:

Follow steps 4 - 12 of the "Initial System Setup" section.





SECTION III

- Weekly External Inspection
- Monthly External Inspection

WARNING

- The building owner or their representative is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system in proper operating condition.
- To ensure proper system operation, valves must be inspected in accordance with current NFPA-25 requirements or in accordance with the requirements of the local authority having jurisdiction (whichever is more stringent). Always refer to the instructions in this manual for additional inspection and testing requirements.
- The frequency of inspections must be increased in the presence of contaminated water supplies, corrosive/scaling water supplies, and corrosive atmospheres.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



WEEKLY EXTERNAL INSPECTION

CAUTION

- Perform a visual inspection of the valve and trim on a weekly basis.
- If the preaction system is equipped with a low-pressure alarm, monthly inspections may be sufficient. Contact the local authority having jurisdiction for specific requirements.

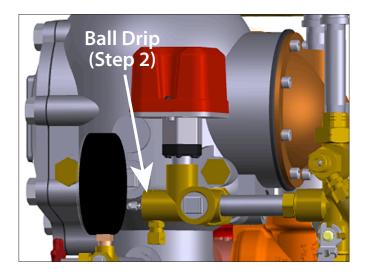
Failure to perform weekly inspections may result in damage to the valve and trim.

On a weekly basis, when the valve is reset after an operational test (or after any system operation): The water supply main drain valve and any low-point drains should be partially opened and then closed to drain water that might be present in the riser. Continue this procedure until all water is released. **NOTE:** The optional Series 75D Water Column Kit can be installed to automate this step.

MONTHLY EXTERNAL INSPECTION

- Record the system air pressure and water supply pressure. Confirm that the water supply pressure is within the range of normal pressures observed in the area. Significant loss of water supply pressure could indicate an adverse condition in the water supply. Confirm the proper water-to-air ratio is being maintained.
- 2. Confirm that there is no leakage from the intermediate valve chamber. The ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly should not be leaking water or air.
- **3.** Inspect the valve and trim for mechanical damage and corrosion. Replace any damaged or corroded parts.
- **4.** Confirm that the actuated valve and trim are located in an area that is not subject to freezing temperatures.
- **5.** Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table below).

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
¹ ⁄4-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed





SECTION IV

- Required Main Drain Test
- Required Water Flow Alarm Test
- Required Water Level and Low-Air Alarm Tests
- Required Partial Operational Trip Test
- Required Full Operational Trip
 Test

WARNING

- The building owner or their representative is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system in proper operating condition.
- To ensure proper system operation, valves must be inspected in accordance with current NFPA-25 requirements or in accordance with the requirements of the local authority having jurisdiction (whichever is more stringent). Always refer to the instructions in this manual for additional inspection and testing requirements.
- The frequency of inspections must be increased in the presence of contaminated water supplies, corrosive/scaling water supplies, and corrosive atmospheres.
- Any activities that require taking the valve out of service may eliminate the fire protection provided. A fire patrol is strongly recommended for the affected areas.
- Before servicing or testing the system, notify the authority having jurisdiction.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- When the valve is reset after an operational test (or after any system operation), the main drain valve and any low-point drain valves should be partially opened and then closed to drain water that might be present in the riser. Continue this procedure until all water is released.
- The optional Series 75D Water Column Kit can be installed to automate this step.

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REQUIRED MAIN DRAIN TEST

Perform the main drain test on a frequency required by the current NFPA-25 code. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the main drain test will be performed.
- 2. Confirm that sufficient drainage is available.
- **3.** Record the water supply pressure and system air pressure.
- 4. Confirm that there is no leakage from the intermediate valve chamber. The ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly should not be leaking water or air.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR:

Verify that the system is at the proper air pressure for the local water supply pressure.

- Use caution to prevent opening the system main drain valve accidentally.
- Opening the system main drain valve will cause the valve to operate.

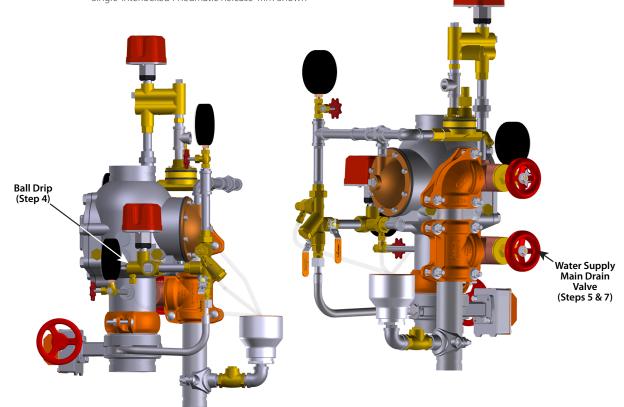
Failure to pipe the system main drain valve to a proper wastewater drain will result in property damage.

- **5.** Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- **6.** While the water supply main drain valve is fully open, record the water supply pressure (from the water supply gauge) as the residual pressure.

- 7. Close the water supply main drain valve slowly.
- **8.** Record the water pressure established after closing the water supply main drain valve.
- **9.** Compare the residual pressure reading to the residual pressure readings taken in previous main drain tests. If there is degradation in the residual water supply reading, restore the proper water supply pressure.
- **10.** Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table below).

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
14-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed

- **11.** Confirm that there is no leakage from the intermediate valve chamber. The ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly should not be leaking water or air.
- **12.** Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the valve is back in service. Provide test results to the authority having jurisdiction, if required.





REQUIRED WATER FLOW ALARM TEST

Perform the water flow alarm test on a frequency required by the current NFPA-25 code. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

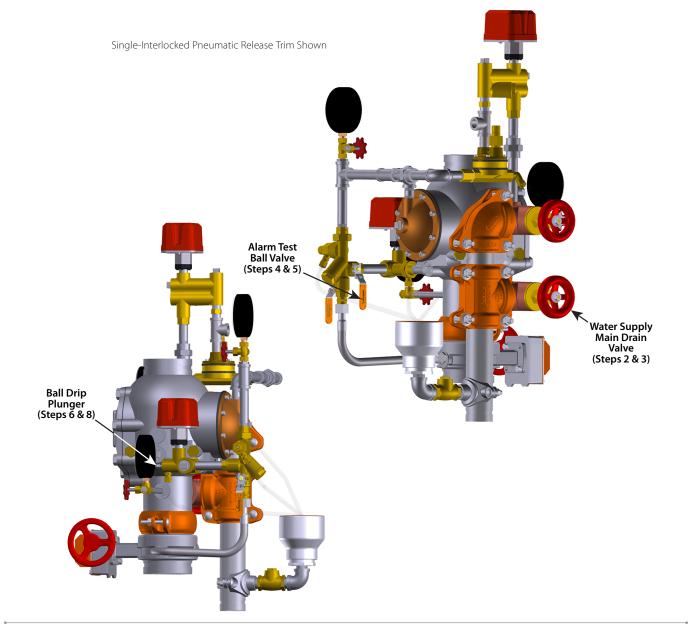
1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the water flow alarm test will be performed.

A CAUTION

- Use caution to prevent opening the system main drain valve accidentally.
- Opening the system main drain valve will cause the valve to operate.

Failure to pipe the system main drain valve to a proper wastewater drain will result in property damage.

- **2.** Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- 3. Close the water supply main drain valve.
- **4.** Open the alarm test ball valve. Confirm that mechanical and electrical alarms are activated and that remote monitoring stations, if provided, receive an alarm signal.
- **5.** Close the alarm test ball valve after verifying proper operation of all alarms.
- **6.** Push in the ball drip plunger on the alarm manifold assembly to verify that there is no pressure in the alarm line.
- **7.** Verify that all alarms stopped sounding, that the alarm line drained properly, and that remote station alarms reset properly.
- **8.** Confirm that the ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly is not leaking water or air.
- **9.** Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the valve is back in service. Provide test results to the authority having jurisdiction, if required.



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REQUIRED WATER LEVEL AND LOW AIR ALARM TESTS

Perform the water level and low air alarm tests on a frequency required by the current NFPA-25 code. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area

NOTICE

- If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, ensure that the authority having jurisdiction is notified that the water level and low air alarm tests are in progress. Failure to close the isolation ball valve of the Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator may cause the valve to trip, resulting in a false alarm.
- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the water level and low air alarm tests will be performed.
- 2. If a Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator is installed, close the isolation ball valve.
- Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water 3 supply of any contaminants.
- Close the water supply main drain valve. 4.
- Close the water supply main control valve. 5.
- Partially open the system main drain valve slowly. Confirm that 6. water is not flowing from the drain. NOTE: If water is flowing from the drain, the system may not have drained properly. In this case, follow all steps in the "Resetting the System" section.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR:

Record the system air pressure at which the low air alarm activates.

Close the system main drain valve. 7.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR:

Close the slow-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

Open the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA. Bring the pressure back up to the normal system pressure.

When the normal system air pressure is reached, close the fast-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

Open the slow-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release Trim Shown

Open the water supply main drain valve. 8.



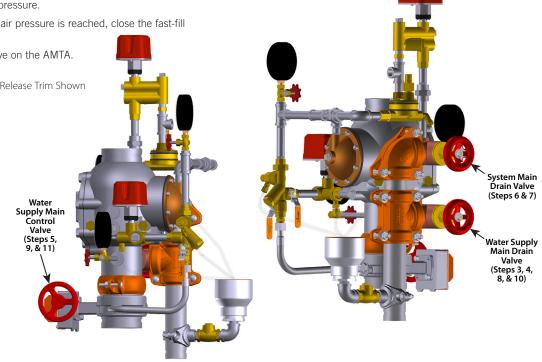
• Take precautions when opening the water supply main control valve, since water will flow from all open system valves.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in property damage.

- Open the water supply main control valve slowly until water flows 9. steadily from the open water supply main drain valve.
- 10. Close the water supply main drain valve when a steady flow of water occurs.
- 11. Open the water supply main control valve fully.
- 12. Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table below).

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
¹ ⁄4-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed

12. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the valve is back in service. Provide test results to the authority having jurisdiction, if required.





LOW WATER ALARM TEST LPCB

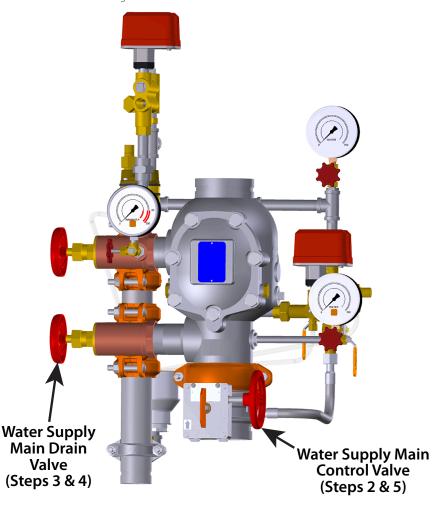
Perform the low water alarm test on a frequency required by current LPCB/EN requirements. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the low water alarm test will be performed.
- 2. Close the water supply main control valve.
- 2a. Verify that the water pressure is above 1.4 Bar/20 psi.
- **3.** Partially open the water supply main drain valve slowly. Record the pressure at which the low water alarm activates. **NOTE:** The low water alarm will sound only if it is connected properly to the Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP). The low water alarm should clear automatically when the valve is reset.
- 4. Close the water supply main drain valve.
- 5. Open the water supply main control valve fully.

6. Confirm that all valves are in their normal operating positions (refer to the table below).

Valve	Normal Operating Position
Water Supply Main Control Valve	Open
Water Supply Main Drain Valve	Closed
System Main Drain Valve	Closed
Charge Line Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Open
Alarm Test Ball Valve of the Priming Manifold Assembly	Closed
Slow-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Open
Fast-Fill Ball Valve of the Victaulic AMTA (if applicable)	Closed
Isolation Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Open
¹ /4-Turn Vent Ball Valve for Series 746-LPA Dry Accelerator (if applicable)	Closed

- 7. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the valve is back in service.
- 8. Provide test results to the authority having jurisdiction, if required.



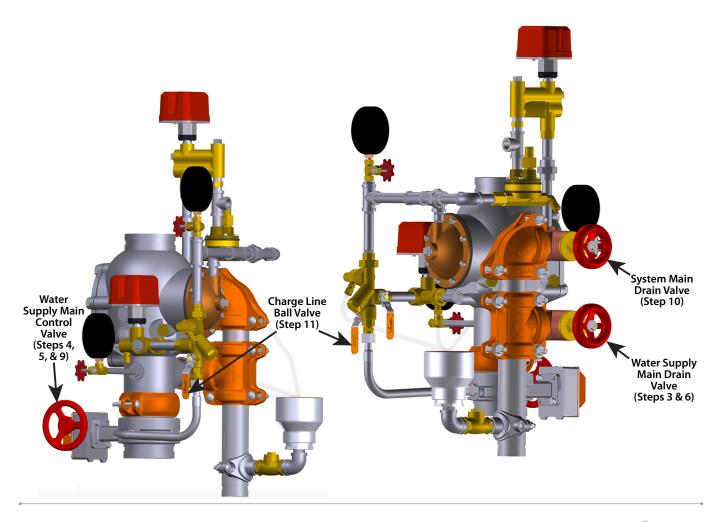


REQUIRED PARTIAL OPERATIONAL TRIP TEST

Partial operational (trip) tests are required to confirm proper valve operation; however, this test does not confirm full system operation. Victaulic recommends performing the partial operational (trip) test annually (at minimum). **NOTE:** The frequency of the partial operational (trip) test must be increased in the presence of contaminated water supplies, corrosive/scaling water supplies, and corrosive atmospheres. In addition, the authority having jurisdiction in the area may require partial operational (trip) tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the partial operational (trip) test will be performed.
- 2. Record the water supply pressure and system air pressure.
- **3.** Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- **4.** Close the water supply main control valve to the point where additional closure will not provide flow through the water supply main drain valve.
- **5.** Open the water supply main control valve slowly until a small amount of water flows through the water supply main drain valve.

- 6. Close the water supply main drain valve.
- 7. Trip the valve by doing one of the following:a. Open (energize) the solenoid valve
 - **b.** Relieve pressure from the pilot line**c.** Open the manual pull station valve
- **8.** Confirm that the charge line's pressure drops to zero and that water is flowing through the auto drain to the drip cup.
- 9. Close the water supply main control valve fully.
- **10.** Close the remote system test valve (inspector's test connection) or the system main drain valve.
- 11. Shut off the air supply.
- 11. Close the charge line ball valve.
- 12. Perform all steps in the "Resetting the System" section.



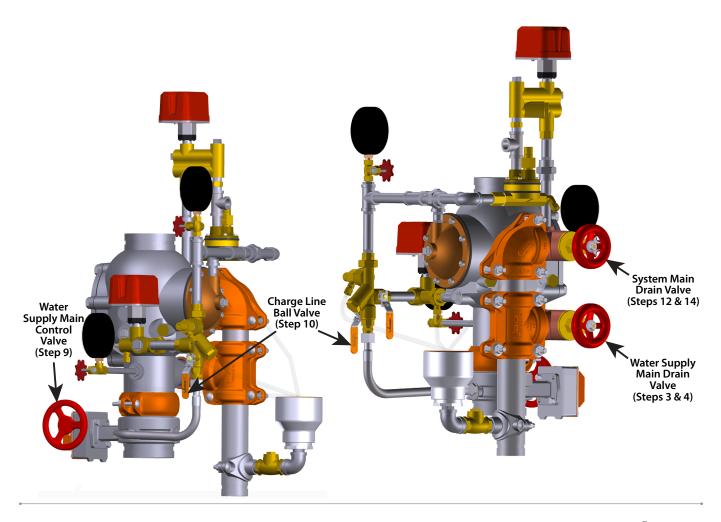


REQUIRED FULL OPERATIONAL TRIP TEST

Victaulic recommends the full operational (trip) test every 3 years (at minimum). **NOTE:** The frequency of the full operational (trip) test must be increased in the presence of contaminated water supplies, corrosive/ scaling water supplies, and corrosive atmospheres. This test allows a full flow of water into the sprinkler system; therefore, this test must be performed when there is no chance for freezing conditions. In addition, the authority having jurisdiction in the area may require full operational (trip) tests on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the full operational (trip) test will be performed.
- 2. Record the water supply pressure and system air pressure.
- **3.** Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- 4. Close the water supply main drain valve.
- Trip the valve by doing one of the following:
 a. Open (energize) the solenoid valve
 - $\boldsymbol{b}.$ Relieve pressure from the pilot line
 - $\ensuremath{\mathbf{c}}\xspace$ Open the manual pull station value

- **6.** Record the following:
 - **6a.** The time between opening the remote system test valve (inspector's test connection) and operation of the actuated valve
 - 6b. System air pressure when the valve operated
 - **6c.** The time between opening the remote system test valve (inspector's test connection) to when water flows from the test connection's outlet
 - 6d. All information required by the authority having jurisdiction
- 7. Confirm that all alarms operate properly.
- 8. Continue to run water until it is clear.
- 9. Close the water supply main control valve.
- 10. Close the charge line ball valve.
- 11. Shut off the air supply.
- 12. Open the system main drain valve to drain the system.
- **13.** After the system is drained, close the remote system test valve (inspector's test connection).
- 14. Close the system main drain valve.
- 15. Perform all steps in the "Resetting the System" section.



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SECTION V

Required Internal Inspection

WARNING Image: Constraint of the problem of th

- Any activities that require taking the valve out of service may eliminate the fire protection provided. A fire patrol is strongly recommended for the affected areas.
- Before servicing or testing the system, notify the authority having jurisdiction.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



REQUIRED INTERNAL INSPECTION

Inspect internal components at the frequency required by the current NFPA-25 code. The authority having jurisdiction in the area may require these inspections on a more frequent basis. Verify these requirements by contacting the authority having jurisdiction in the affected area.

- 1. Notify the authority having jurisdiction, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the system is being taken out of service.
- **2.** Open the water supply main drain valve fully to flush the water supply of any contaminants.
- 3. Close the water supply main drain valve.
- Close the water supply main control valve to take the system out of service.
- 5. Open the water supply main drain valve.
- **6.** Confirm that water is not flowing from the water supply main drain valve.
- 7. Close the charge line ball valve.
- **8.** Open the system main drain valve to drain any water that has accumulated and to release system air pressure.

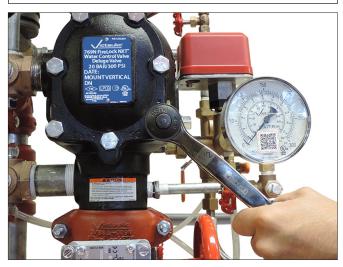
NOTE: If the system has operated, open the remote system test valve (inspector's test connection) and any auxiliary drain valves.

FOR TRIM EQUIPPED WITH A SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR: Close the slow-fill ball valve on the AMTA.

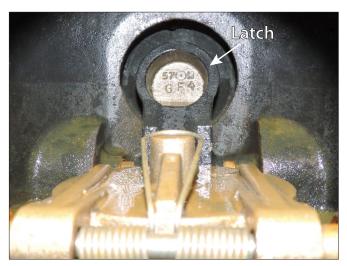
- 9. Open the manual pull station valve.
- 10. PUSH DOWN ON THE AUTO DRAIN SCREW TO REMOVE PRESSURE IN THE CHARGE LINE. VERIFY THAT THERE IS NO PRESSURE ON THE GAUGES.

• Ensure that the valve is depressurized and drained completely before the cover plate bolts are removed.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



- **11.** After all pressure is released from the system, loosen the cover plate bolts slowly. **NOTE:** DO NOT remove any cover plate bolts until all cover plate bolts are loosened.
- **12.** Remove all cover plate bolts, along with the cover plate and cover plate gasket. **NOTE:** The 1 ½-inch/48.3-mm and 2-inch/60.3-mm valve sizes contain washers under the heads of the cover plate bolts. Keep these washers for re-installation.



13. Push the latch back (toward the diaphragm).

A CAUTION

• DO NOT use solvents or abrasives on or near the valve body seat ring.

Failure to follow this instruction could prevent the clapper from sealing, resulting in valve leakage.



- 14. Rotate the clapper out of the valve body. Inspect the clapper seal and seal-retaining ring. Wipe away any contaminants, dirt, and mineral deposits. Clean out any holes that are plugged in the valve-body seat ring. **DO NOT USE SOLVENTS OR ABRASIVES.**
- **15.** While the clapper is rotated out of the valve body, pull the latch forward to inspect the diaphragm. If the diaphragm shows any signs of wear or damage, replace it with a new, Victaulic-supplied diaphragm. Refer to the "Removing and Replacing the Diaphragm" section.
- **16.** Inspect the clapper for freedom of movement and physical damage. Replace any damaged or worn parts by following the applicable instructions in Section VI.
- **17.** Re-install the cover plate by following the "Installing the Cover Plate Gasket and Cover Plate" section.
- **18.** Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section.



SECTION VI

- Removing and Replacing the Clapper Seal
- Removing and Replacing the Clapper Assembly
- Installing the Cover Plate Gasket and Cover Plate
- Removing and Replacing the Diaphragm
- Cleaning the Cartridge in the Air and Priming Manifold Assemblies
- Replacing the Filter in Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuators



- Before servicing or testing the system, notify the authority having jurisdiction.
- Depressurize and drain the piping system before attempting to remove the cover plate from the valve.
- The building owner or their representative is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system in proper operating condition.
- To ensure proper system operation, valves must be inspected in accordance with current NFPA-25 requirements or in accordance with the requirements of the local authority having jurisdiction (whichever is more stringent). Always refer to the instructions in this manual for additional inspection and testing requirements.
- The frequency of inspections must be increased in the presence of contaminated water supplies, corrosive/scaling water supplies, and corrosive atmospheres.
- Any activities that require taking the valve out of service may eliminate the fire protection provided. A fire patrol is strongly recommended for the affected areas.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

REMOVING AND REPLACING THE CLAPPER SEAL

Perform steps 1 – 13 of the "Required Internal Inspection" section. 1.



2. Remove the seal assembly bolt/bolt seal from the clapper seal.



3. Remove the seal-retaining ring. Save the seal-retaining ring for re-installation.

CAUTION

• DO NOT pry the seal washer out of the clapper seal from the inner hole.

Failure to follow this instruction could damage the seal washer, resulting in improper clapper sealing and valve leakage.



- 4. Pry the edge of the seal washer from inside the clapper seal, as shown above. DO NOT PRY THE SEAL WASHER OUT FROM THE INNER HOLE.
- Remove the seal washer from the clapper seal. Dry up any 5. moisture under the seal washer or on the clapper seal.

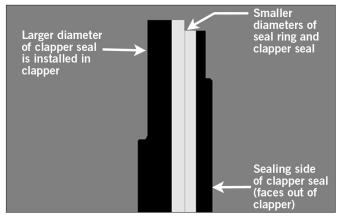
A CAUTION

• Use only Victaulic-supplied replacement parts.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause improper valve operation, resulting in property damage.



Pry the clapper seal, along with the seal ring, out of the clapper. 6. Inspect the clapper seal. If the clapper seal is torn or worn, replace it with a new, Victaulic-supplied clapper seal. If replacing the clapper seal assembly with a new assembly, skip to step 7.



6a. If using the same clapper seal assembly and the seal ring was removed from the clapper seal in the previous step: Re-insert the seal ring carefully underneath the outer lip of the clapper seal. Ensure that the smaller diameter of the seal ring is toward the sealing surface of the clapper seal.



- 7. Insert the seal washer carefully underneath the sealing lip of the gasket.
- 8. Remove any debris from the clapper. Inspect the clapper for damage that may affect the sealing capabilities of the new clapper seal. Contact Victaulic of the clapper requires replacement.





9. Install the clapper seal into the clapper carefully. Ensure that the seal ring snaps into the clapper completely.



10. Place the seal-retaining ring onto the seal washer of the clapper seal. Install the seal assembly bolt/bolt seal through the seal-retaining ring and clapper.



11. Tighten the seal assembly bolt/bolt seal to the torque value listed in the table on this page to ensure a proper seal.

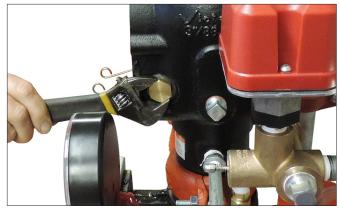
REQUIRED SEAL ASSEMBLY BOLT/BOLT SEAL TORQUES

Nominal Size inches or mm	Required Torque inch-Ibs/N•m
1 1/2	40 5
2	40 5
21/2	90 10
76.1 mm	90 10
3	90 10
4	110 12
165.1 mm	160 18
6	160 18
8	160 18

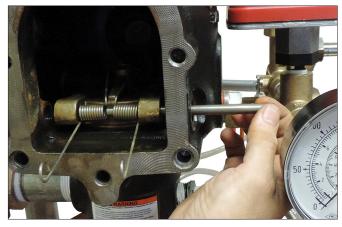
- **12.** Replace the cover plate by following the "Installing the Cover Plate Gasket and Cover Plate" section.
- **13.** Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section.

REMOVING AND REPLACING THE CLAPPER ASSEMBLY

1. Perform steps 1 – 13 of the "Required Internal Inspection" section.



2. Remove the clapper shaft bushings with o-rings from the valve body.



3. Remove the clapper shaft. **NOTE:** As the shaft is being removed, the clapper spring will drop out of position. Save the clapper spring for re-installation.

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4. Remove the clapper assembly from the valve body seat ring. Clean the valve body seat ring.

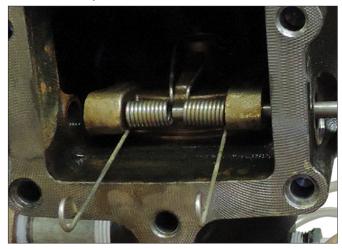
CAUTION

• Use only Victaulic-supplied replacement parts.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause improper valve operation, resulting in property damage.



5. Place the new clapper assembly onto the valve body seat ring. Ensure that the holes in the clapper arms align with the holes in the valve body.



- 6. Insert the clapper shaft halfway into the valve body.
- 7. Install the clapper spring onto the clapper shaft. Ensure that the loop of the clapper spring is facing the clapper, as shown above.
- **8.** Finish inserting the clapper shaft through the clapper arm and valve body.



- **9.** Ensure that a clapper shaft bushing o-ring is installed on each clapper shaft bushing.
- **9a.** Apply thread sealant to each clapper shaft bushing. Install the clapper shaft bushings into the valve body until hand-tight.
- **9b.** Tighten the clapper shaft bushings until metal-to-metal contact occurs with the valve body. DO NOT exceed 10 ft-lbs/14 N•m of torque on the clapper shaft bushings.
- 9c. Check the clapper for freedom of movement.
- **10.** Replace the cover plate by following the "Installing the Cover Plate Gasket and Cover Plate" section.
- **11.** Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section.

INSTALLING THE COVER PLATE GASKET AND COVER PLATE

• Use only Victaulic-supplied replacement parts.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause improper valve operation, resulting in property damage.

1. Verify that the cover plate gasket is in good condition. If the gasket is torn or worn, replace it with a new, Victaulic-supplied gasket.



- **2.** Align the holes of the cover plate gasket with the holes in the cover plate.
- **3.** Insert one cover plate bolt through the cover plate and cover plate gasket to ease alignment. **NOTE:** For 1 ½-inch/48.3-mm and 2-inch/60.3-mm valve sizes, a washer must be re-installed under the head of each cover plate bolt.



• DO NOT over-tighten the cover plate bolts.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the cover plate gasket, resulting in valve leakage.



- Align the cover plate/cover plate gasket to the valve. Ensure that the clapper spring's arms are rotated to their installed position. Tighten all cover plate bolts into the cover plate/valve body.
- Torque all cover plate bolts in an even, crossing pattern. Refer to the "Required Cover Plate Bolt Torques" table below for the required torque values. DO NOT over-tighten the cover plate bolts.

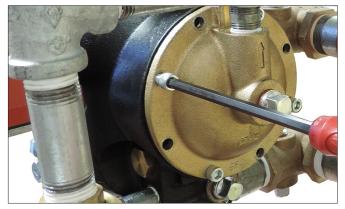
REQUIRED COVER PLATE BOLT TORQUES

Nominal Size inches or mm	Required Torque ft-lbs/N∙m
1 1⁄2	30 41
2	30 41
2 1/2	60 81
76.1 mm	60 81
3	60 81
4	100 136
165.1 mm	115 156
6	115 156
8	100 136

6. Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section.

REMOVING AND REPLACING THE DIAPHRAGM

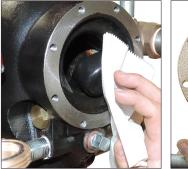
- 1. Remove the system from service by following steps 1 10 of the "Required Internal Inspection" section.
- **2.** Break the unions that connect the trim to the diaphragm cover. Refer to the applicable trim drawing for details.



3. Remove the cap screws from the diaphragm cover, and pull the diaphragm cover/trim off the valve.



4. Remove the diaphragm from the valve body. Discard the diaphragm.





- **5.** Clean the back of the valve body to remove any debris that may interfere with proper diaphragm seating.
- **5a.** Clean the inside of the diaphragm cover.

• Use caution when installing a new diaphragm into the valve body.

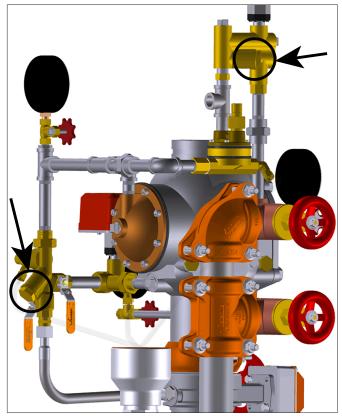
Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the diaphragm, resulting in improper valve operation and valve leakage.

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- **6.** Replace the diaphragm with a new, Victaulic-supplied diaphragm. Align the holes in the diaphragm with the holes in the valve body. Use caution to prevent damage to the diaphragm during installation.
- 7. Align the holes of the diaphragm cover with the holes in the diaphragm/valve body. Tighten all cap screws into the diaphragm cover/valve body in an even, crossing pattern to a torque of 10 ft-lbs/14 N•m. Repeat this tightening sequence to verify that all cap screws have been torqued to 10 ft-lbs/14 N•m.
- 8. Re-attach the trim at the unions that were loosened in step 2. Refer to the applicable trim drawing for details. VERIFY THAT ALL UNIONS THAT WERE LOOSENED TO PERMIT ACCESS TO THE DIAPHRAGM COVER HAVE BEEN RE-TIGHTENED BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO PLACE THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE.
- **9.** Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section. Inspect all trim components to confirm that there are no leaks. Any leaks must be corrected immediately by depressurizing the system and tightening any affected components.

CLEANING THE CARTRIDGE IN THE AIR AND PRIMING MANIFOLD ASSEMBLIES

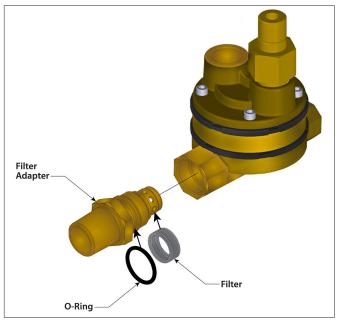
1. Remove the system from service by following steps 1 - 10 of the "Required Internal Inspection" section.



- 2. Remove the existing cartridge from the air manifold and priming manifold assemblies, shown above. Rinse the cartridges to remove any deposits.
- **3.** Install the corresponding cartridge into the air manifold and priming manifold assemblies. **NOTE:** The face of the air manifold cartridge is stamped "AM" and the face of the priming manifold cartridge is stamped "PM." These cartridges are designed so that they cannot be interchanged.
- **4.** Place the system back in service by following the "Resetting the System" section.

REPLACING THE FILTER IN SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATORS

1. Remove the system from service by following steps 1 – 10 of the "Required Internal Inspection" section.



- **2.** Remove the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator from the trim. Refer to the applicable trim drawing for details.
- 3. Remove and discard the filter.

• DO NOT re-use filters. After removal, the old filter must be replaced with a new, Victaulic-supplied filter.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause improper valve operation, resulting in property damage.

- **4.** Use only a new, Victaulic-supplied filter. Install the new filter onto the filter adapter, as shown above. Make sure the o-ring is positioned on the filter adapter, as shown above.
- **5.** Carefully re-install the filter adapter into the actuator. Use caution to prevent damage to the o-ring.
- **6.** Re-install the actuator into the trim. Refer to the applicable trim drawing for details.



SECTION VII

- Troubleshooting
- System Sensor* PDRP-2001 or NOTIFIER* RP-2001 Field Wiring Diagrams
- Sample Program for System Sensor* PDRP-2001 or NOTIFIER* RP-2001 Panel

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TROUBLESHOOTING – SYSTEM

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The valve operates without sprinkler activation.	There is a loss of air pressure in the system or trim.	Check for any leaks in the system and trim. Confirm that the AMTA is operating properly. Consider installing a low-air supervisory switch.
	The pressure switch on the air compressor is set too low, or the compressor is not operating properly.	Increase the "ON" setting of the air compressor's pressure switch, and check the air compressor for proper operation.
Water is leaking from the ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly.	Water is getting past the clapper seal and into the intermediate chamber of the valve.	Check the clapper seal and valve body seat ring for physical damage and foreign material.
	Water is under the clapper seal.	Inspect the clapper seal to ensure that no water is under the seal. If water is present, remove and replace the seal. Refer to the "Removing and Replacing the Clapper Seal" section.
Air is leaking from the ball drip on the alarm manifold assembly.	Air is getting past the clapper seal and into the intermediate chamber of the valve.	Check the clapper seal and valve body seat ring for physical damage and foreign material.
	Water is under the clapper seal.	Inspect the clapper seal to ensure that no water is under the seal. If water is present, remove and replace the seal. Refer to the "Removing and Replacing the Clapper Seal" section.
The clapper will not latch closed.	There is no water pressure on the diaphragm.	Check the water pressure in the charge line. Ensure that the restrictor in the charge line is clean.
	The auto drain is not set.	Set the auto drain by pulling up on the auto drain sleeve.
Water is leaking from the diaphragm assembly.	The diaphragm is damaged.	Contact Victaulic.
Air is leaking from the diaphragm assembly.	The diaphragm is damaged.	Contact Victaulic.

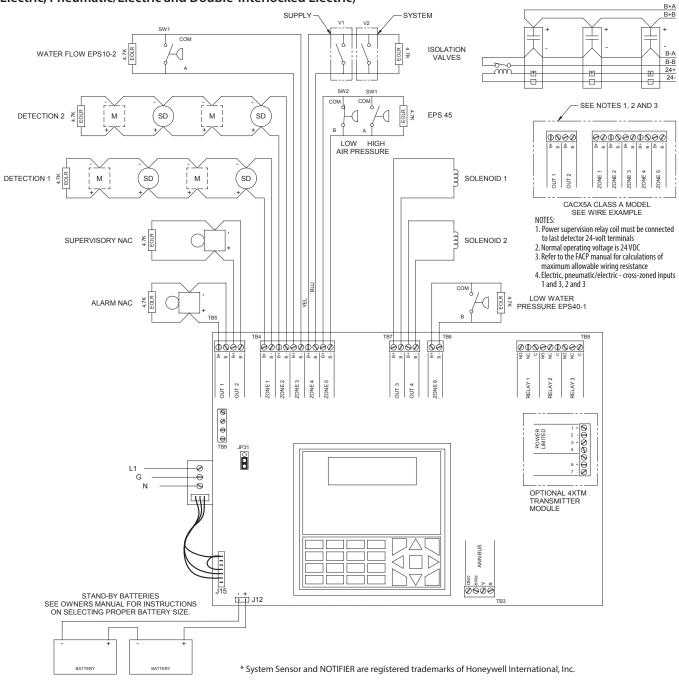
TROUBLESHOOTING – SERIES 776 LOW-PRESSURE ACTUATOR

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
When air in the system is released, the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator does not trip.	There is a restriction in the piping between the air manifold and the auto vent of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator.	Remove the air feed nipple and remove any debris. Clean the restrictor and strainer in the air manifold. Verify that no debris has built up in the air manifold ports that could be restricting airflow.
When the Auto Vent Sleeve of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator is pulled up, the screw does not stay set in the "UP" position.	The Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator is not receiving enough air.	Increase the air pressure going into the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator.
	The Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator has a broken seal.	If the above procedure does not work, contact Victaulic.
Water is leaking through the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator.	The air chamber of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator is not set.	Ensure that the vent seal of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator is in the set position and the air chamber is pressurized.
	The filter on the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator is clogged.	Replace the filter of the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator. Refer to the "Replacing the Filter in Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuators" section.
	The Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator has a ripped diaphragm.	If water still leaks through the Series 776 after performing the above procedures, contact Victaulic.
No water is passing through the Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator.	The cartridge in the priming manifold is clogged.	Disassemble and clean the priming manifold cartridge. Refer to the "Cleaning the Cartridge in the Air and Priming Manifold Assemblies" section.

TROUBLESHOOTING – SERIES 753-E SOLENOID VALVE

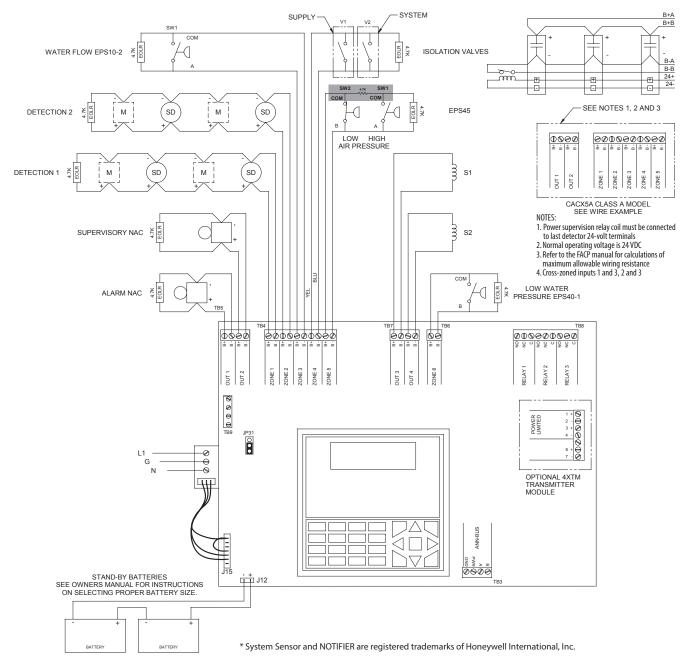
Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
No water is passing through the Series 753-E Solenoid Valve.	The cartridge in the priming manifold is clogged.	Disassemble and clean the priming manifold cartridge. Refer to the "Cleaning the Cartridge in the Air and Priming Manifold Assemblies" section.
The Series 753-E Solenoid Valve does not open.	Power is not being supplied to the solenoid.	Check all electrical connections to verify power is being supplied to the solenoid. If there are still issues with power being supplied to the solenoid, a qualified fire alarm control specialist should verify that the fire alarm control panel is configured correctly.
	Solenoid coil has been removed from the valve.	Reinstall the coil to the solenoid valve.





System Sensor* PDRP-2001 or NOTIFIER* RP-2001 Field Wiring Diagram (Electric, Pneumatic/Electric and Double-Interlocked Electric)





System Sensor* PDRP-2001 or NOTIFIER* RP-2001 Field Wiring Diagram (Double-Interlocked Electric-Pneumatic/Electric, Cross-Zoned with Low-Air Switch)



SAMPLE PROGRAM FOR SYSTEM SENSOR* PDRP-2001 OR NOTIFIER* RP-2001 PANEL (DUAL OR SINGLE HAZARD)

SYSTEM SETUP

NOTE: Pull All IDC Connections at Panel to Enter Program Mode

Select Template 9

- 1. Press "MODE"
- 2. 2=PROGRAMMING MODE
- 3. Enter Password "00000"
- 4. 1=FACP CONFIGURATION
- 5. Press ↓ x 3
- 6. 3=TEMPLATE 9
- 7. 1=YES
- 8. Panel Resets Automatically
- Make the Following Changes

Edit Zone 4

- 1. Press "MODE"
- 2. 2=PROGRAMMING MODE
- 3. Enter Password "00000"
- 4. Press ↓ to 3= SYSTEM SETUP
- 5. Select 2=TIMERS
- 6. Select 1=SOAK 1
- 7. Select 1=ALWAYS ON
- 8. Return To Main Programming Menu
- 9. Press 2=INPUT ZONES
- 10. Press↓x 1
- 11. 1=ZONE 4
- 12. Press \downarrow x 1 to Edit
- 13. 2=TYPE
- 14. Press↓x 8
- 15. 1=SUPERVISORY AR
- 16. Press "ESC"
- 17. Press↓ x 2
- 18. 2=DESCRIPTION
- 19. Enter "ISOLATION VALVE"
- 20. Press "ENTER"
- 21. Press "ESC"

Edit Zone 5

- 1. Press 2=INPUT ZONES
- 2. Press↓x 1
- 3. 2=ZONE 5
- 4. Press ↓ x 1 To Edit
- 5. 2=TYPE
- 6. Press↓ x 8
- 7. Select COMBO SUPERVISORY AR
- For Double Knock TYPE=COMBO SUPERVISORY AR

1.2K Ohm Resistor Must be Placed

- 1. Press "ESC"
- 2. Press \downarrow x 2
- 3. 2=DESCRIPTION
- 4. Enter "HIGH/LOW AIR"
- 5. Press "ENTER"
- 6. Press "ESC"

Edit Zone 6

- 1. Press 2=INPUT ZONES
- 2. Press ↓ X 1
- 3. Press 3=ZONE 6
- 4. Press ↓ x 1 to Edit
- 5. 2=TYPE
- 6. Press↓x8
- 7. 1=SUPERVISORY AR
- 8. Press "ESC"
- 9. Press ↓ x 1
- 10. 2=DESCRIPTION
- 11. Enter "LOW WATER PRESSURE"
- 12. Press "ENTER"
- 13. Press "ESC" Several Times Until Program Saves

DOUBLE KNOCK/CROSS ZONE- DETECTION Z1+Z2=RELEASE

- 1. Press "MODE"
- 2. 2=PROGRAMMING MODE
- 3. Enter Password "00000"
- 4. Press↓x 1
- 5. Press 1=CROSS INPUT ZONES
- 6. Press 1=RELEASE 1 GROUP
- 7. Press 1=NONE

Zone Selection

- 1. Press 1=ZONE 1 YES
- 2. Press 2=ZONE 2 YES
- 3. Press "ESC" Several Times Until Program Saves

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DOUBLE KNOCK/CROSS ZONE DETECTION AND LOW AIR PRESSURE

- 1. Press "MODE"
- 2. 2=PROGRAMMING MODE
- 3. Enter Password "00000"
- 4. Press↓x 1
- 5. Press 1=CROSS INPUT ZONES
- 6. Press 1=RELEASE 1 GROUP
- 7. Press 1=NONE

Zone Selection-Z1+Z5=RELEASE

- 1. Press 1=ZONE 1 Yes
- 2. Press \downarrow x 1
- 3. Press 2=ZONE 5 Yes
- 4. Press "ESC" Twice

INPUT/OUTPUT DIAGRAMS

DUAL OR SINGLE HAZARD

	OUTPUT 1	OUTPUT 2	OUTPUT 3	OUTPUT 4
INPUT 1	x		х	х
INPUT 2	х		х	х
INPUT 3	x			
INPUT 4		х		
INPUT 5		х		
INPUT 6		Х		

CROSS ZONE/DOUBLE KNOCK SINGLE HAZARD

	OUTPUT 1	OUTPUT 2	OUTPUT 3	OUTPUT 4
INPUT 1 & 2	х		х	х
INPUT 3	х			
INPUT 4		х		
INPUT 5		х		
INPUT 6		Х		

Zone Selection-Z2+Z5=RELEASE

- 1. Press 1=RELEASE 1 GROUP
- 2. Press 2=NONE
- 3. Press 2=ZONE 2 Yes
- 4. Press↓x 1
- 5. Press 2=ZONE 5 Yes
- 6. Press "ESC" Several Times Until Program Saves

ELECTRIC-PNEUMATIC/ELECTRIC

	OUTPUT 1	OUTPUT 2	OUTPUT 3	OUTPUT 4
INPUT 1 & 5	х		х	х
INPUT 2 & 5	х		х	х
INPUT 3	х			
INPUT 4		х		
INPUT 6		х		



Victaulic[®] Series 769N FireLock NXT[™] Actuated Valve with Preaction Trim

Non-Interlocked Pneumatic Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator

Non-Interlocked Pneumatic/Electric Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator and Series 753-E Solenoid Valve

Single-Interlocked Pneumatic Release with Series 776 Low-Pressure Actuator

Single-Interlocked Electric Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve

Double-Interlocked Electric (Electric-Pneumatic/Electric) Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve

Electric Release with Series 753-E Solenoid Valve and Redundant Solenoid Valve LPCB

For complete contact information, visit victaulic.com

 I-769N.Preaction
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 UPDATED 05/2016
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PREACTION-PAC™ with NOTIFIER RP-2001 RELEASING CONTROL PANEL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL P/N 10-500001-00C VERSION 2.0 – NOVEMBER 2020

SECTION 3

General Air Products Manual

Riser and Tank Mounted Oilless Air Compressors Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual



OL Plus & OLT Plus Series

Riser and Tank Mounted Oilless Air Compressors

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual



Call 1-800-345-8207

or visit our web site for our complete product listing

www.GeneralAirProducts.com

version 2.3 07-2019

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7.2 - Oilless Air Compressor Single & 3 Phase Wiring Drawing

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- Section 9 Troubleshooting Guide
- **Section 10 Warranty Policy**

If there are any questions regarding installation, operation, or maintenance of this compressor, please call 800-345-8207

IMPORTANT: ALL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. Consult factory for the most up to date version of this manual - 1-800-345-8207.



<u>Section 1 - Safety & Warnings</u>

1.1 Safety Guidelines

This manual contains information that is very important to know and understand. This information is provided for SAFETY and to PREVENT EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS. To help recognize this information, observe the following symbols.



- Danger indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in death or serious injury.

- Warning indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided COULD result in death or serious injury.



- Caution indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in minor or moderate injury.



- Notice indicates important information, that if not followed may cause damage to equipment.

1.2 General Information

This compressor is intended for installation indoors for use on dry sprinkler systems in accordance with the Standard for Installation of Sprinkler Systems, NFPA 13 and the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70. The compressor should be sized to restore and maintain the air pressure in the sprinkler system in accordance with the requirements in NFPA 13.

1.3 General Safety Information

- 1. Read all manuals included with this product carefully. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls and the proper use of the equipment.
- 2. Follow all local electrical and safety codes as well as National Electrical Codes (NEC), Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA), and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).
- 3. Only persons familiar with these rules of safe operation should be allowed to use the equipment.
- 4. Keep visitors away and NEVER allow children in the work area.
- 5. Wear safety glasses and use hearing protection when operating the unit.
- 6. Do not stand on or use the unit as a handhold.
- 7. **Periodic inspection and test of this equipment is required.** Consult your installer and local codes to meet all requirements.
- 8. Check all fasteners at frequent intervals for proper tightness.

1.4 Safety Notes



- This compressor is not equipped and should NOT be used "as is" to supply breathing quality air.

- Motors, electrical equipment and controls can cause electrical arcs that will ignite flammable gas or vapor. Never operate or repair in or near flammable gas or vapor. Never store flammable liquids or gasses near the compressor.



- These compressors are suitable for pumping only atmospheric air. As defined in Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet G-7, page 3, atmospheric air is a mixture of elements and compounds where nitrogen and oxygen comprise more than 99% with all other trace gasses comprising less than 1%. **Do not use this compressor in contaminated environments or for pumping mixtures other than atmospheric air**.



- Compressed air contains liquid water and is saturated with water vapor, which can freeze when surrounding temperatures are lower than 32°F (0°C). Component selection to minimize the effects of water vapor must be considered.



Section 2 - Receiving

Your compressor is inspected at the factory and packaged to protect against shipping damage. When the compressor is unpacked, inspect for damage or missing parts. All claims should be settled directly with the freight company.



- Do not operate this compressor if damaged during shipment, handling or use. Any damage may result in failure and cause injury or property damage.

Section 3 - Installation Location

Locate the compressor in a clean, well ventilated area where air is relatively cool, clean and dry. A 110°F (43°C) maximum and 40°F (4.5°C) minimum temperature for surrounding and inlet air are recommended. Provide at least 12 to 18 inches of clearance from any wall or other obstruction that will interfere with airflow over and through the compressor. Blocking airflow through the fan may cause the compressor to overheat. Do not place the compressor in an area of excessive heat, such as near a boiler.

Section 4 - Mounting

OL Plus Series (Riser mounted units) may be mounted to a firm level floor, wall or system riser. A mounting bracket and straps are provided. Tank mounted units must be leveled and anchored to the floor; the vibration isolators (P/N KVP4X4) supplied with the unit must be used. Both tank and riser mounted units are shipped with a flex hose and union. The flex hose (P/N P3002MP) is recommended to be installed between the compressor or tank outlet and service piping.

Section 5 - Lubrication



- This compressor is designed for non-lubricated service. Bearings are permanently lubricated. **Do not lubricate any part of the compressor or motor**.



Section 6 - Piping

6.1 Piping Instructions



- Compressed air contains liquid water and is saturated with water vapor, which can freeze when surrounding temperatures are lower than 32°F (0°C). Component selection to minimize the effects of water vapor must be considered.

Piping between the compressor, accessory items and the sprinkler system must be at least $\frac{1}{2}$ " internal diameter to minimize pressure drop from the compressor to system. Larger pipe size may be required by code and may be substituted with no adverse effects.



- Smaller line size must not be used and will restrict the compressor flow, lowering capacity and causing the compressor/motor to work harder, which shortens compressor/motor life. All piping connected to the compressor must be fully supported and not transfer any loads to the compressor.

If an AMD-1 is used, allow sufficient distance between the compressor and AMD-1 to ensure that the maximum temperature at the AMD-1 is 200°F or less.



- When an AMD is used with riser mounted units, a riser mounted tank kit (P/N OLR-TK) is recommended to prevent short cycling the compressor.

All oilless compressors include a relief valve. For riser mounted models, the relief valve is installed on the compressor. For tank mounted models, an ASME Code relief valve is mounted on the compressor tank. This valve will open at a preset value above the pressure switch setting to prevent excess tank pressure in the event of a switch failure.



- Do not attempt to change the safety relief valve setting.

A manual drain is provided on the bottom of each tank mounted compressor. Moisture accumulated in the tank must be drained weekly. An automatic drain, P/N DVA-2T, is recommended in areas of high humidity.

The compressor outlet piping should contain an accessible drain. As a minimum a manual drain may be used, but an automatic drain is recommended to remove excess water.



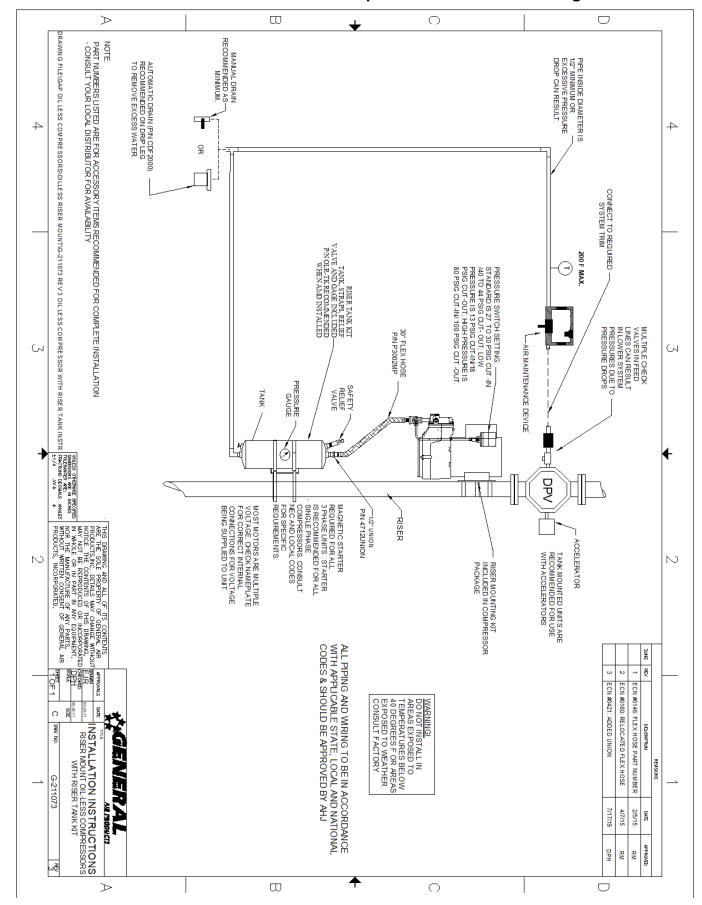
NOTICE

- Accumulation of condensed water in the system can cause corrosion of components and reduction of system capacity.

- Warranty is void if a separate check valve is not installed to prevent water backflow to compressor.



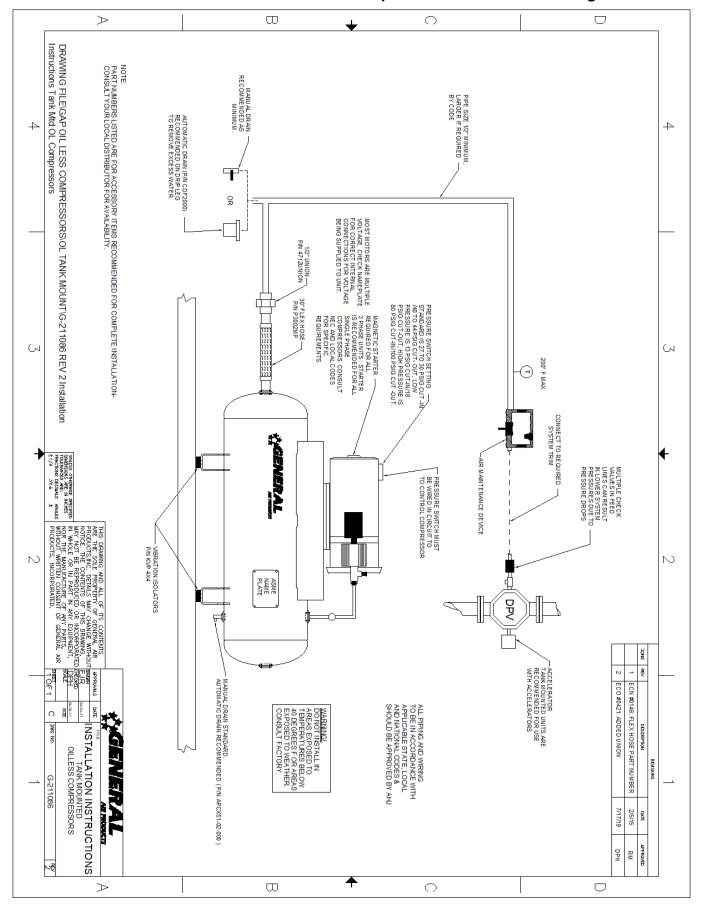
Section 6 - Piping







Section 6 - Piping







Section 7 - Wiring

7.1 Wiring Instructions



- Wiring should be in accordance with the national electrical code and any local codes or regulations. Have a licensed and competent electrician ensure that the voltage supplied matches the compressor voltage.

- Inadequate wiring size can cause insufficient voltage at the compressor during start-up. Overheating and damage can result to the motor and controls.

- Failure to use the pressure switch may result in overpressure of the compressor or other components in the system. Overpressure of the compressor can result in blown head gaskets or other damage.

- Grounding Instructions: This product must be connected to a grounded, metallic, permanent wiring system, or an equipment grounding terminal or lead on the product.

The supply wire must be of adequate size and no other equipment should be connected to the same line. The adjacent table lists the recommended wire size for each model based on a 100' run and lowest operating voltage. Consult factory for longer runs. The motors supplied are multiple voltage motors. A label on the pressure switch cover indicates the voltage the motor is pre-wired for. If the supply voltage, on site, is different from the voltage indicated on this label, change the internal motor voltage connections to match the supply voltage. To change internal voltage connections, remove the cover plate located on the rear or side of the motor and reconnect the wire leads as shown on the motor's wiring diagram.

Minimum Recommended Wire Size Model # 1 Phase 3 Phase OL(T)12516** 12 N/A OL(T)25033** 12 N/A 12 12 OL(T)36550** OL(T)43075** 10 12 OL(T)615100** 6 12 OL(T)915150** 6 12 OL(T)1225200** 10 10 OL(T)32016**-LP 12 N/A OL(T)55033**-LP 12 N/A OL(T)86050**-LP 12 12 OL(T)99075**-LP 10 12

On all three phase compressors an arrow on the motor indicates the required direction of rotation of the compressor. If the compressor rotates in the opposite direction, reverse the rotation of the motor. Interchanging any two incoming supply wires reverses rotation of three phase motors.



- Single-phase motors include internal thermal overload protection, which has an automatic reset device.

- Disconnect electrical power before servicing to disable reset devices. Thermal protection can automatically start the motor when the protector resets.

On single phase models, the motor is pre-wired to the pressure switch provided, which controls starting (cut in pressure) and stopping (cut out pressure) of the motor. The pressure switch is factory set. Standard models switch is set at 27 to 30 psig cut in and 40 to 44 psig cut out. Low pressure models ("-LP") switch is set at 13 psig cut in and 18 psig cut out. Consult General Air Products before adjusting the pressure switch.

On three-phase compressors, the motor is not pre-wired to the pressure switch. Refer to the three phase wiring instruction drawing for recommended wiring. A motor starter is required, for all three phase models, to protect the motor from overload conditions to meet NEC, NFPA70, Article 430. A motor starter is recommended, for all single phase models. Consult the National Electric Code and local codes for motor starter requirements. Refer to the proper wiring instruction drawing for recommended wiring to a starter.

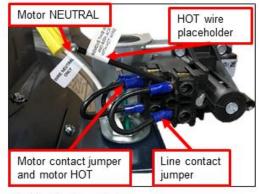


- Do not run two phases of a three phase supply through the pressure switch. Serious damage can result. Warranty is voided if connected this way.

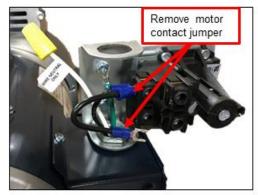


Section 7 - Wiring

Convert Pressure Switch from 115V to 230V



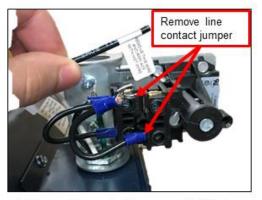
1. Identification of wires.



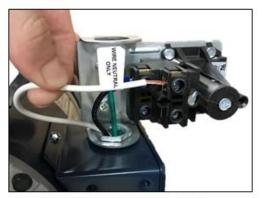
3. Remove motor contact jumper, leaving motor HOT in terminal. Retighten motor HOT wire in terminal.



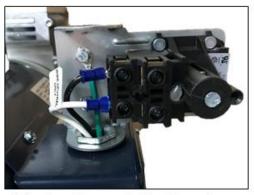
5. Crimp a spade connector onto NEUTRAL wire.



2. Remove line contact jumper and HOT wire placeholder.



4. Remove yellow wire nut from motor NEUTRAL.

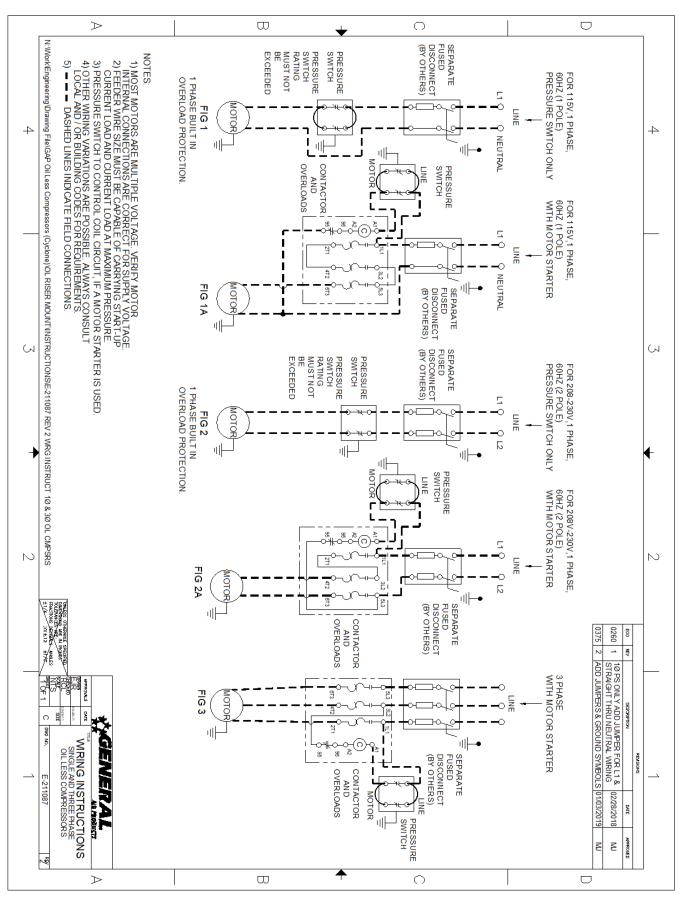


6. Insert spade connector into other motor terminal. Use wiring diagram on side of motor to wire it for 230V.7. Wire supply line 1 and line 2 to line contacts of pressure switch.



Section 7 - Wiring

7.2 Oilless Air Compressor Single & 3 Phase Wiring Drawing





<u>Section 8 - Maintenance Instructions</u>



- Disconnect, tag, and lock out power source then release all pressure from the system before attempting to install, service, relocate, or perform any service.

The following instructions are based on normal operation. If the compressor is in an excessively dusty area, increase frequency of maintenance checks.

Weekly:

- Drain condensate from receiver and traps
- Check for unusual noise or vibration
- Clean air filters (only with non-petroleum based products)
- Clean all external parts of the compressor and motor

Monthly:

- Manually test safety relief valve
- Inspect air system for leaks
- Tighten fitting, nuts, and screws as required

Quarterly:

- Change filters

Warranty can be voided if modifications or adjustments are made without consultation and approval from factory personnel.

If there are any questions regarding installation, operation, or maintenance of this compressor, please call 800-345-8207

Section 9 - Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Possible Cause(s)	Corrective Action
Motor hums and runs slowly or not at all.	 Low or no voltage Shorted or open motor winding Defective check valve Defective pressure switch - contacts will not close 	 Check voltage during start. Voltage must be within +/- 10% of nominal voltage to start motor. Increase wire size if necessary, to lower voltage drop. Replace compressor Replace check valve Repair or replace pressure switch
Reset mechanism cuts out or fuses blow repeatedly	 Insufficient voltage to motor Pressure switch set too high Wrong fuse size Piping too restrictive Defective motor 	 Check voltage during start. Voltage must be within +/- 10% of nominal voltage to start motor. Increase wire size if necessary, to lower voltage drop. Consult factory, adjust or replace Be sure fuses, heaters and/or overloads are properly rated or set Add receiver vessel or increase pipe volume after compressor Consult factory
Unit short cycles repeatedly	1. Piping too restrictive 2. Air leaks	 Add receiver vessel or increase pipe volume after compressor Repair leaks
Compressor overheating	 Dirty intake filter Wrong motor rotation Air flow to fan blocked 	 Clean intake filter Correct rotation Clean air flow to fan or relocate unit
Excessive noise in operation	 Damaged bearings Worn piston cup Broken valves Loose fan Damaged fan guard 	Contact General Air Products for technical support by calling 1-800-345-8207
System pressure builds slowly	 Compressor sized incorrectly Leaks or restrictions in piping Dirty intake filter 	 Check system size and compressor sizing Correct leaks and remove restrictions Clean intake filter



<u>Section 10 - Warranty Policy</u>

GENERAL PROVISIONS & LIMITATIONS

General Air Products, Inc. (the "Company") warrants to each original purchaser ("Purchaser") of its new products from the Company or its Authorized Distributor that such products are, at the time of delivery to the Purchaser, made with good materials and workman- ship. No warranty is made with respect to:

- 1. Any product, which has been repaired or altered in such a way, in the Companies judgment, as to affect the product adversely.
- Any product, which has, in the Companies judgment been subjected to negligence, accident, improper storage, improper installation or application.
- Any product, which has not been operated or maintained in accordance with the recommendations of the Company.
- 4. Components or accessories manufactured, warranted and serviced by others.
- 5. Any reconditioned or prior owned product.

Claims for items described in 4. above should be submitted directly to the manufacturer.

WARRANTY PERIOD

The Company's obligation under this Warranty is limited to repair or, at its option, replacing during normal business hours at the designated facility of the Company, any part that in its judgment proved not to be as warranted within the applicable Warranty Period as follows.

COMPONENTS

All non-consumable components are warranted for 12 months from the date of purchase. Consumables are not covered under warranty. The unit must have been installed by either a factory authorized distributor or agent in accordance with the factory recommendations taking into account all other local site conditions not originally noted to the factory. The unit must be operated and maintained in accordance with the Factory recommendations and original design conditions. Failure to provide such proof of the above may void warranty.

LABOR TRANSPORTATION & INSPECTION

The Company will repair or replace any product or part thereof which in the Companies judgment is proved to be not as warranted. Labor costs are not covered under warranty.

All costs of transportation of product, labor or parts claimed not to be as warranted and, of repaired or replaced parts to or from factory shall be borne by purchaser. The Company may require the return of any part claimed not to be as warranted to one of its facilities as designated by the Company, transportation prepaid by Purchaser, to establish a claim under this warranty.

Replacement parts provided under the terms of the warranty are warranted for the remainder of the Warranty Period of the product upon which installed to the same extent as if such parts were original components.

DISCLAIMER

THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED THAT, EXCEPT AS TO TITLE, THE COMPANY MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR MERCHANTABILITY.

THE REMEDY PROVIDED UNDER THIS WARRANTY SHALL BE THE SOLE, EXCLUSIVE AND ONLY REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE PURCHASER AND IN NO CASE SHALL THE COMPANY BE SUBJECT TO ANY OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE COMPANY BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EXPENSES, LOSSES OR DELAYS HOWSOEVER CAUSED.

No statement, representation, agreement, or understanding, oral or written, made by any agent, distributor, representative or employee of the Company which is not contained in this Warranty will be binding upon the company unless made in writing and executed by an officer of the Company.

This warranty shall not be effective as to any claim which is not presented within 30 days after the date upon which the product is claimed not to have been as warranted. Any action for breach of this warranty must be commenced within one year after the date upon which the cause of action occurred.

Any adjustment made pursuant to this warranty shall not be construed as an admission by the Company that any product was not as warranted.

PROMPT DISPOSITION & RETURNS POLICY

The Company will make a good faith effort for prompt correction or other adjustment with respect to any product, which proves to be defective within the warranty period. Before returning any product, write or call the distributor, agent or authorized company from which the product was purchased, describing defect and giving date and number of original invoice, as well as proof of Factory supplied consumables and proof of scheduled maintenance. No products will be accepted for return without the Company issuing a "Returned Goods Authorization" (RGA) to the Purchaser and unless accompanied by a properly authorized RGA request form initiated by the Purchaser. Return freight must be prepaid and each returned product must have the RGA number clearly marked on the product. Title and risk of loss pass to buyer upon delivery to the common carrier.

PRODUCT SUITABILITY

Many States, Localities and Countries have codes and regulations governing sales, construction, installation, and/or use of products for certain purposes, which may vary from those in neighboring areas. While General Air Products, Inc. attempts to assure that its products comply with such codes, it cannot guarantee compliance, and cannot be responsible for how the product is installed or used? Before purchase and use of a product, please review the product application, and national and local codes and regulations, and be sure that the product, installation, and use will comply with them.

General Air Products, Inc. 118 Summit Drive Exton, PA 19341 P: 610-524-8950 F: 610-524-8965 REV: 4/22/11

PREACTION-PAC™ with NOTIFIER RP-2001 RELEASING CONTROL PANEL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL P/N 10-500001-00C VERSION 2.00 – NOVEMBER 2020

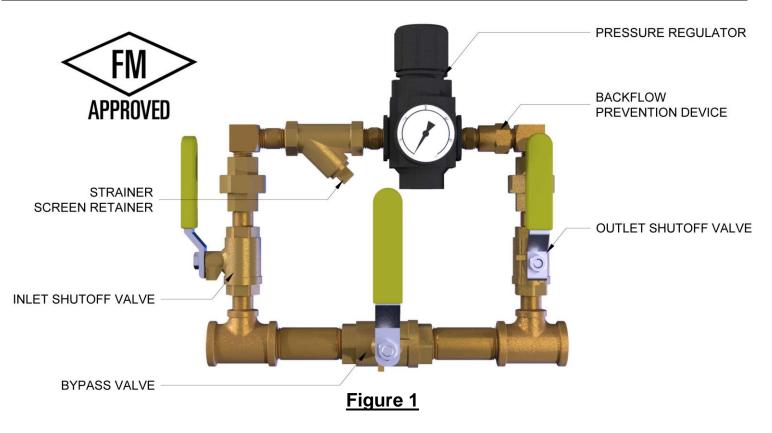
SECTION 4

United Fire Systems UFS-710

NAMD-1 Instruction Sheet

Nitrogen / Air Maintenance Device for Fire Sprinkler Systems Model NAMD-1





DESCRIPTION

The **UNITED Fire Systems Model NAMD-1** is an FM Approved device for controlling the nitrogen and / or air pressure in preaction and dry-pipe fire sprinkler piping. The device is equipped with a high-precision pressure regulator capable of providing accurate regulation over a wide range of inlet pressures and gas flows. This is especially important for sprinkler corrosion inhibiting systems supplying nitrogen to the sprinkler system, since most nitrogen systems provide less gas flow that a conventional air compressor.

SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.:	NAMD-1
Material (other than regulator):	Brass
Material (regulator body):	Zinc
Inlet:	1/2" NPT Female
Outlet:	1/2" NPT Female
Inlet Pressure Range:	0-175 PSIG (0-1200 kPa gauge)
Outlet Pressure Range:	15-60 PSIG (100-410 kPa gauge)
Maximum Pressure:	175 PSIG (1200 kPa)
Temperature Range:	-30°F to +150°F (-34°C to +65°C)
Dimensions (approx.):	9.75" L x 8.25" H (248 mm x 210 mm)
Weight (approx.):	7 lbs. (3.2 kg)

UNITED Fire Systems

Division of United Fire Protection Corporation 1 MARK ROAD KENILWORTH, NJ 07033 USA PHONE: 908-688-0300 FAX: 908-688-0218 unitedfiresystems.com

Nitrogen / Air Maintenance Device for Fire Sprinkler Systems Model **NAMD-1**



1. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS – READ AND UNDERSTAND BEFORE INSTALLATION



DO NOT disassemble the Model NAMD-1 device!

- 1.1. Install the **Model NAMD-1** device in the nitrogen / air pressure supply line to the sprinkler valve trim.
- 1.2. UNITED Fire Systems highly recommends installing one (1) Model NAMD-1 device for each sprinkler valve.
- 1.3. The device may be installed in any orientation.
- 1.4. Install the device as close as possible to the sprinkler valve receiving the pressure.
- 1.5. Locate the device in as a convenient place as possible, where the ball valves may be easily operated and the pressure gauge observed.
- 1.6. If the rigidity of the inlet and outlet piping is sufficient, no additional bracketing should be necessary. Otherwise, use standard split ring hangers and hardware to attach the device to the wall or other solid mounting location.



The Model NAMD-1 device is designed to operate in one direction only. Refer to Figure 1 to positively identify the INLET and OUTLET ports of the device.

- 1.7. Attach the piping from the pressure source to the **INLET** of the device. Piping shall be 1/2" nominal pipe size minimum. Use Teflon tape on the male pipe threads of the pipe only. DO NOT permit pipe thread sealant to enter the device.
- 1.8. Attach the piping from the **OUTLET** of the device to the proper connection point on the sprinkler valve trim. Piping shall be 1/2" nominal pipe size minimum. Use Teflon tape on the male threads of the pipe only. DO NOT permit pipe thread sealant to enter the device.
- 1.9. Proceed to the **COMMISSIONING** instructions below.

2. COMMISSIONING

- 2.1. Ensure all three (3) ball valves on the Model NAMD-1 device are CLOSED.
- 2.2. Determine proper supervisory pressure for the sprinkler valve which the device is connected to.
- 2.3. Pull pressure regulator adjustment knob UP.
- 2.4. Turn pressure regulator adjustment knob COUNTERCLOCKWISE to remove all force from the regulating spring.
- 2.5. Apply nitrogen pressure from sprinkler corrosion inhibiting system to the device inlet.
- 2.6. Leak check the piping from the pressure source to the Model NAMD-1 device. Piping should be as leak-free as possible. Correct all leaks before proceeding.
- 2.7. Gradually open inlet shutoff valve. Pressure gauge on the device pressure regulator should indicate pressure.



When adjusting pressure regulator, always approach the desired adjustment from a LOWER to a HIGHER pressure.

A. If pressure adjustment (as indicated on device pressure gauge) is LOW, turn pressure regulator adjustment knob CLOCKWISE to increase pressure to desired setting.

B. If pressure adjustment (as indicated on the device pressure gauge) is HIGH, turn pressure regulator adjustment knob COUNTERCLOCKWISE to reduce pressure 3-5 PSIG below desired setting, then turn knob CLOCKWISE to increase pressure to desired setting.

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Nitrogen / Air Maintenance Device for Fire Sprinkler Systems Model **NAMD-1**



2. COMMISSIONING (continued)

- 2.8. Turn pressure regulator adjustment knob clockwise until pressure gauge indicates 2-3 PSIG above the desired supervisory pressure determined in step 2.2.
- 2.9. Gradually open outlet shutoff valve. Nitrogen pressure will reach the sprinkler valve trim.
- 2.10. Leak check the piping from the **Model NAMD-1** device to the sprinkler valve trim. Piping should be as leak-free as possible. Correct all leaks before proceeding.
- 2.11 Check that pressure gauge continues to indicate 2-3 PSIG above supervisory pressure. Adjust if necessary.
- 2.12. Push pressure regulator adjustment knob DOWN.

3. OPERATION

Table 1 – Valve Positions				
MODE	INLET Shutoff Valve	OUTLET Shutoff Valve	BYPASS Valve	
No Gas Supply To Sprinkler Valve	Closed	Closed	Closed	
Initial-Fill With Air	Closed	Closed	OPEN	
Supply System With Nitrogen	OPEN	OPEN	Closed	
DO NOT Operate	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	

4. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

4.1 Monthly

- 4.1.1 Inspect the **Model NAMD-1** device valve position. Use Table 1 to verify that valve position is in accordance with desired MODE.
- 4.1.2 Inspect the pressure gauge. Verify that indicated pressure is 2-3 PSI above the desired supervisory pressure of the connected sprinkler valve. Refer to **2. COMMISSIONING** if regulator adjustment is required.
- <u>4.2 Annual</u> At least annually, inspect and clean the device strainer screen.



Ensure that **Model NAMD-1** device is completely depressurized before inspecting and cleaning the strainer screen. Failure to do so can result in death or serious personal injury!



When ball valves have been CLOSED, the nitrogen / air supply is not available to pressurize the sprinkler system piping. Take required precautions to prevent inadvertent sprinkler valve operation. Notify applicable personnel of possible "low air" signals.

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Nitrogen / Air Maintenance Device for Fire Sprinkler Systems Model **NAMD-1**



4. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE (Continued)

4.2 Annual (Continued)

- 4.2.1 Ensure there is no pressure present in the Model NAMD-1 device.
- 4.2.2 Hold device so that torque applied to strainer screen retainer does not move the device.
- 4.2.3 Refer to Figure 1. Apply suitable wrench to HEX on strainer screen retainer. Do NOT remove square plug.
- 4.2.4 Remove strainer screen retainer. Retain for replacement.
- 4.2.5 Examine rubber seal on strainer screen retainer. If damaged during removal, leakage may occur.
- 4.2.6 Remove strainer. Empty any loose material, and then flush with clean water. If necessary, use a wire brush to remove trapped particles. Dry strainer screen thoroughly before replacement.
- 4.2.7 If strainer screen is damaged, replace with new strainer screen UFS P/N 30-500003-401.
- 4.2.8 Insert strainer screen.
- 4.2.9 Replace strainer screen retainer, tightening wrench-tight.
- 4.2.10 See 2. COMMISSIONING to return Model NAMD-1 device to service.
- 4.2.11 Leak check the strainer screen retainer / strainer body connection. Correct leak if necessary.

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SECTION 5

Notifier Manual 52985

RP-2001 Control Panel Instruction Manual



PRE-ACTION/DELUGE CONTROL PANEL RP-2001 RP-2001E RP-2001C

Instruction Manual

Document 52985 1/26/2017 P/N 52985:D5



Fire Alarm & Emergency Communication System Limitations

While a life safety system may lower insurance rate An automatic fire alarm system—typically made up of smoke detectors, heat detectors, manual pull stations, audible warning devices, and a fire alarm control panel (FACP) with remote notification capability—can provide early warning of a developing fire. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire.

An emergency communication system-typically made up of an automatic fire alarm system (as described above) and a life safety communication system that may include an autonomous control unit (ACU), local operating console (LOC), voice communication, and other various interoperable communication methods-can broadcast a mass notification message. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire or life safety event. The Manufacturer recommends that smoke and/or heat detectors be located throughout a protected premises following the recommendations of the current edition of the National Fire Protection Association Standard 72 (NFPA 72), manufacturer's recommendations, State and local codes, and the recommendations contained in the Guide for Proper Use of System Smoke Detectors, which is made available at no charge to all installing dealers. This document can be found at http:// www.systemsensor.com/appguides/. A study by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (an agency of the United States government) indicated that smoke detectors may not go off in as many as 35% of all fires. While fire alarm systems are designed to provide early warning against fire, they do not guarantee warning or protection against fire. A fire alarm system may not provide timely or adequate warning, or simply may not function, for a variety of reasons:

Smoke detectors may not sense fire where smoke cannot reach the detectors such as in chimneys, in or behind walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on another level or floor of a building. A second-floor detector, for example, may not sense a first-floor or basement fire.

Particles of combustion or "smoke" from a developing fire may not reach the sensing chambers of smoke detectors because:

- Barriers such as closed or partially closed doors, walls, chimneys, even wet or humid areas may inhibit particle or smoke flow.
- Smoke particles may become "cold," stratify, and not reach the ceiling or upper walls where detectors are located.
- Smoke particles may be blown away from detectors by air outlets, such as air conditioning vents.
- Smoke particles may be drawn into air returns before reaching the detector.

The amount of "smoke" present may be insufficient to alarm smoke detectors. Smoke detectors are designed to alarm at various levels of smoke density. If such density levels are not created by a developing fire at the location of detectors, the detectors will not go into alarm.

Smoke detectors, even when working properly, have sensing limitations. Detectors that have photoelectronic sensing chambers tend to detect smoldering fires better than flaming fires, which have little visible smoke. Detectors that have ionizing-type sensing chambers tend to detect fast-flaming fires better than smoldering fires. Because fires develop in different ways and are often unpredictable in their growth, neither type of detector is necessarily best and a given type of detector may not provide adequate warning of a fire.

Smoke detectors cannot be expected to provide adequate warning of fires caused by arson, children playing with matches (especially in bedrooms), smoking in bed, and violent explosions

While a life safety system may lower insurance rates, it is not a substitute for life and property insurance! An automatic fire alarm system—typically made up of smoke detectors, heat detectors, manual pull stations, audible warning als, etc.).

> **Heat detectors** do not sense particles of combustion and alarm only when heat on their sensors increases at a predetermined rate or reaches a predetermined level. Rate-of-rise heat detectors may be subject to reduced sensitivity over time. For this reason, the rate-of-rise feature of each detector should be tested at least once per year by a qualified fire protection specialist. Heat detectors are designed to protect property, not life.

> **IMPORTANT!** Smoke detectors must be installed in the same room as the control panel and in rooms used by the system for the connection of alarm transmission wiring, communications, signaling, and/or power. If detectors are not so located, a developing fire may damage the alarm system, compromising its ability to report a fire.

Audible warning devices such as bells, horns, strobes, speakers and displays may not alert people if these devices are located on the other side of closed or partly open doors or are located on another floor of a building. Any warning device may fail to alert people with a disability or those who have recently consumed drugs, alcohol, or medication. Please note that:

- An emergency communication system may take priority over a fire alarm system in the event of a life safety emergency.
- Voice messaging systems must be designed to meet intelligibility requirements as defined by NFPA, local codes, and Authorities Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- Language and instructional requirements must be clearly disseminated on any local displays.
- Strobes can, under certain circumstances, cause seizures in people with conditions such as epilepsy.
- Studies have shown that certain people, even when they hear a fire alarm signal, do not respond to or comprehend the meaning of the signal. Audible devices, such as horns and bells, can have different tonal patterns and frequencies. It is the property owner's responsibility to conduct fire drills and other training exercises to make people aware of fire alarm signals and instruct them on the proper reaction to alarm signals.
- In rare instances, the sounding of a warning device can cause temporary or permanent hearing loss.

A life safety system will not operate without any electrical power. If AC power fails, the system will operate from standby batteries only for a specified time and only if the batteries have been properly maintained and replaced regularly.

Equipment used in the system may not be technically compatible with the control panel. It is essential to use only equipment listed for service with your control panel.

Telephone lines needed to transmit alarm signals from a premises to a central monitoring station may be out of service or temporarily disabled. For added protection against telephone line failure, backup radio transmission systems are recommended.

The most common cause of life safety system malfunction is inadequate maintenance. To keep the entire life safety system in excellent working order, ongoing maintenance is required per the manufacturer's recommendations, and UL and NFPA standards. At a minimum, the requirements of NFPA 72 shall be followed. Environments with large amounts of dust, dirt, or high air velocity require more frequent maintenance. A maintenance agreement should be arranged through the local manufacturer's representative. Maintenance should be scheduled monthly or as required by National and/or local fire codes and should be performed by authorized professional life safety system installers only. Adequate written records of all inspections should be kept. Limit-D-1-2013

Installation Precautions

Adherence to the following will aid in problem-free installation with long-term reliability:

WARNING - Several different sources of power can be connected to the fire alarm control panel. Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. Control unit and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules, or interconnecting cables while the unit is energized. Do not attempt to install, service, or operate this unit until manuals are read and understood.

CAUTION - System Re-acceptance Test after Software

Changes: To ensure proper system operation, this product must be tested in accordance with NFPA 72 after any programming operation or change in site-specific software. Reacceptance testing is required after any change, addition or deletion of system components, or after any modification, repair or adjustment to system hardware or wiring. All components, circuits, system operations, or software functions known to be affected by a change must be 100% tested. In addition, to ensure that other operations are not inadvertently affected, at least 10% of initiating devices that are not directly affected by the change, up to a maximum of 50 devices, must also be tested and proper system operation verified.

This system meets NFPA requirements for operation at 0-49° C/32-120° F and at a relative humidity $93\% \pm 2\%$ RH (noncondensing) at $32^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ ($90^{\circ}F \pm 3^{\circ}F$). However, the useful life of the system's standby batteries and the electronic components may be adversely affected by extreme temperature ranges and humidity. Therefore, it is recommended that this system and its peripherals be installed in an environment with a normal room temperature of 15-27° C/60-80° F.

Verify that wire sizes are adequate for all initiating and indicating device loops. Most devices cannot tolerate more than a 10% I.R. drop from the specified device voltage.

Like all solid state electronic devices, this system may operate erratically or can be damaged when subjected to lightning induced transients. Although no system is completely immune from lightning transients and interference, proper grounding will reduce susceptibility. Overhead or outside aerial wiring is not recommended, due to an increased susceptibility to nearby lightning strikes. Consult with the Technical Services Department if any problems are anticipated or encountered.

Disconnect AC power and batteries prior to removing or inserting circuit boards. Failure to do so can damage circuits.

Remove all electronic assemblies prior to any drilling, filing, reaming, or punching of the enclosure. When possible, make all cable entries from the sides or rear. Before making modifications, verify that they will not interfere with battery, transformer, or printed circuit board location.

Do not tighten screw terminals more than 9 in-lbs. Overtightening may damage threads, resulting in reduced terminal contact pressure and difficulty with screw terminal removal.

This system contains static-sensitive components.

Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any circuits so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies removed from the unit.

Follow the instructions in the installation, operating, and programming manuals. These instructions must be followed to avoid damage to the control panel and associated equipment. FACP operation and reliability depend upon proper installation.

Precau-D1-9-2005

FCC Warning

WARNING: This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for class A computing devices pursuant to Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when devices are operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.

Canadian Requirements

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radiation noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le present appareil numerique n'emet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassant les limites applicables aux appareils numeriques de la classe A prescrites dans le Reglement sur le brouillage radioelectrique edicte par le ministere des Communications du Canada.

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Software Downloads

In order to supply the latest features and functionality in fire alarm and life safety technology to our customers, we make frequent upgrades to the embedded software in our products. To ensure that you are installing and programming the latest features, we strongly recommend that you download the most current version of software for each product prior to commissioning any system. Contact Technical Support with any questions about software and the appropriate version for a specific application.

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It is imperative that the installer understand the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) and be familiar with the standards set forth by the following regulatory agencies:

- Underwriters Laboratories
- NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code
- CAN/ULC S527-11 Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems

Before proceeding, the installer should be familiar with the following documents.

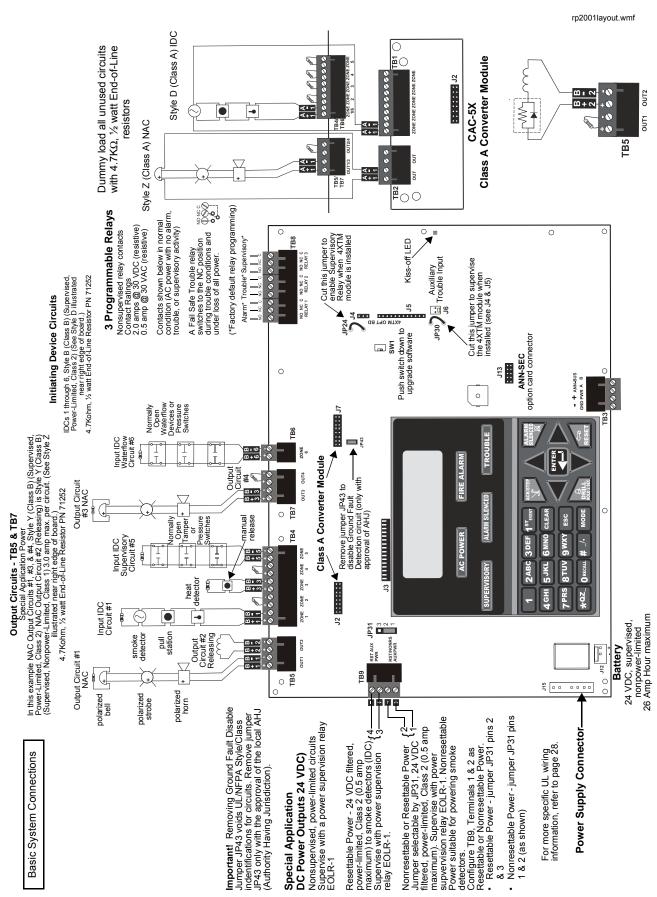


NFPA Standards

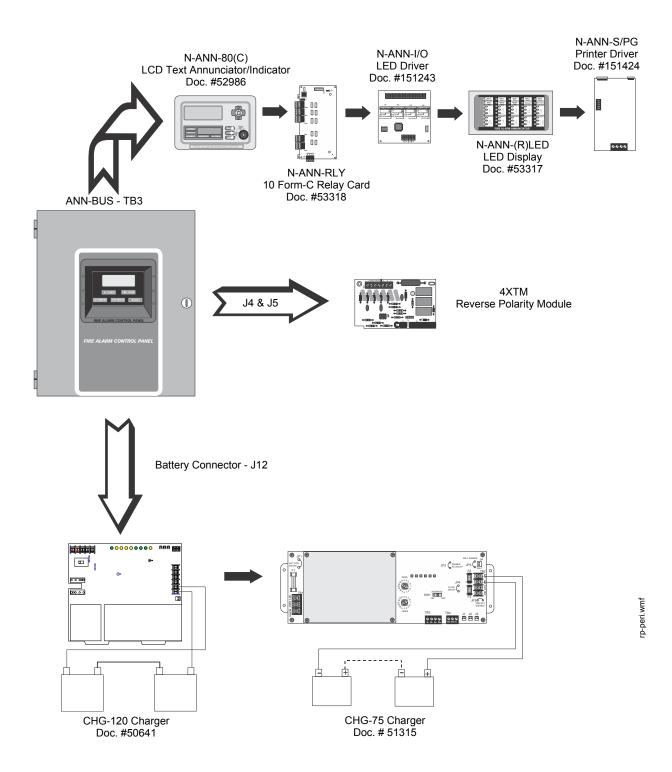
This Fire Alarm Control Panel complies with the following NFPA Standards: NFPA 13 Installation of Sprinkler Systems NFPA 15 Water Spray Fixed Systems NFPA 16 Deluge Foam-Water Sprinkler and Foam-Water Spray Systems NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code for Local Fire Alarm Systems and Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems (requires an optional Remote Station Output Module) **Underwriters Laboratories Documents for Reference:** UL 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes UL 217 Smoke Detectors, Single and Multiple Station UL 228 Door Closers-Holders for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications UL 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 464 Audible Signaling Appliances UL 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 864 Standard for Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances UL 1971 Signaling Devices for Hearing Impaired CAN/ULC - S524-01 Standard for Installation of Fire Alarm Systems This Class (A) digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. Cet appareil numérique de la classe (A) est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada. Other: Canadian Electrical Code, Part I NEC Article 250 Grounding NEC Article 300 Wiring Methods NEC Article 760 Fire Protective Signaling Systems Applicable Local and State Building Codes Requirements of the Local Authority Having Jurisdiction (LAHJ) **Notifier Documents** Notifier Device Compatibility Document Document #15378 411UD Manual Document #50759 411UDAC Manual Document #51073 CHG-75 Battery Charger Manual Document #51315 CHG-120 Battery Charger Manual Document #50641 N-ANN-80 Product Installation Doc. Document #52986 N-ANN-(R)LED Product Installation Doc. Document #53317 N-ANN-I/O Product Installation Doc. Document #151243 N-ANN-RLY Product Installation Doc. Document #53318 N-ANN-S/PG Product Installation Doc. Document #151424 This product has been certified to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, 9th Edition. Operation of this product with products not tested for UL 864, 9th Edition has not been evaluated. Such operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

> This product has been certified to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems, ULC-S527, 3rd Edition. Operation of this product with products not tested for ULC-S527 3rd Edition has not been evaluated. Such operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).





FACP Main Circuit Board



Section 1: Product Description

The RP-2001 is a six zone FACP for single and dual hazard deluge and preaction applications. The FACP provides reliable fire detection, signaling and protection for commercial, industrial and institutional buildings requiring water-based releasing. The FACP is compatible with System Sensor's **i**³ detectors which are conventional smoke detectors that can transmit a maintenance trouble signal to the FACP indicating the need for cleaning and a supervisory 'freeze' signal when the ambient temperature falls below the detector rating of approximately 45° F (7° C) (refer to System Sensor for **i**³ Installation and Maintenance Instructions). In addition, the control panel is compatible with conventional input devices, tamper switches and other normally-open contact devices. Refer to Device Compatibility Document for a complete listing of compatible devices.

Four outputs are programmable as NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) or releasing solenoids. Three programmable Form-C relays (factory programmed for Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory) and 24 VDC special application resettable and nonresettable power outputs are also included on the main circuit board. The FACP supervises all wiring, AC voltage, battery charger and battery level.

Activation of a compatible smoke detector or any normally-open fire alarm initiating device will activate audible and visual signaling devices, illuminate an indicator, display alarm information on the panel's LCD, sound the piezo sounder at the FACP, activate the FACP alarm relay and operate an optional module used to notify a remote station or initiate an auxiliary control function.

The RP-2001C (Canada) is a ULC approved Canadian version of the FACP which offers the same features as the RP-2001 but is supplied standard with a dress panel and one built-in N-ANN-LED annunciator.

The RP-2001E offers the same features as the RP-2001 but allows connection to 220/240 VAC.

Unless otherwise specified, the information in this manual applies to all versions of the panel.

1.1 Product Features

- Six programmable Style B (Class B) IDCs (Initiating Device Circuit)
- Four programmable Style Y (Class B) output circuits (special application power)
- Three programmable Form-C relays
- 7.0 amps total 24 VDC output circuit current
- Resettable and non-resettable output power
- Built-in Programmer
- ANN-BUS for connection to optional:
 - ✓ N-ANN-80 Remote LCD Annunciator
 - ✓ N-ANN-I/O LED Driver
 - ✓ N-ANN-S/PG Printer Module
 - ✓ N-ANN-RLY Relay Module
 - ✓ N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module
- 80-character LCD display (backlit)
- Real-time clock/calendar with daylight savings time control
- History log with 256 event storage
- Control Buttons
 - ✓ ACK (Acknowledge)
 - ✓ Alarm Silenced
 - ✓ System Reset/Lamp Test
 - 🖌 Drill

- Indicators
 - ✓ Fire Alarm
 - ✓ Supervisory
 - ✓ Trouble
 - ✓ AC Power
 - ✓ Alarm Silenced
 - ✓ Discharge
- Piezo sounder for alarm, trouble and supervisory
- 24 volt operation
- Low AC voltage sense
- Outputs Programmable for:
 - ✓ Releasing Solenoids
 - ✓ NACs programmable for:
 - Silence Inhibit
 - Auto-Silence
 - Strobe Synchronization (System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, Faraday, Amseco)
 - Selective Silence (horn-strobe mute)
 - Temporal or Steady Signal
 - Silenceable or Nonsilenceable
 - Release Stage Sounder
- Designed for sprinkler standards NFPA 13, 15 and 16
- Disable/Enable control per input zone and output zone
- Extensive transient protection
- Dual hazard operation
- Adjustable waterflow discharge timer and two soak timers
- Cross-zone (double-interlock) capability
- Pre-programmed and custom application templates
- Automatic battery charger with charger supervision
- Silent or audible walktest capabilities
- Optional Dress Panel DP-51050 (red)
- A modified Dress Panel is provided standard with Canadian models: includes an N-ANN-LED Annunciator module
- Optional Trim Ring TR-CE (red) for semi-flush mounting the cabinet
- Optional N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module for Outputs and IDCs
- Optional 4XTM Municipal Box Transmitter Module
- Optional Digital Alarm Communicators (411, 411UD, 411UDAC)
- Optional ANN-SEC card for secondary ANN-BUS

1.2 Specifications

AC Power

RP-2001/C: 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 3.66 amps RP-2001E: 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 2.085 amps Wire size: minimum #14 AWG (2.0 mm²) with 600V insulation Supervised, nonpower-limited

Battery (sealed lead acid only) - J12

Maximum Charging Circuit - Normal Flat Charge: 27.6 VDC @ 1.4 amp
Supervised, nonpower-limited
Maximum Charger Capacity: 26 Amp Hour battery (two 18 Amp Hour batteries can be housed in the FACP cabinet. Larger batteries require a separate battery box such as the NFS-LBB or BB-26 and the CHG-75 or CHG-120 Battery Charger.)
Minimum Battery Size: 7 Amp Hour *Canadian Applications Minimum Battery Size: 12 Amp Hour Maximum Battery Size: 18 Amp Hour*

Initiating Device Circuits - TB4 and TB6

Alarm Zones 1 - 5 on TB 4
Alarm Zone 6 on TB6
Supervised and power-limited circuitry
Operation: All zones Style B (Class B)
Normal Operating Voltage: Nominal 20 VDC
Alarm Current: 15 mA minimum
Short Circuit Current: 40 mA max.
Maximum Loop Resistance: 100 ohms (700 ohms for linear heat detection - See Section 2.3, "Input Circuits" for more information.)
End-of-Line Resistor: 4.7KΩ 1/2 watt (Part #71252)
Standby Current: 2 mA
Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for listed compatible devices

Notification Appliance and Releasing Circuit(s) - TB5 and TB7

Four Output Circuits Operation: Style Y (Class B) Special Application power Supervised and power-limited circuitry Normal Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC Maximum Signaling Current: 7.0 amps (3.0 amps special application, 300 mA regulated maximum per NAC) End-of-Line Resistor: 4.7KΩ, 1/2 watt (Part #71252) Refer to "Wire Requirements" on page 121 for wire specifications Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

Form-C Relays - Programmable - TB8

Relay 1 (factory default programmed as Alarm Relay) Relay 2 (factory default programmed as fail-safe Trouble Relay) Relay 3 (factory default programmed as Supervisory Relay) Relay Contact Ratings: 2 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive) and 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive)

Auxiliary Trouble Input - J6

The Auxiliary Trouble Input is an open collector, unsupervised circuit which can be used to monitor external devices for trouble conditions. It can be connected to the trouble bus of a peripheral, such as a power supply, which is compatible with open collector circuits. All connections must be in conduit, less than 20 ft. (610 cm) in length in the same room.

Special Application Resettable Power - TB9

Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC Maximum Available Current: 500 mA - appropriate for powering 4-wire smoke detectors Power-limited Circuitry Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

Special Application Resettable or Nonresettable Power - TB9

Operating Voltage: Nominal 24 VDC Maximum Available Current: 500 mA Power-limited Circuitry Jumper selectable by JP31 for resettable or nonresettable power:

- ✓ Jumper pins 1 & 2 on JP31 for nonresettable power
- ✓ Jumper pins 2 & 3 on JP31 for resettable power

Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible listed devices

Special Application Primary ANN-BUS Power - TB3

Operating voltage: Nominal 24 VDC Maximum Available Current: 500 mA Power-limited circuit

Special Application Secondary ANN-BUS Power - ANN-SEC - TB1

Operating voltage: Nominal 24 VDC Maximum Available Current: 500 mA Power-limited circuit

The following figure illustrates the maximum current that is possible for each major panel output circuit and the total current available from the FACP with the FLPS-7 power supply.

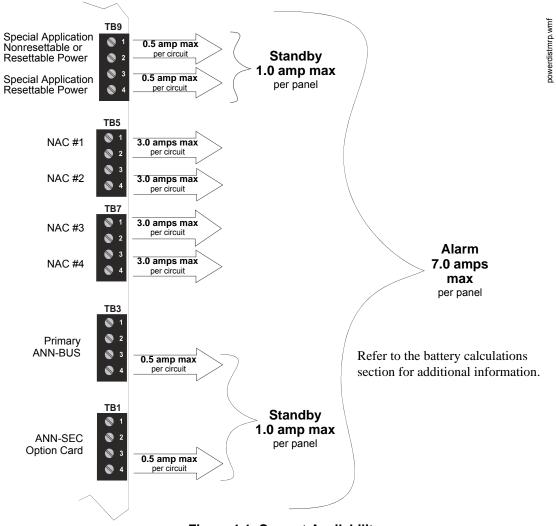


Figure 1.1 Current Availability

1.3 Controls and Indicators

LCD Display

The FACP uses an 80-character (4 lines X 20 characters) high viewing angle LCD display. The display includes a long life LED backlight that remains illuminated. If AC power is lost and the system is not in alarm, the LED backlight will turn off to conserve batteries.

SYSTEM ALL NORMAL 10:00A 091814

Key Panel

Mounted on the main circuit board, the key panel includes a window for the LCD display and indicators as listed above. The key panel, which is visible with the cabinet door closed, has 25 keys, including a 16 key alpha-numeric pad similar to a telephone keypad.

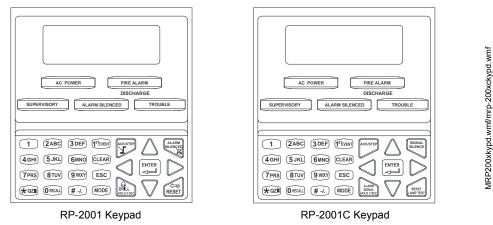


Figure 1.2 Membrane/Display Panel

Function keys:

- Acknowledge/Step
- Alarm Silenced (Domestic/Export version)/Signal Silence (Canadian version)
- Drill (Domestic/Export version)/Alarm Signal (Canadian version) ٠
- System Reset (lamp test)

Service/program keys:

- Keys labeled 1 to 9
- * key .
- # key
- 0 (recall) key •
- 1st Event key
- Clear key ٠
- Escape key
- Mode key .
- Four cursor keys (up, down, left and right) ٠
- Enter key

Local Piezo Sounder

A piezo sounder provides separate and distinct pulse rates for alarm, trouble and supervisory conditions.

Indicators

Indicators are provided to annunciate the following conditions:

- Fire Alarm red indicator
- Supervisory yellow indicator
- AC Power green indicator
- System Trouble yellow indicator
- Alarm Silenced yellow indicator
- Discharge red indicator

Local Piezo Sounder

A piezo sounder provides separate and distinct sounds for alarm, trouble, maintenance and supervisory conditions as follows:

- Alarm on steady
- Trouble pulse 1 second on and 1 second off
- Maintenance pulse 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off
- Supervisory pulse 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off

1.4 Components

Main Circuit Board

The main circuit board contains the system's CPU and other primary components and wiring interface connectors. Optional modules plug in and are mounted to the main circuit board.

Power Supply

One FLPS-7 power supply is provided standard with each FACP, mounted to a chassis.

Cabinet

The backbox measures 16.65" (42.29 cm) x 19.0" (48.26 cm) x 5.207" (13.23 cm) and provides space for two batteries (up to 18 Amp Hours). Also available are the optional dress panel (DP-51050 [red] and trim-ring TR-CE [red]. The Canadian version is supplied standard with a modified dress panel and one N-ANN-LED annunciator module.

Batteries

The cabinet provides space for two 18 Amp Hour batteries (larger batteries require use of a UL listed battery box such as the NFS-LBB or BB-26). Batteries must be ordered separately.

1.5 Optional Modules and Accessories

N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module

The N-CAC-5X Module can be used to convert the Style B (Class B) Initiating Device Circuits to Style D (Class A) and Style Y (Class B) Output Circuits to Style Z (Class A). The modules connect to J2 and J7 on the FACP main circuit board. Note that two Class A Converter modules are required to convert all six Initiating Device Circuits and four Output Circuits.

4XTM Transmitter Module

The 4XTM provides a supervised output for local energy municipal box transmitter and alarm and trouble reverse polarity. It includes a disable switch and disable trouble LED. A module jumper option allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. he 4XTM mounts to the main circuit board connectors J4 & J5.

ANN-SEC Secondary ANN-BUS Module

The ANN-SEC module provides another ANN-BUS port for more wiring flexibility and for Canadian applications requiring remote annunciation.

N-ANN-80 LCD Annunciator

The N-ANN-80 (red) and N-ANN-80-W (white) are remote LCD annunciators that mimic the information displayed on the FACP LCD display.

N-ANN-80C LCD Indicator (Canadian applications)

The N-ANN-80C is a remote LCD indicator which mimics the information displayed on the FACP LCD display but does not allow remote control of the FACP.

The N-ANN-80C is **not** ULC-S527 3rd Edition Listed.

N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module

The N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module provides three LEDs for each zone: Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory.

N-ANN-RLY Relay Module

The N-ANN-RLY Module, which can be mounted inside the cabinet, provides 10 Form-C relays.

N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Gateway

The N-ANN-S/PG module provides a connection for a serial or parallel printer.

N-ANN-I/O LED Driver Module

The N-ANN-I/O module provides connections to a user supplied graphic annunciator.

DP-51050Dress Panel

A dress panel DP-51050 (red) is available as an option. The dress panel restricts access to the system wiring while allowing access to the membrane switch panel. The Canadian version is supplied standard with a modified dress panel.

TR-CE Trim-ring

A trim-ring TR-CE (red) is available as an option. The trim-ring allows semi-flush mounting of the cabinet.

Battery Box

The NFS-LBB or BB-26 battery box may be used to house two batteries greater than 18 Amp Hour. The battery box mounts directly below the control panel cabinet, centered to the main circuit board.

Battery Chargers

CHG-75 Battery Charger

The CHG-75 is capable of charging up to 75 AH lead-acid batteries with the FACP. The FACP battery charger must be disabled, through software programming, when using the CHG-75. The charger and up to 26 AH batteries can be housed in the BB-26 battery box. Larger batteries and the charger can be housed in the NFS-LBB battery box which can be mounted up to 20 feet away from the control panel. Refer to the *CHG-75 Manual* for additional information.

CHG-120 Battery Charger

The CHG-120 is capable of charging up to 120 AH lead-acid batteries with the FACP. The FACP battery charger must be disabled, through software programming, when using the CHG-120. The batteries and charger can be housed in the NFS-LBB battery box which can be mounted up to 20 feet away from the control panel. Note that when using the NFS-LBB for housing the charger and batteries greater than 26AH, multiple NFS-LBBs are required. Refer to the *CHG-120 Manual* for additional information.

Section 2: Installation

The cabinet can be surface mounted or semi-flush mounted. The door is removable during the installation period by opening and lifting it off the hinges. The cabinet mounts using two key slots at the top of the backbox and two additional securing holes located at the bottom.

Carefully unpack the system and check for shipping damage. Mount the cabinet in a clean, dry, vibration-free area where extreme temperatures or levels of humidity are not encountered. The area should be readily accessible with sufficient room to easily install and maintain the panel. Locate the top of the cabinet approximately 5 feet (1.5 m) above the floor with the hinge mounting on the left. Determine the number of conductors required for the devices to be installed. Sufficient knockouts are provided for wiring convenience. Select the appropriate knockout(s) and pull the conductors into the box. All wiring should be in accordance with the National and/or Local codes for fire alarm systems.

2.1 Backbox Mounting



CAUTION: STATIC SENSITIVE COMPONENTS

THE CIRCUIT BOARD CONTAINS STATIC-SENSITIVE COMPONENTS. ALWAYS GROUND YOURSELF WITH A PROPER WRIST STRAP BEFORE HANDLING ANY BOARDS SO THAT STATIC CHARGES ARE REMOVED FROM THE BODY. USE STATIC SUPPRESSIVE PACKAGING TO PROTECT ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES.

To prevent damage to the circuit board and to facilitate backbox mounting, the chassis with main circuit board and power supply can be easily removed. Loosen the two 3/8" nuts securing the top flanges of the chassis, then slide the chassis up to free it from the lower tabs. Place the chassis assembly in a protective antistatic bag in a safe location until it can be reinstalled in the backbox.

- ✓ Mark and predrill hole in the wall for the center top keyhole mounting bolt using the dimensions illustrated in Figure 2.2 on page 21
- \checkmark Install center top fastener in the wall with the screw head protruding
- \checkmark Place backbox over the top screw, level and secure
- ✓ Mark and drill the left and right upper and lower mounting holes Note: outer holes (closest to sidewall) are used for 16" on-center stud mounting
- ✓ Install remaining fasteners and tighten

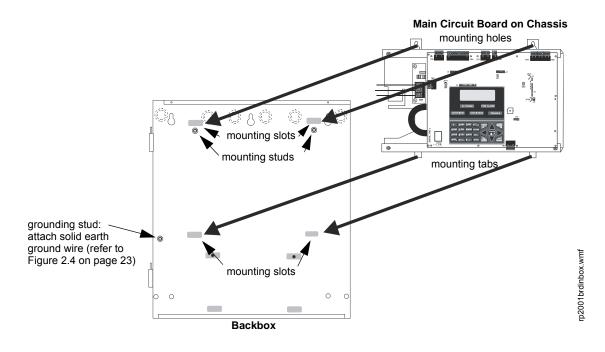
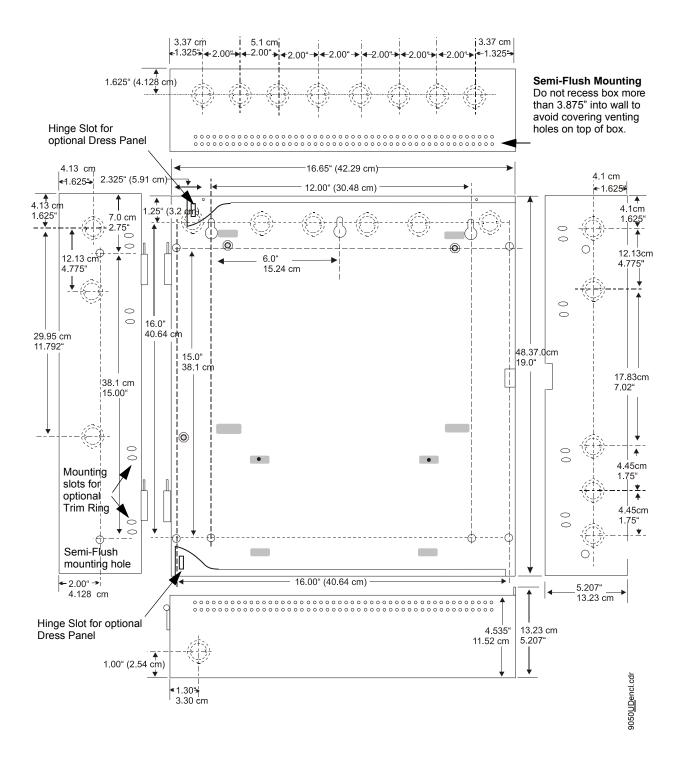
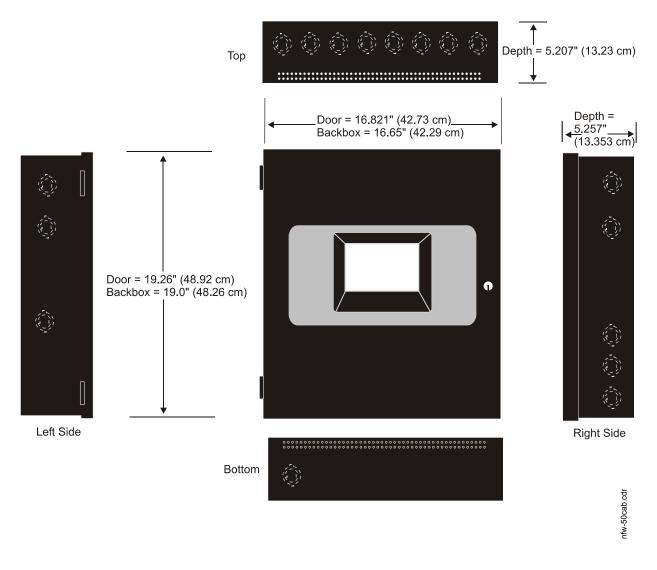
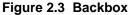


Figure 2.1 Chassis Mounting in Backbox









2.2 Operating Power

CAUTION: DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING SEVERAL DIFFERENT SOURCES OF POWER CAN BE CONNECTED TO THIS PANEL. DISCONNECT ALL SOURCES OF POWER BEFORE SERVICING. THE PANEL AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT MAY BE DAMAGED BY REMOVING AND/OR INSERTING CARDS, MODULES OR INTERCONNECTING CABLES WHILE THIS UNIT IS ENERGIZED.

Primary Power Source (AC) and Earth Ground Connections

AC power connections are made inside the control panel cabinet. The primary power source for the panel is 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 3.66 amps for the RP-2001/C or 240 VAC, 50/60 HZ, 2.085 amps for the RP-2001E. Run a pair of wires (with ground conductor) from the protected premises main breaker box to the AC terminal block TB1 on the main power supply As per the National Electrical Code, use 14 AWG (2.00 mm², 1.6 mm O.D.) or heavier gauge wire with 600V insulation. No other equipment may be connected to this circuit. In addition, this circuit must be provided with

overcurrent protection and may not contain any power disconnect devices. A separate Earth Ground connection must be made to ensure proper panel operation and lightning and transient protection. Connect the Earth Ground wire [minimum 14 AWG (2.00 mm²)] to the grounding stud in the backbox and then run the wire to TB1 *Do not use conduit for the Earth Ground connection since this does not provide reliable protection.*

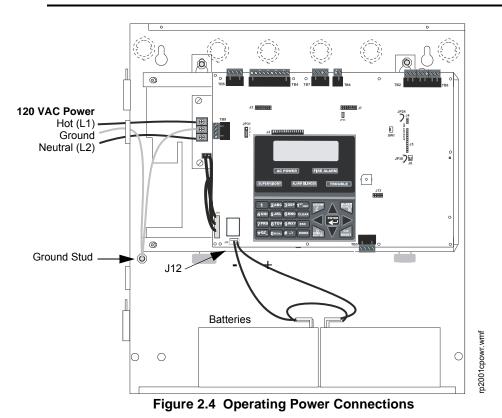
Secondary Power Source (Batteries)

Observe polarity when connecting the battery. Connect the battery cable to J12 on the main circuit board using the plug-in connector and cable provided. The battery charger is current-limited and capable of charging sealed lead acid batteries. The charger shuts off when the system is in alarm.



WARNING: BATTERY CONTAINS SULFURIC ACID

BATTERY CONTAINS SULFURIC ACID WHICH CAN CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO THE SKIN AND EYES AND CAN DESTROY FABRICS. IF CONTACT IS MADE WITH SULFURIC ACID, IMMEDIATELY FLUSH THE SKIN OR EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES AND SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.



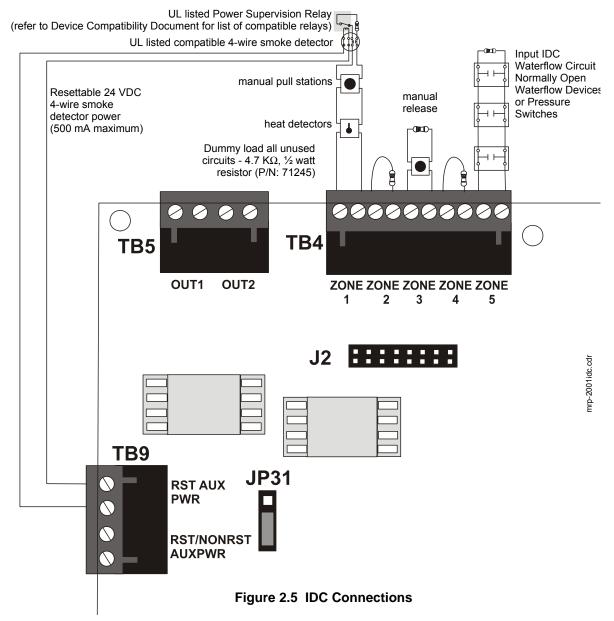
2.3 Input Circuits

The RP-2001 has six programmable IDCs (Initiating Device Circuits). Each circuit is compatible with System Sensor's **i**³ smoke detectors which generate a maintenance signal when the detector becomes dirty and a separate supervisory 'freeze' signal when ambient temperature falls below the detector rating of approximately 45°F. The maximum loop resistance limit for each IDC is 100 ohms (700 ohms for linear heat detection). Do not use 2-wire smoke detectors on input zones used for linear heat detection. The field wiring for each zone is supervised for opens, shorts and ground faults. All conditions are visually and audibly annunciated.

Each circuit is configured for Style B (Class B) operation and will accept **i**³ smoke detectors, any normally-open contact devices as well as conventional 2-wire or 4-wire, 24 VDC smoke detectors. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for a list of compatible devices.

Initiating Device Circuits can be converted to Style D (Class A) by installing the optional Class A Converter module. Refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

Class B Initiating Device Circuits (supervised and power-limited) 4.7 KΩ, ½ watt resistor P/N:71252



Combination Waterflow/Supervisory Zone

A combination Waterflow/Supervisory circuit allows an FACP to distinguish between an Alarm switch (waterflow device) and a Supervisory switch (tamper) installed on the same circuit. Any circuit can be programmed as a Combo Type zone. The following figure illustrates the wiring of Zone 2 as a Style B (Class B) Waterflow/Supervisory circuit.

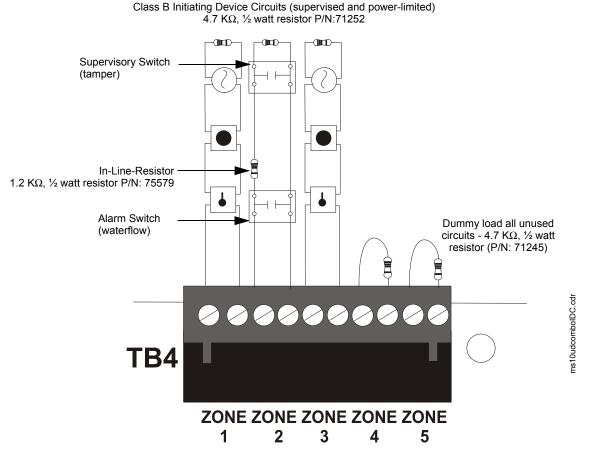


Figure 2.6 Style B Combination Circuit on Zone 2

Requirements for the Combination Waterflow/Supervisory circuit are as follows:

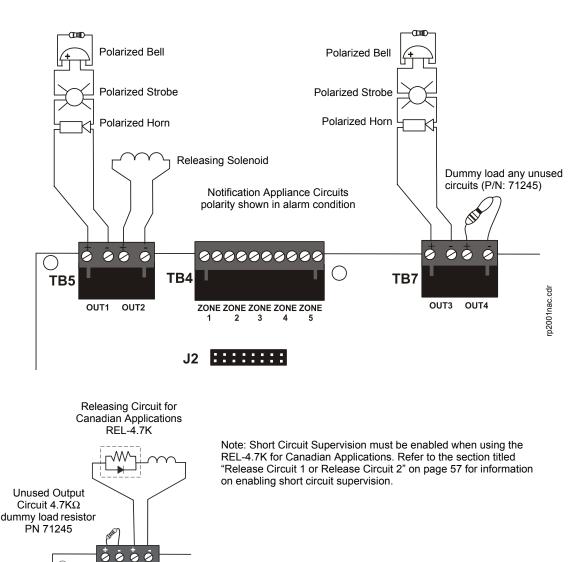
- ✓ This circuit is only intended for *one* Waterflow and *one* Supervisory device.
- ✓ The Waterflow Alarm Switch must connect to the FACP Initiating Device Circuit before the In-Line Resistor as shown in Figure 2.6.
- ✓ The Supervisory Switch must connect to the FACP Initiating Device Circuit after the In-Line Resistor as shown in Figure 2.6.
- ✓ Program the FACP Initiating Device Circuit as a Combination circuit as described in "Input Zones" on page 52. Note that since a Waterflow Supervisory Switch is included in a Combination circuit, the waterflow delay must be taken into consideration. Refer to "Waterflow Delay" on page 62.
- ✓ Waterflow Alarm Switch activation causes the panel to latch into alarm until the alarm condition is cleared and the FACP is reset
- ✓ Supervisory Switch activation causes the panel to latch the supervisory condition if the Combo type code is selected or track (the panel will clear when the supervisory condition is cleared) if the Combo Autoresettable Supervisory type code is selected.

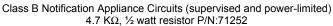
2.4 Output Circuits

2.4.1 Outputs/Notification Appliance/Releasing Circuits

Each of the four Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits can output a maximum of 3.0 amps of current. Total current drawn from these as well as other DC power outputs cannot exceed 7.0 amps (refer to battery calculations section). Each circuit is supervised, power-limited and provides special application power. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for a listing of compatible notification appliances.

The NACs can be converted to Style Z (Class A) by installing two optional Class A Converter module. Refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.







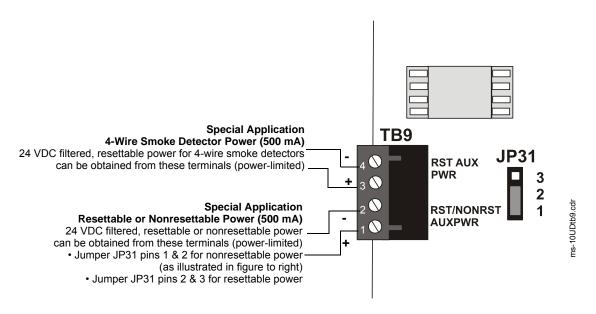
TB5

OUT1

OUT2

2.4.2 Special Application DC Power Output Connections

Special Application Resettable and Nonresettable 24 VDC power is available on the RP-2001 control panel.





2.4.3 Relays - Programmable

The RP-2001 control panel provides a factory default programmed alarm relay, fail-safe trouble relay and supervisory relay. Each relay can be programmed to activate for other conditions (refer to "On-Board Relays" on page 60). Each Form-C relay is rated for 2 amps @ 30VDC (resistive) and 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive).

Note that relay connections must be power-limited.

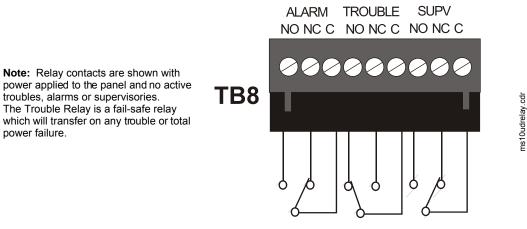


Figure 2.9 Relay Terminals

Installation

2.5 Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must remain separated in the cabinet. All power-limited circuit wiring must remain at least 0.25" (6.35 mm) away from any nonpower-limited circuit wiring. Furthermore, all power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must enter and exit the cabinet through different knockouts and/or conduits. A typical wiring diagram is illustrated below.

*Note: In certain applications, an NAC (power-limited circuit) could be adjacent to a releasing circuit (nonpower-limited without supervision kit REL-4.7K)

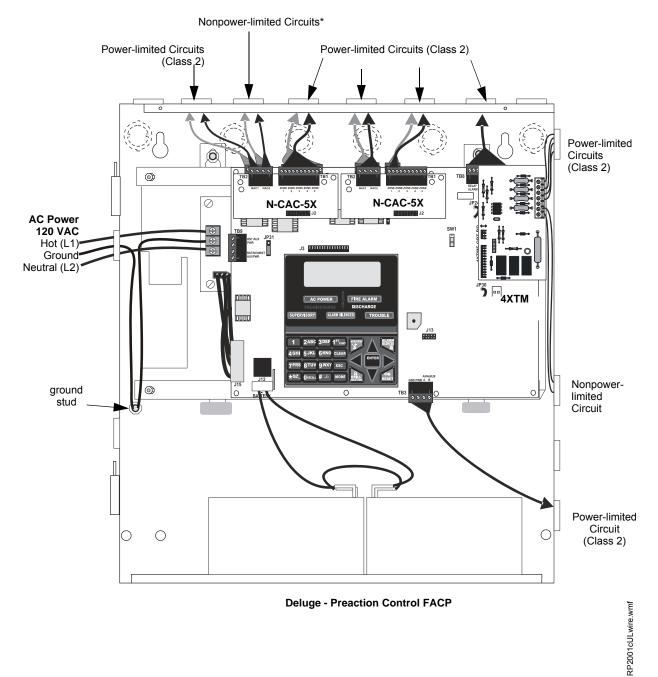


Figure 2.10 Typical UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements

2.6 Installation of Optional Modules



CAUTION: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF POWER

REMOVE ALL POWER (AC AND DC) BEFORE INSTALLING OR REMOVING MODULES OR WIRING.

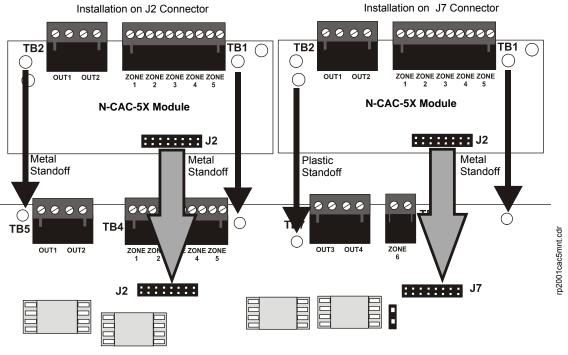
2.6.1 N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module

Installation

The N-CAC-5X Module can be used to convert five Style B (Class B) Initiating Device Circuits to Style D (Class A) and the two Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits to Style Z (Class A). Two N-CAC-5X Modules are required to convert all Output Circuits and/or Initiating Device Circuits to Class A. The modules plug into connector J2 which is located at the top left of the main circuit board and J7 which is located at the top center of the main circuit board.

To install the N-CAC-5X, remove the two main circuit board mounting screws referenced in the following illustration and replace with the two supplied male/female standoffs in the locations indicated in the following figure. Carefully align the connector on the N-CAC-5X with J2 on the FACP main circuit board and press the module securely into place. Make certain the pins are properly aligned to prevent bending or breaking of any connector pins. Secure the N-CAC-5X to the standoffs with the screws that were just removed.

To install the second N-CAC-5X on J7, remove the main circuit board mounting screw referenced in the following illustration and replace with the supplied male/female standoff. Insert the supplied plastic standoff in the location indicated in the following illustration. Carefully align the connector on the N-CAC-5X with J7 and press the module securely into place. Make certain the pins are properly aligned to prevent bending or breaking of any connector pins. Secure the N-CAC-5X to the metal standoff with the screw that was just removed.



Main Circuit Board

Figure 2.11 N-CAC-5X Module Installation

Wiring NACs and IDCs for Class A

Wire the Style Z (Class A) Notification Appliance Circuits using TB5 of the FACP main circuit board and TB2 of the N-CAC-5X module. Wire the Style D (Class A) Initiating Device Circuits using TB4 of the FACP main circuit board and TB1 of the N-CAC-5X. Note that the wiring will be identical when using TB7 NAC and TB6 IDC of the FACP. Make certain to observe polarity when connecting the devices to the circuits. The B+ and A+ terminals must comprise the feed and return for the positive side of a device and the B- and A- terminals must comprise the feed and return for the negative side of a device. To configure any of the zones for Class B when the N-CAC-5X is installed, simply wire to the B+ and B- input on the FACP terminal(s) and install the End-of-Line Resistor after the last device on the circuit. Do not wire to the corresponding A+ and A- terminals on the N-CAC-5X module.

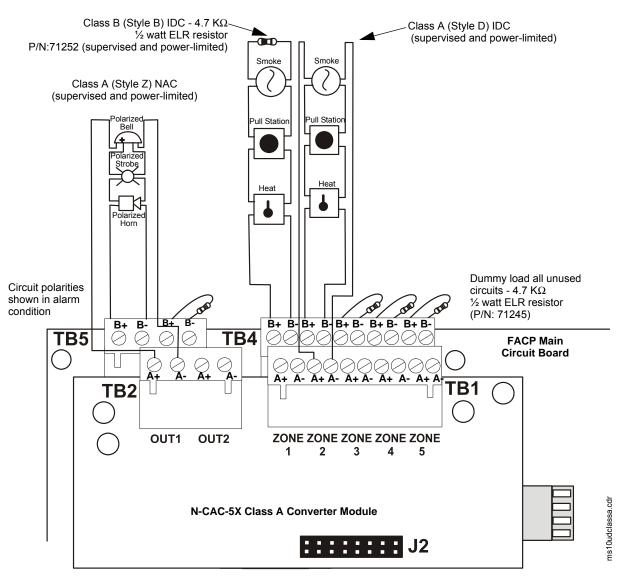


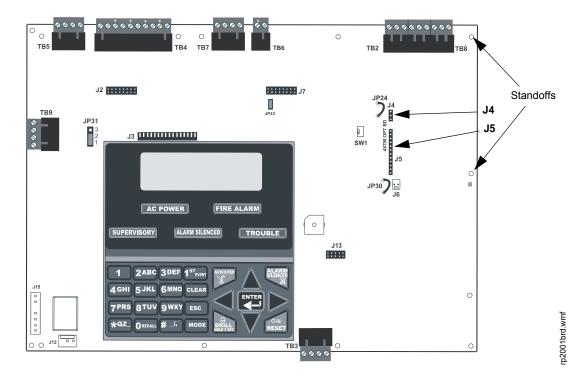
Figure 2.12 Wiring NACs and IDCs for Class A Operation

2.6.2 4XTM Municipal Box Transmitter Option Module

The 4XTM module can be plugged into connectors J4 and J5 on the main circuit board.

The following steps must be followed when installing the 4XTM module:

- 1. Remove all power (AC and DC) from the FACP before installing the modules
- 2. Cut jumper JP30 on the main circuit board to allow the control panel to supervise the placement of the 4XTM option module
- 3. Install the two supplied metal standoffs in the locations indicated. These standoffs provide the required earth ground protection
- 4. Carefully plug the connectors on the option module into connectors J4 and J5 on the FACP main circuit board, being careful not to bend any pins
- 5. Secure the option module to the standoff on the main circuit board with the supplied screws
- 6. When the installation has been completed, connect the wiring to the modules as indicated in the following sections



7. Test system for proper operation

Figure 2.13 4XTM Option Module Connection

4XTM Transmitter Module Installation

The 4XTM provides a supervised output for a local energy municipal box transmitter in addition to alarm and trouble reverse polarity. A jumper option allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. A disable switch allows disabling of the transmitter output during testing to prevent accidental calling of the monitoring service.

Local Energy Municipal Box Service (NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm Systems):

Supervisory Current: 5.0 mA Trip Current: 350 mA (subtracted from notification appliance power) Coil Voltage: 3.65 VDC Maximum Coil Resistance: 14.6 ohms Maximum allowable wire resistance between panel and trip coil: 3 ohms Municipal Box wiring can leave the building

Remote Station Service (NFPA 72 Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems) - Intended for connection to a polarity reversal circuit or a Remote Station receiving unit having compatible ratings:

Maximum load for each circuit: 10 mA Reverse polarity output voltage: 24 VDC Remote Alarm and Remote Trouble wiring can leave the building

Before installing the module, place the disconnect switch to the down (disconnect) position to prevent accidental activation of the municipal box. Note that a Disconnect LED will illuminate after the module is installed in the FACP. In addition, the System Trouble indicator will turn on to indicate the Disconnect condition.

NOTE: The 4XTM Module is not directly suitable for transmitting reverse polarity supervisory signal. For an application using reverse polarity of a supervisory signal, refer to the Appendix titled "FACP with Keltron" on page 118.

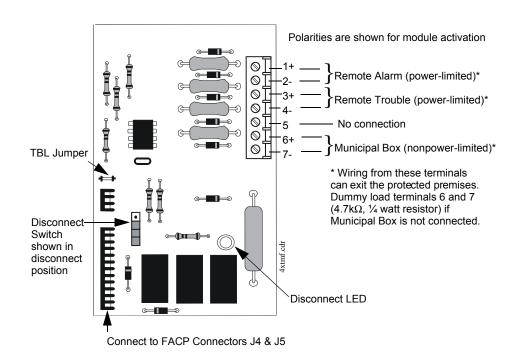


Figure 2.14 4XTM Transmitter Module

2.6.3 ANN-SEC Option Card

The ANN-SEC option card allows for a secondary ANN-BUS. Install the ANN-SEC as follows.

- 1. Remove the chassis mounting screw to the right of TB3 and replace it with the supplied 0.5" x 4-40 male-female standoff.
- 2. Install header J1 on the ANN-SEC into J13 on the main circuit board.
- 3. Secure the ANN-SEC to the circuit board with the supplied screw.

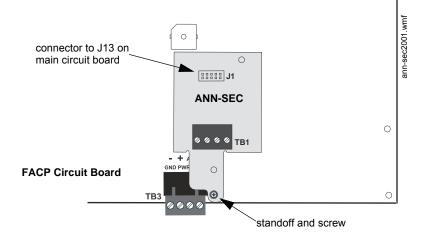


Figure 2.15 Installing the ANN-SEC Option Card

2.7 ANN-BUS Devices



WARNING: DISCONNECT ALL SOURCES OF POWER

DISCONNECT ALL SOURCES OF POWER (AC AND DC) BEFORE INSTALLING OR REMOVING ANY MODULES OR WIRING.

Guidelines

- A variety of optional annunciation devices can be connected to an ANN-BUS communication circuit. ANN Series devices can be connected to the primary communication circuit (EIA-485) terminals on TB3. A secondary communication circuit (EIA-485) for these devices is available at TB1 on the ANN-SEC card.
- When using one ANN-BUS circuit, up to eight (8) annunciators can be supported.
- When using both ANN-BUS communication circuits, the primary circuit supports up to three
 (3) annunciators and the secondary circuit supports up to (5) annunciators.
 Compatible devices include:
 - N-ANN-80 LCD Annunciator
 - N-ANN-80C LCD Indicator (Canadian Applications)
 - N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module
 - N-ANN-I/O LED Driver Module
 - N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module
 - N-ANN-RLY Relay Module (can be mounted in the FACP chassis)
- When operating two ANN-BUS circuits, only one N-ANN-S/PG Printer module can be used in the system.
- The panel is capable of operating a primary ANN-BUS (TB3) and a secondary ANN-BUS (TB1 on ANN-SEC card) simultaneously.

2.7.1 ANN-BUS Wiring

This section contains information on calculating ANN-BUS wire distances and the types of wiring configurations (Class B).

Calculating Wiring Distance for ANN-BUS Modules

The following instructions will guide the installer in determining the type of wire and the maximum wiring distance that can be used with FACP ANN-BUS accessory modules.

To calculate the wire gauge that must be used to connect ANN-BUS modules to the FACP, it is necessary to calculate the total worst case current draw for all modules on a single 4-conductor bus. The total worst case current draw is calculated by adding the individual worst case currents for each module. The individual worst case values are shown in the following table:

Model Number	Worst Case Current Draw ¹
N-ANN-80(C) LCD Annunciator/Indicator	0.040 amps
N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module	0.040 amps
N-ANN-I/O LED Driver Module	0.200 amps
N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module	0.068 amps
N-ANN-RLY Relay Module	0.075 amps

1 Total worst case current draw on a single ANN-BUS cannot exceed 0.5 amp.

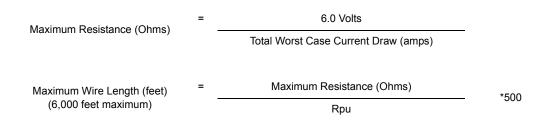
After calculating the total worst case current draw, Table 2.1 specifies the maximum distance the modules can be located from the FACP on a single wire run. The table ensures 6.0 volts of line drop maximum. In general, the wire length is limited by resistance, but for heavier wire gauges, capacitance is the limiting factor.

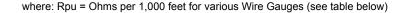
These cases are marked in the chart with an asterisk (*). Maximum length can never be more than 6,000 feet (1,800 m), regardless of gauge used. The formula used to generate this chart is shown in the note below.

Wiring Distance: ANN-BUS Modules to FACP ¹				
Total Worst Case Current Draw (amps)	22 Gauge	18 Gauge	16 Gauge	14 Gauge
0.100	1,852 ft.	4,688 ft.	* 6,000 ft.	*6,000 ft.
0.200	926 ft.	2,344 ft.	3,731 ft.	5,906 ft.
0.300	617 ft.	1,563 ft.	2,488 ft.	3,937 ft.
0.400	463 ft.	1,172 ft.	1,866 ft.	2,953 ft.
0.500	370 ft.	938 ft.	1,493 ft.	2,362 ft.

Table 2.1 Wiring Distances

1 The following formulas were used to generate the wire distance chart:





Wire Gauge	Ohms per 1,000 feet (Rpu)
22	16.2
18	6.4
16	4.02
14	2.54

Exception: When using the N-ANN-RLY module, the installer must ensure that the maximum 24VDC power line drop does not exceed 0.3 volts. This results in the following wiring limitations:

Wire Gauge	Maximum Wire Length
18	312 feet
16	497 feet
14	787 feet
12	1,250 feet

Wiring Distance Calculation Example:

Suppose a system is configured with the following ANN-BUS modules:

- 2 N-ANN-80 Remote LCD Annunciators
- 1 N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Module
- 1 N-ANN-I/O LED Driver Module

The total worst case current is calculated as follows:

N-ANN-80 Current Draw	= 2 X 0.040 amps	= 0.080 amps
N-ANN-S/PG Current Draw	= 1 X.0.040 amps	= 0.040 amps
N-ANN-I/O Current Draw	= 1 X.0.200 amps	= 0.200 amps
Total Worst Case Current Draw		= 0.320 amps

Using this value and referring to the Wiring Distance Table 2.1 on page 34, it can be found that the available options are:

- ✓ 463 feet maximum using 22 Gauge wire
- ✓ 1,172 feet maximum using 18 Gauge wire
- ✓ 1,866 feet maximum using 16 Gauge wire
- ✓ 2,953 feet maximum using 14 Gauge wire

Wiring Configuration

Figure 2.16 illustrates the wiring between the FACP and ANN-BUS devices.

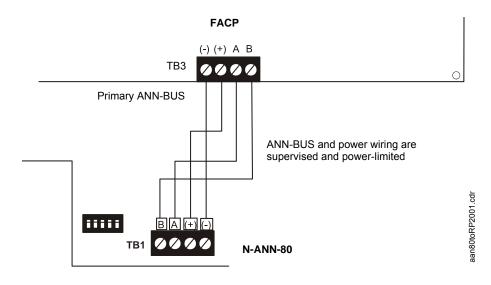


Figure 2.16 FACP wiring to ANN-BUS Device

Powering ANN-BUS Devices from Auxiliary Power Supply

Figure 2.17 illustrates the powering of ANN-BUS devices from an auxiliary power supply such as the FCPS-24S6/8, when the maximum number of ANN-BUS devices exceeds the ANN-BUS power requirements.

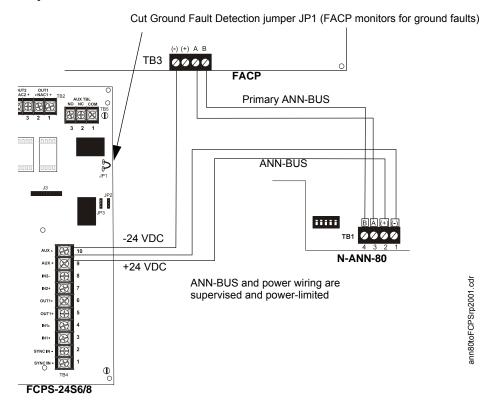


Figure 2.17 Powering ANN-BUS Devices from FCPS-24S6/8

2.7.2 ANN-BUS Device Addressing

Each ANN-BUS device requires a unique address (ID Number) in order to communicate with the FACP. A 5-position DIP switch on each device is used to set this address. The address set for these devices must also be programmed at the FACP for the specific device (refer to the programming section titled "ANN-BUS" on page 66).

A maximum of 8 devices can be connected to the FACP ANN-BUS communication circuit. Device addresses do not need to be sequential and can be set to any number between 01 and 08. Note that 00 is not a valid address. The following table shows the DIP switch setting for each address.



NOTE: address (ID Number) DIP switches on some devices may have more than 5 switch positions. Unless otherwise specified in the documentation supplied with each device, switch positions 6 and above must be set to **OFF**.

Address	Switch 5	Switch 4	Switch 3	Switch 2	Switch 1
not valid	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
01	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
02	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
03	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
04	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
05	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
06	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
07	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON
08	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

2.7.3 N-ANN-80 Remote LCD Annunciator

The N-ANN-80 LCD Annunciator is a compact, 80 character, backlit LCD remote fire annunciator which mimics the FACP display. It also provides system status indicators for AC Power, Alarm, Trouble, Supervisory and Alarm Silenced conditions. Communication between the N-ANN-80 and FACP is accomplished over a two wire serial interface employing the ANN-BUS communication format. The devices are powered, via two additional wires, from either the host FACP or remote UL-listed, filtered, power supply.

Specifications

- Operating Voltage Range: 18 VDC to 28 VDC
- Current Consumption @ 24 VDC nominal (filtered and nonresettable):
 - ✓ Normal/Standby (no activity): 37.0 mA
 - ✓ Trouble: 39.0 mA
 - ✓ Alarm: 40.0 mA
 - ✓ AC Fail (not backlit): 15.0 mA
- For use indoors in a dry location

Installation

Ensure that all power (AC and DC) has been removed from the FACP before installing the annunciator.

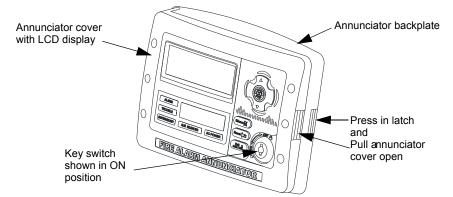
Mounting

The N-ANN-80 can be surface mounted using the optional ANN-SB80KIT-B (black) or ANN-SB80KIT-W (white) surface mounting box or semi-flush mounted to a single, double or 4" square electrical box. Select and remove the appropriate knockout(s), pull the necessary wires through the knockouts and mount the annunciator in or on the wall depending on the type of installation desired. The N-ANN-80 cover must be attached to the annunciator backplate before mounting the annunciator to the electrical box/wall. The cover cannot be reattached or removed after the annunciator has been mounted.

Opening/Closing Annunciator

The following procedure details the steps used to open the annunciator in order to access the terminal block and DIP switches (refer to figure below):

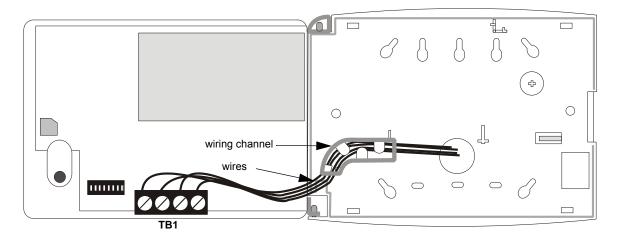
- 1. Turn the key switch to the ON (Unlocked) position by turning the key counter-clockwise
- 2. Push in the snap latch located on the right side of the unit while pulling the cover open
- 3. To close the cover, make certain the key switch is in the ON (Unlocked) position. Swing the cover closed, snapping it shut
- 4. Turn the key switch to the OFF (Locked) position by turning clockwise and remove the key



Wiring N-ANN-80 to FACP

The following steps can be used as a guide to wire the annunciator. Make certain all power has been removed from the FACP prior to annunciator installation.

1. Route wires from hole in backplate, through wiring channel and then to N-ANN-80 terminal block TB1.



- 2. Remove appropriate amount of wire insulation.
- 3. Connect the wiring from the FACP ANN-BUS to annunciator TB1 terminals 3 (A) & 4 (B). Make certain to connect A to A and B to B.
- 4. If appropriate, connect the wiring going to the next device on the ANN-BUS to TB1 terminals 3 & 4. Make certain to connect A to A and B to B.
- 5. Connect the wiring from the 24 VDC power source to annunciator TB1 terminals 1 (-) & 2 (+). Make certain to observe proper polarity.

- 6. If appropriate, connect the power wiring going to the next device to terminals 1 (-) & 2 (+). Make certain to observe proper polarity.
- 7. After all connections are made, remove extra wire from inside annunciator by dressing it neatly through wire channel, with any excess wire pushed back through hole into electrical box.

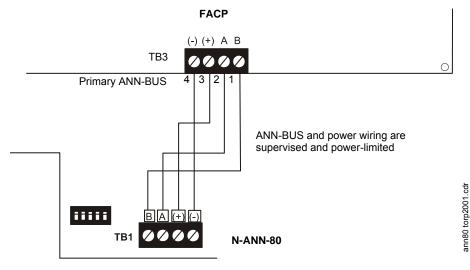


Figure 2.18 N-ANN-80 Wiring to FACP

FACP (TB3)	N-ANN-80 (TB1)
Terminal 4 GND (-)	Terminal 1 (-)
Terminal 3 PWR (+)	Terminal 2 (+)
Terminal 2 A (ANN-BUS)	Terminal 3 (A)
Terminal 1 B (ANN-BUS)	Terminal 4 (B)

The following table shows the N-ANN-80 connections to the FACP.

Programming

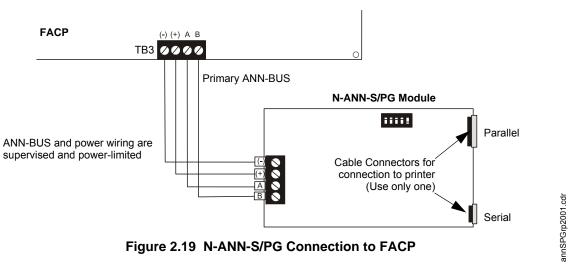
Following installation and wiring of the N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator to the FACP, the annunciator must be added to the system via FACP programming. Refer to the programming section titled "ANN-BUS" on page 66 in this manual for detailed programming information. Select the LCD option for programming.

2.7.4 N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Printer Interface Installation

The N-ANN-S/PG Serial/Parallel Interface module allows the ancillary connection of a serial or parallel printer to the FACP for a real-time log of system events, detector status reports and event history. Note that either a serial or parallel printer may be installed, not both. Only one N-ANN-S/PG can be used per panel Proceed with the installation as described in the following:

1. Ensure that all power (AC and DC) has been removed from the FACP.

2. Connect the N-ANN-S/PG to the FACP as illustrated in Figure 2.19



- 3. Using the DIP switches on the back of the N-ANN-S/PG module, assign an ID number (address) to the module
- 4. Select the address and configuration options for the N-ANN-S/PG module as described in the Programming section of this manual (refer to "ANN-BUS" on page 66) Note that the Auto-configure feature allows the programmer to quickly bring all installed ANN-BUS modules online (refer to "Auto-Configure" on page 67)
- Connect a printer to the N-ANN-S/PG Parallel or Serial connector (refer to Figure 2.19 on page 40)

Specifications

- Operating Voltage: 24 VDC
- Current (Alarm and Standby): 45 mA
- Ambient Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)
- Max. Wiring Distance from FACP: 6,000 ft. (1,800 m)
- Mounting: Surface
- Dimensions: 6"W x 7-3/4"H x 1-7/16"D (15.2 cm W x 19.7 cm H x 3.7 cm D)
- For indoor use in a dry location only

PRN-7 Printer Installation

When connected to the FACP via the N-ANN-S/PG module, the PRN-7 prints the status changes within the control panel and time-stamps the printout with the time of day and date that the event occurred. It provides 80 columns of data on standard 9" x 11" tractor-feed paper. This section contains information on connecting a printer to the control panel and setting the printer options.

Connecting a PRN-7 Printer

Remote printers require a primary AC power source. If required for the fire alarm system configuration (for example, a Proprietary Fire Alarm System), a remote printer requires a secondary power source (battery backup). Since a secondary power source is not provided as a standard feature, a separate UL-listed Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) should be used. The building emergency power supply may be used, as long as it meets the power continuity requirements of NFPA 72. Refer to NFPA 72 for further details.

Connect the remote printer to the FACP via the N-ANN-S/PG module using a standard DB-9 cable. One end of the cable will plug into the DB-9 connector on the PRN-7 printer and the other end plugs into the serial connector on the N-ANN-S/PG module.

Setting Printer Options

Refer to the documentation supplied with the PRN-7 printer for instructions on using the printer menu controls. Set the printer options (under the menu area) as shown in the following table:

Option	Setting	Option	Setting
Font	HS Draft	CPI	10CPI
LPI	6 LPI	Skip	0.5
ESC Character	ESC	Emulate	LQ-2550
Bidirectional Copy	ON	I/O	
CG-TAB	Graphic	Buffer	64K
Country	E-US ASCII	Serial	
Auto CR	OFF	Baud	9600 or 2400
Color Option	Not Installed	Format	7 Bit, Even, 1 Stop
Formien		Protocol	XON/XOFF
Lines	6LPI=60	Character Set	Standard
Standard	Exec 10.5	SI.Zero	On
Barcode	Off	Auto LF	On
Barcode	Unsecured		

Table 2.2 PRN-7 Setup Options

PRN-6 Printer Installation

When connected to the FACP via the N-ANN-S/PG module, the PRN-6 prints the status changes within the control panel and time-stamps the printout with the time of day and date that the event occurred. It provides 80 columns of data on standard 9" x 11" tractor-feed paper. This section contains information on connecting a printer to the control panel and setting the printer options.

Connecting a PRN-6 Printer

Remote printers require a primary AC power source. If required for the fire alarm system configuration (for example, a Proprietary Fire Alarm System), a remote printer requires a secondary power source (battery backup). Since a secondary power source is not provided as a standard feature, a separate UL-listed Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) should be used. The building emergency power supply may be used, as long as it meets the power continuity requirements of NFPA 72. Refer to NFPA 72 for further details.

Connect the remote printer to the FACP via the N-ANN-S/PG module using a standard DB-25 cable. One end of the cable will plug into the DB-25 connector on the PRN-6 printer and the other end plugs into the parallel connector on the N-ANN-S/PG module. Note that the 9-pin DB-9 port on the N-ANN-S/PG is used to connect a serial printer. The 25-pin port is used for a Centronics parallel printer cable. Connect either a serial or parallel printer, but not both at the same time.

Setting Printer Options

Refer to the documentation supplied with the PRN-6 printer for instructions on using the printer menu controls. Set the printer options (under the menu area) as shown in the following table:

Option	Setting	Option	Setting
Font	HS Draft	CPI	10CPI
LPI	6 LPI	Skip	0.5
ESC Character	ESC	Emulate	Epson FX-850
Bidirectional Copy	ON	I/O	
CG-TAB	Graphic	Buffer	40K
Country	E-US ASCII	Serial	
Auto CR	OFF	Baud	9600 or 2400
Color Option	Not Installed	Format	7 Bit, Even, 1 Stop
Formien		Protocol	XON/XOFF
Lines	6LPI=60	Character Set	Standard
Standard	Exec 10.5	SI.Zero	On
		Auto LF	On
		PAPER	
		BIN 1	12/72"
		BIN 2	12/72"
		SINGLE	12/72"
		PUSH TRA	12/72"
		PULL TRA	12/72"
		PAP ROLL	12/72"

Table 2.3	PRN-6 Setup	Options
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2.7.5 N-ANN-I/O LED Driver Module

The N-ANN-I/O is an LED driver module that can be used in a wide variety of applications, including as an interface with most customized graphic annunciators. The N-ANN-I/O can drive up to 40 LEDs. The following sections describe hardware installation. Refer to the section titled"ANN-BUS" on page 66 for programming information.

N-ANN-I/O Board Layout

Figure 2.20 illustrates the N-ANN-I/O board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP, pin connectors for connecting LEDs and the DIP switch for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.

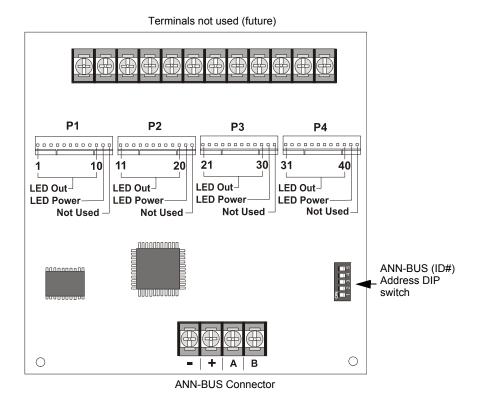


Figure 2.20 N-ANN-I/O Board Layout

Specifications

- Max. ANN-BUS Voltage: 28 VDC
- Max. Current:
 - ✓ Alarm: 200 mA
 - ✓ Standby: 35 mA
 - ✓ Each LED: 10 mA
- Operating Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)
- For indoor use in a dry location only

N-ANN-I/O Connection to FACP

The N-ANN-I/O connects to the FACP via the ANN-BUS as illustrated in Figure 2.21. After the N-ANN-I/O is connected to the panel, it must be added to the system via FACP programming.

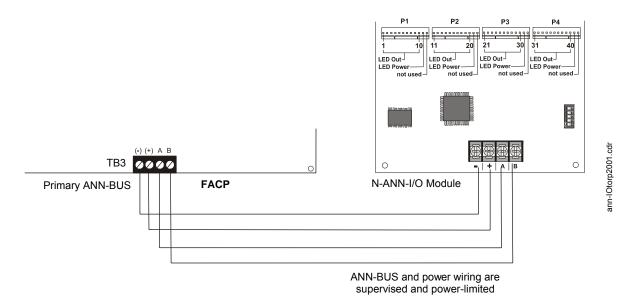
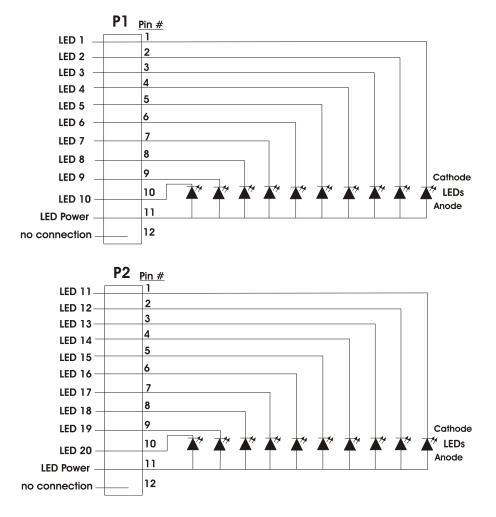


Figure 2.21 N-ANN-I/O Connection to FACP

N-ANN-I/O Module LED Wiring

There are four 12-pin connectors on the N-ANN-I/O module for connecting LEDs. Each set of 10 LEDs get their power from Pin 11 of the corresponding connector. Internal resistors are sized so that there is approximately 10 mA of current for each LED. No series resistors are required. LED outputs are mapped to output circuits. Refer to the section titled "ANN-I/O LED Zone Assignments" on page 68 of this manual.



The LEDs are wired as illustrated in Figure 2.22. Note that the illustration depicts only connectors P1 and P2. Wiring is identical for P3 (LEDs 21-30) and P4 (LEDs 31-40).

Figure 2.22 N-ANN-I/O LED Wiring

2.7.6 N-ANN-LED Annunciator Module

The N-ANN-LED annunciator modules provide LED annunciation of general system faults and input zones when used with a compatible FACP. The N-ANN-LED module provides alarm (red), trouble (yellow) and supervisory (yellow) indication for up to ten input zones.

Canadian Applications: The N-ANN-LED is supplied standard with the Canadian version of the FACP. It is mounted to the dress panel included with this model.

Specifications

- Max. ANN-BUS Voltage: 24 VDC
- Max. Current:
 - ✓ Alarm: 68 mA
 - ✓ Standby: 28 mA
- Operating Temperature: 32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
- For indoor use in a dry location only

Mounting/Installation

Install the N-ANN-LED Module as described in the documentation supplied with the annunciator.

N-ANN-LED Board Layout and Connection to FACP

Figure 2.23 illustrates the N-ANN-LED board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP and the DIP switches for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.

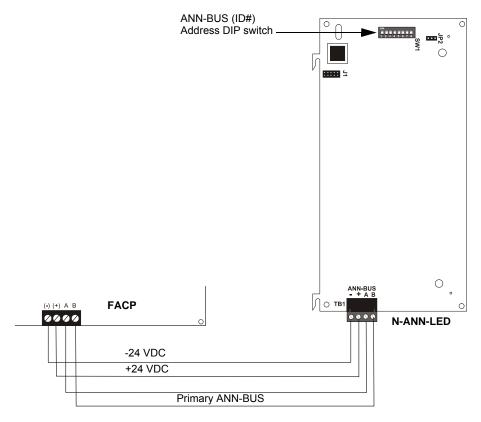


Figure 2.23 N-ANN-LED Board Layout and Connection to FACP

2.7.7 N-ANN-RLY Relay Module

The N-ANN-RLY relay module provides 10 programmable Form-C relays when used with a compatible FACP.

Specifications

- Operating Voltage: 24 VDC
 - Max. Current:
 - ✓ Alarm: 75 mA
 - ✓ Standby: 15 mA
- Relay Contact Ratings:
 - ✓ 2.0 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive)
 - ✓ 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive)
- Operating Temperature: 32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
- For indoor use in a dry location only

Mounting/Installation

The N-ANN-RLY relay module can be mounted inside the FACP main circuit board chassis. An optional ANN-MBRLY mounting bracket allows mounting of the N-ANN-RLY in the lower right hand corner of the FACP cabinet instead of or in conjunction with the mounting provisions under the main FACP circuit board chassis. Refer to the documentation supplied with the module for information on installation.

N-ANN-RLY Board Layout and Connection to FACP

Figure 2.23 illustrates the N-ANN-RLY board showing locations of screw terminals for connection to the FACP and the DIP switches for selecting the ANN-BUS ID number.

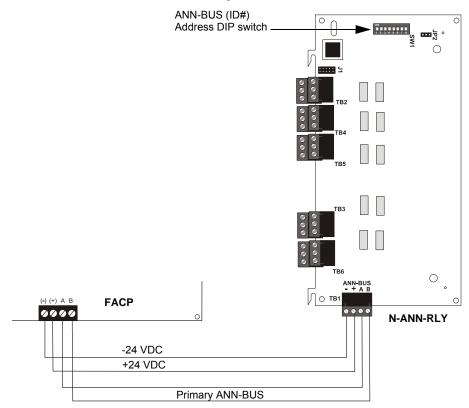


Figure 2.24 N-ANN-RLY Board Layout and Connection to FACP

Section 3: Programming

NOTICE TO USERS, INSTALLERS, AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION AND OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES

This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below.

Program feature or option	Permitted in UL 864? (Y/N)	Possible settings	Settings permitted in UL 864
N-ANN-80 Lock Enable	Y	Lock Enable Yes Lock Enable No Refer to Lock Enable in "ANN-80 Options" on page 69	Lock Enable Yes
Combo	Y	Refer to Table 3.1 on page 52.	One Waterflow and one Supervisory device
Combo w/AutoResettable Superv	Y	Refer to Table 3.1 on page 52.	One Waterflow and one Supervisory device

NOTICE TO USERS, INSTALLERS, AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION AND OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES

This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in CAN/ULC-S527, Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below.

Program feature or option	Permitted in ULC-S527? (Y/N)	Possible settings	Settings permitted in ULC-S527
Release CircuitShort Supervision	Y	UNSUPV Shorts SUPV Shorts Refer to "Release Circuit 1 or Release Circuit 2" on page 57.	SUPV Shorts
Canadian Option	Y	ON OFF Refer to "Canadian Option" on page 66.	ON

3.1 User Programming

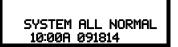
The FACP is completely field programmable using the panel keypad and requires no special software skills. *While programming the FACP, the fire protection capabilities of the control panel* <u>are enabled. Programming Mode times-out after 10 minutes of inactivity.</u>

Program Templates have been provided to allow the panel to be quickly programmed with typical job-site configurations. Refer to "Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zoning" on page 91 for an explanation of mapping and cross-zoning and "FACP Configuration Templates" on page 96 for a detailed description of each template.

Site-specific programming may be accomplished:

• by Manual programming or editing, using the FACP keypad

The *System All Normal* screen will be displayed in a programmed system with no active alarms, troubles or supervisories, as illustrated below:



Read Status mode can be entered while the panel is in <u>any</u> mode of operation. If an alarm or supervisory event exists at the panel, the event must be cleared before entering Programming mode. *The exception to this is the programmer/operator can access Programming mode if the supervisory is due to the Disable Release event. Refer to Table 3.1 on page 52.*

To access any of the programming or read status features, the *Enter* or *Mode* key must be pressed, which will cause the LCD to display the following:



Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status Mode which allows the user to view the programmed features and status of the control panel The Read Status feature is not password protected. Refer to "Read Status" on page 83 for a detailed description of this feature.

Pressing 2 will select user Programming Mode which may only be accomplished by an authorized person. After pressing 2, a screen will prompt for a password. After entering the correct password, the user may select from a list of programming options.

Exit Programming and Read Status Mode

The programmer can exit any mode by repeatedly pressing the keypad *ESC* (Escape) key until the display reads System All Normal. Ten minutes of inactivity will also cause the panel to exit Programming Mode. *Note that the data which is entered during Programming mode is automatically saved by the panel as soon as the data is entered. If the Reset key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, all data just entered will <u>not</u> be lost.*

User Programming Levels

There are two user programming levels:

- User Master Program Level 1 is used for programming panel specific data relating to device types, zoning, messages, control panel functions, etc.
- User Maintenance Program Level 2 is used by a qualified operator to access features such as Disable/Enable, View and Clear History, Walktest and System Time Change.

3.2 Initial Power-up

The following sections describe the initial programming procedures for a new system. The same procedures are used to modify programming in an existing system.

After completing the wiring of devices to the FACP, apply power to the control panel. If wiring has not been completed and/or End-of-Line resistors are not installed at the panel, a trouble condition will be indicated at the panel and a trouble message will be displayed on the LCD. Following is an example of a possible trouble message that may be displayed.

OPEN	PULL STATION
ZONE	1 OPEN FAULT
09:0	38 091814

3.3 Programming Screens Description

Two options are available when the *Enter* key is pressed: Read Status and Programming Mode. The Read Status and Programming options have multiple functions or features which may be chosen. To view all of the choices, it is necessary that the programmer scroll through a number of additional *subscreens*. These selections are displayed on multiple screens to make them more readable for the programmer. Refer to "Master Programming Level" on page 51, for additional information on the various screens. The title of the main option screen will always be displayed at the top of the subscreens for the programmer's convenience. If additional subscreens exist, an Up or Down arrow will be displayed in the upper right corner of the screen being viewed. The programmer can then press the keypad Up or Down arrow key to view the new subscreen. To select one of the choices in a screen, the programmer presses the keypad numerical key corresponding to the desired choice.

Note that subscreens may also have multiple options which require viewing more than one screen. The same process, as detailed in the previous paragraphs, is followed to view all option choices.

3.4 Programming and Passwords

There are two factory set programming passwords which will access the Programming screens as indicated in the following examples. From either of the screens, access to specific system and device features or programming may be obtained. All user programming entries are stored in nonvolatile memory. The factory set passwords can be changed by the user as described in "Password Change" on page 72. If an invalid password is entered, the blinking cursor will return to the first password character position. To exit Programming or Read Status mode at any time, press the *ESC* (Escape) key repeatedly. Note that as soon as program data is entered, the data is automatically saved by the panel. If the *Reset* key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, the data just entered will not be lost.

To access user Programming mode, press the *Enter* or *Mode* key. The LCD will display the following:



To enter the user Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:



Entering the *Master* level password (default 00000) will cause the following screen to appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=FACP CONFIG 2=INPUT ZONES	77
3=OUTPUT CIRCUIT	rs

Programming Screen #1

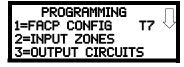
If the *Maintenance* level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:



Note that in the two preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad *down* arrow key.

3.5 Master Programming Level

When the Master Program Level password is entered, the control panel will enter user Programming mode. In this mode, the piezo sounder remains off, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble indicator flashes until Programming mode is exited. The following display will appear:



Programming Screen #1

The down arrow which appears in the display indicates that additional programming choices can be viewed by pressing the down arrow key on the keypad. If a down and up arrow appear in the display, pressing the 'down' arrow key will display the subsequent Programming Screens as illustrated below while pressing the 'up' arrow key will display the previous screen.



3.5.1 FACP CONFIG (Application Templates)

For a detailed description of each Template, refer to "FACP Configuration Templates" on page 96. The FACP Configuration option allows the user to program the FACP with one of seven factory preprogrammed templates or one custom template which can be programmed by the user. The templates have been provided to allow the user to quickly program the panel with typical job-site configurations. The user may choose to select one of the templates or bypass this option, proceeding to the next sections which detail customized programming of the FACP.



Programming Screen #1

A factory template may be chosen and later changed to better fit a site requirement. The changed template can be saved as the one custom template.

Pressing 1, while viewing Programming Screen #1, will select the FACP Config option and display the following screen:



FACP Config Screen #1

Pressing the down arrow key will display screens for additional Templates 1 through 7 and the Custom Template. During initialization of the panel following power-up or reset, the selected Template will be displayed by the LCD.

To select a pre-programmed template, press the number key corresponding to the desired template. Note that the factory templates may pre-set most programmable features of the FACP.

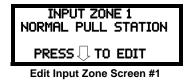
3.5.2 Input Zones

The Input Zones option allows the user to initially program or change the programming for the six input zones (circuits). Pressing 2, while viewing Programming Screen #1, will select the Input Zones option and display a screen similar to the following:

INPUT ZONES 1=ZONE 1 2=ZONE 2 3=ZONE 3	\Box
Input Zone Screen #1	

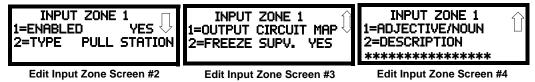
Pressing the down arrow key will display additional screens for Input Zones 4 through 6. To program a specific zone, press the number key corresponding to the desired zone while viewing one of the Input Zone screens.

To program Input Zone 1, press the *l* key while viewing Input Zone Screen #1. The following screens will be displayed:



To change the programming for the displayed zone, press the keyboard 'down' arrow key to view the Edit Zone screens.

The following examples show the editing of Input Zone 1:



Enable/Disable Zone

To Enable or Disable the zone, press the *1* key while viewing the Edit Input Zone Screen #2. Each press of the key will toggle the screen between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. If *Enabled No* is selected, the zone will be disabled by the control panel, preventing the circuit from reporting alarms and troubles to the panel. The control panel LCD will display the zone which has been disabled and FACP will turn on the Trouble indicator.

INPUT ZONE 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE Edit Input Zone Screen #2

Туре

To select the type of zone being programmed, press the 2 key while viewing the Edit Input Zone Screen #2. This will cause the control panel to display the following Zone Type Screen:

ZONE 1 TYPE 1=PULL STATION 2=N/A	\bigcirc
3=MANUAL RELEASE	
Zone Type Screen #1	

Pressing the down arrow key displays additional zone types as indicated in the following table.

Zone Type	Action When Activated
Pull-Station	Fire Alarm
Manual Release ¹	Fire Alarm
N/A	
Normally Open Contact	Fire
N/A	

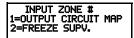
Table 3.1 Zone Types

N/A	
N/A	
Waterflow	Fire
Waterflow NS (nonsilenceable)	Fire, nonsilenceable
Combo	Fire/Supervisory
Combo w/AutoResettable Superv ²	Fire/Supervisory, nonlatching
2-Wire Smoke	Fire Alarm
2-Wire Heat	Fire Alarm
N/A	
Linear Heat	Fire Alarm
N/A	
N/A	
Fire	Fire Alarm
Low Pressure	Supervisory, latching
Low Pressure AutoResettable2	Supervisory, nonlatching
High Pressure	Supervisory
High Pressure AutoResettable2	Supervisory, nonlatching
Disable Release ³	Supervisory, nonlatching (disables Release Circuits)
Supervisory	Supervisory, latching
Supervisory AutoResettable2	Supervisory, nonlatching
N/A	
2nd-Shot Water Switch ⁴	Fire Alarm, nonlatching

Table 3.1 Zone Types

- 1 Activation of a Manual Release Switch will override Predischarge Delay, resulting in an immediate water release.
- 2 *AutoResettable* means that a device with this type code, when activated, will automatically reset when the corresponding condition is cleared.
- 3 *Disable Release* allows the installer to disable the releasing solenoids during system testing. Disable Release will only work when the system is **not** in alarm.
- 4 The 2nd-Shot Water Switch provides the option of performing another immediate water release manually. Refer to "2nd-Shot Water Switch" on page 81.

While viewing any Zone Type screen, select the type of zone being programmed by pressing the corresponding keyboard number key. The display will return to Edit Input Zone Screen #2 and indicate the selection next to the Type option.

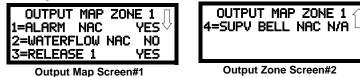


Edit Input Zone Screen #3

Output Circuit Map

Output Mapping (per input zone) allows the programmer/operator to assign the Output Circuits that will be activated when a particular Input Zone or cross-zoned releasing group goes active. Pressing *l* for *Output Circuit Map* while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #3 will display screens which show the Output Circuits programmed to activate when the selected Input Zone (or cross-zoned releasing group) is activated. Output Map Screen #1 displays the Output Type Codes and programming for Output Circuits 1 through 3 and Output Map Screen #2 displays the Output Type Code and programming for Output Circuit 4.

As an example, if Template 1 has been selected as the FACP Configuration [refer to "FACP CONFIG (Application Templates)" on page 51], selecting the Output Circuit Map for Input Zone 1 will display the following screens:



The screens indicate that when Input Zone 1 is activated:

Output Circuit #1 default programmed as *Alarm NAC* will activate (Yes)

Output Circuit #2 default programmed as *Waterflow NAC* will not activate (No) Output Circuit #3 default programmed as *Release 1* will activate (Yes) Output Circuit #4 default programmed as *Supv Bell NAC* is not mapped (N/A)

Note that the MAP may indicate that an Input Zone is programmed to a particular Output Circuit but, if it is cross-zoned with one or more other Input Zones, all must be active in order to activate the Output Circuit. Refer to the examples in "Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zoning" on page 91.

The Output Circuit Map can be customized by selecting or deselecting any of the four output circuits for activation. Pressing the number key corresponding to the selected output will toggle the display between *Yes* for activation by the Input Zone to *No* for no activation. The new customized programming is automatically saved by the panel as soon as it is entered.

Freeze Supervision

Pressing 2 for Freeze Supervision while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #3, will program the FACP to supervise the devices connected to the selected zone for a temperature freeze condition. Each press of the 2 key will toggle the display between *Freeze Supv. Yes* and *No*. The factory default setting is No Freeze Supervision.



Edit Input Zone Screen #3

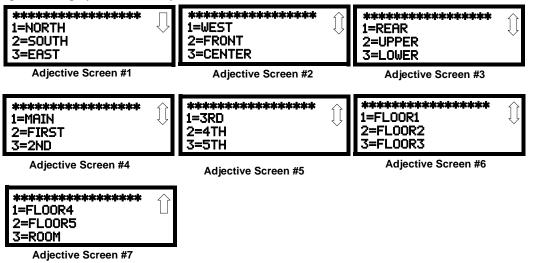
Adjective/Noun

The Adjective/Noun selection allows the programmer to enter specific descriptors about the detector currently being programmed. Pressing *1* while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

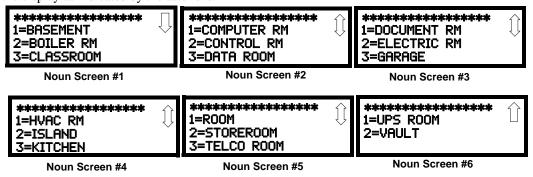
1=STANDARD 2=STANDARD	

Adjective/Noun Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Adjective/Noun Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard *down* arrow key must be pressed to see all the Adjective screens. Press the number corresponding to the adjective that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When an adjective has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.



Pressing 2 while viewing the Adjective/Noun Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard *down* arrow key must be pressed to see all the Noun screens. Press the number corresponding to the noun that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When a noun has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.

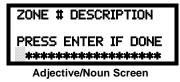


Description



Edit Input Zone Screen #3

The Description selection allows the programmer to enter additional information about the detector currently being programmed. This information will be displayed as part of the device label on the display. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Input Zone Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



A flashing cursor will appear at the first asterisk to the left. The programmer can enter additional descriptive information about the device being programmed. This information will appear on the display along with the standard device label information.

A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered. To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter *B*, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters *1*, *A*, and *B*. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the * (*QZ*) key four times until a blank appears in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Edit Detector Screen #5, displaying the new information at the bottom of the screen.

Recall/Increment Function

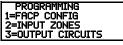
In addition, the user may use the Recall/Increment function at any time when the cursor is on the first letter of the Description, Adjective or Noun field as follows:

- If the zero key is pressed, a 0 is placed in the first letter position.
- If the zero key is then pressed a second time with no intervening key actions, the entire field is replaced with the field entered *for the previous device programmed*, and the cursor moves to the last character of the field (Recall function). The Recalled Adjective or Noun field may now be changed letter-by-letter.
- If the zero key is pressed again with no other intervening key actions and the last character in the field is a number 0-9, the number is incremented by one. If the last character is a letter, it changes to a 0. If the last character goes from 9 to 0 and the characters to the left of the last character are also numbers, they are also incremented (overflow).
- The above increment function may be repeated with each press of the zero key.

As an example, the user could quickly enter 'FLR_3_ROOM_305' as follows:

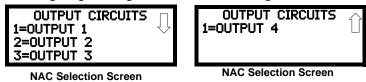
- 1. The cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective field. Press the zero key twice to display *FLR_3*.
- 2. With the cursor on the first letter of the Noun field, press the zero key twice to recall the display *ROOM_304*. The cursor automatically jumps from the first to the last letter of the Noun field.
- 3. With the cursor on the last letter of the Noun field, press the zero key again to increment the room number to *305*.
- 4. Press the Enter key to store the information.

3.5.3 Output Circuits



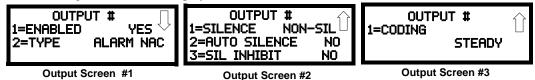
Programming Screen #1

The options for the Output Circuits on the control panel main circuit board can be configured by pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:



The Output Circuits can be configured independently by pressing *1* for Output 1, 2 for Output 2, 3 for Output 3 or *4* for Output 4.

To program an Output circuit, press the number corresponding to the Output to be programmed. The following screens will be displayed for each selection:



Enabled

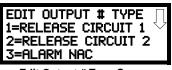
Pressing *1* while viewing Output Screen #1 will cause the display to change to *Enabled No*. This will prevent the selected main circuit board NAC from activating its devices. Each press of the *1* key will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*.

Note that if a circuit is disabled, a *trouble* will be logged on the FACP until the circuit is enabled. The exception is when a Release Circuit is disabled, a *supervisory* will be logged on the FACP until the circuit is enabled.



Туре

NAC Screen #1 Pressing 2 while viewing Output Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Edit Output # Type Screen

Pressing the down arrow key while viewing the Edit Output Type Screen will display additional screens with the types shown below:

- ✓ Release Circuit 1
- ✓ Release Circuit 2
- ✓ Alarm NAC
- ✓ Waterflow NAC
- ✓ Release Stage NAC
- ✓ Horn NAC

- ✓ Strobe NAC
- ✓ Supv Bell NAC
- ✓ Trouble Bell NAC

Press the number key corresponding to the desired Output Type to program the selected Output.

Release Circuit 1 or Release Circuit 2

If Release Circuit 1 or Release Circuit 2 is selected as the Output Type, the following subscreen will be displayed:



This screen allows the programmer to select whether or not to supervise the Releasing Circuit Output for shorts.

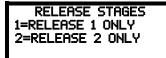
- UNSUPV SHORTS this option should normally be selected when a releasing solenoid is connected to the output so the solenoid coil is not supervised for shorts
- SUPV SHORTS this option, which supervises for shorts, should only be selected when the REL-4.7K option is installed in series with the solenoid coil



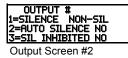
NOTE: Release circuits may be directly activated by a single input zone or may be activated using cross-zoned inputs. Refer to "Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zoning" on page 91 for a description of cross-zoning and input to output circuit mapping.

■ Release Stage NAC

If Release Stage NAC is selected as the Output Type, the following subscreen will be displayed:



An NAC can be used to signal the stages of a release operation. This screen allows the programmer to select the NAC output that will indicate the release stages for Release Circuit 1 or Release Circuit 2. For a description of this feature, refer to "Release Stages" on page 81.



Silence

Pressing *I* while viewing Output Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

SILENCEABLE 1=SILENCEABLE	
2=NON SILENCEABLE	
3=STAGE SILENCEABLE	
Silenceable Screen #1	_



Pressing *1* while viewing the Silenceable Screen #1 will program the selected Output as a silenceable circuit. This will allow the Output to be silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by the Auto Silence feature.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Silenceable Screen #1 will program the selected Output as a nonsilenceable circuit. This will prevent the selected main circuit board Output from being silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by the Auto Silence feature.

Pressing *3* while viewing the Silenceable Screen #1 will program the selected Output for Stage Silenceable. This option is used for Release Stage NACs or cross-zone coding NACs. These NACs will be non-silenceable until its associated Release Circuit has finished discharging, after which the NAC will become silenceable.

Pressing 1 while viewing the Silenceable Screen #2 will program the selected Output as a SYNC MUTE (synchronized mute) circuit. Refer to "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 59 for a description of synchronization.

Important: When an Output Circuit with a mix of audible and visual devices is programmed for Sync Mute, only the audible devices will be turned off if the Silence key is pressed or if the Autosilence feature is enabled. The visual devices (strobes, etc.) will continue to operate.

NOTE: If the Output Circuit has been programmed as a Releasing Circuit, the Silenceable Option will not be available and the display will indicate N/A next to it.

Auto Silence

The Auto Silence feature, when enabled, automatically silences all main circuit board silenceable notification appliances after a programmed length of time. To enable this feature and program the time delay before Auto Silence activation, press 2 while viewing Output Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:



Auto Silence Screen #1

Auto Silence Screen #2

Auto Silence Screen #3

To disable the Auto Silence feature, press *1* for *No* while viewing Auto Silence Screen #1. To enable the Auto Silence feature, press the number corresponding to the time delay which will elapse before Auto Silence activates. This information will be stored in memory and the display will return to NAC Screen #1.

NOTE: If the Output Circuit has been programmed as a Releasing Circuit, the Auto Silence Option will not be available and the display will indicate N/A next to it.



Output Screen #2

Silence Inhibited

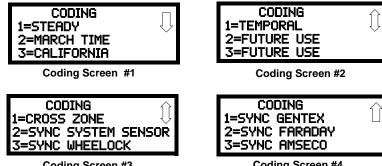
The Silence Inhibit feature, when enabled, prevents the silencing of the selected main circuit board Output for a period of one minute. Resetting the FACP will also be prevented for one minute while the Output programmed for silence inhibit is activated. Pressing 3 while viewing Output Screen #2 will cause a screen to be displayed with the options 1=No Silence Inhibit and 2=1 Min. Silence *Inhibit.* Pressing 1 will disable the Silence Inhibit feature while pressing 2 will enable a 1 minute Silence Inhibit for the selected Output.

OUTPUT #1=CODING

Output Screen #3

Coding

The Coding feature allows the programmer to select the type of output that the main circuit board outputs will generate when activated. Pressing I while viewing Output Screen #3 will cause the following displays to appear:



Coding Screen #3

The programmer can select the notification appliance output coding by pressing the number corresponding to the desired output. The coding selections are:

- Steady a continuous output with no coding
- March Time 120 ppm (pulse-per-minute) output
- California 10 seconds on and 5 seconds off
- Temporal 1/2 second on, 1/2 second off, 1/2 second on, 1/2 second off, 1/2 second off
- Cross-Zone:
 - ✓ 1st zone of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes programmed NAC output to pulse 1 second on and 1 second off
 - ✓ 2nd zone of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes programmed NAC output to pulse ¹/₂ second on and ¹/₂ second off *Note: if more than three zones are cross-zoned, the programmed NAC output will continue to pulse* ¹/₂ second on and ¹/₂ second off for each subsequent zone in alarm, until the final zone in the cross-zoned group goes into alarm
 - ✓ All zones of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes the output programmed as a Releasing Circuit to perform a release and the programmed NAC output to turn on steady
- Synchronized output for System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, Faraday or Amseco Refer to "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 59 for additional information.

Selection of one of the above options will cause the control panel to store the information in memory and return the display to Output Screen #1, which will display the new coding choice.

L	=	
L	=	-
L	=	=
L	-	- 1

NOTE: If the Output Circuit has been programmed as a Releasing Circuit, the Coding Option will not be available and the display will indicate N/A next to it.

Synchronized NAC Operation

Synchronization is a panel feature that controls the activation of notification appliances in such a way that all horns and strobes will turn on and off at exactly the same time. This is particularly critical when activating strobes which must be synchronized to avoid random activation and a potential hazard or confusion. The FACP can be programmed to operate with a variety of manufacturer's devices.

E	
\equiv	

NOTES:

 The NAC1 output can be used to synchronize notification appliances connected to external panels such as remote power supplies (wire NAC1 to the power supply sync input)
 For Dual Hazard applications, NAC circuits are not synchronized across dual hazard areas

Maximum Number of Strobes for Synchronization

The maximum current draw for a Notification Appliance Circuit cannot exceed 3.0 amps. Refer to the manufacturer's documentation supplied with the Strobes to determine the maximum current draw for each strobe and ensure that the circuit maximum is not exceeded.

To ensure proper strobe and circuit operation, there is also a limit to the number of strobes that can be attached to each circuit. Following is a list of the strobes that have been tested with this FACP and the maximum number that can be connected to each NAC. Make sure that the NAC maximum current is not exceeded:

- ✓ System Sensor: 46 Strobes
- ✓ Wheelock: 50 Strobes
- ✓ Gentex: 39 Strobes
- ✓ Faraday: 33 Strobes
- ✓ Amseco: 34 Strobes

Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for a list of compatible devices.

3.5.4 Cross Input Zones



Programming Screen #2

An application may require that two or more input zones become active at the same time before a particular releasing output activates. This is referred to as cross-zoning. For example, an installer may want four particular zones to become active at the same time before a releasing circuit is activated. By using the Cross Input Zone feature, the programmer can designate the input zones that must become active and the output circuits that will be affected. Refer to "Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zoning" on page 91 for additional information.

The Cross Input Zone option allows the user to view and program the groups of input zones that will be used to activate one of the releasing output circuits. Pressing 1 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will display a screen similar to the following:

This screen allows the programmer to view the cross-zoned grouping for Release Circuit 1 or Release Circuit 2. In the following example, Template 7 has been chosen as the FACP Configuration [refer to"FACP CONFIG (Application Templates)" on page 51]. Pressing 1 for Release 1 Groups will display the following screen:

REL 1	CROSS GROUPS
1=	X 1 2
2=	NONE
3=	NONE

The display indicates that Input Zone 1 is cross-zoned with Input Zone 2. Input Zone 3 is not crosszoned.

The user can alter the cross-zoning by pressing the number key corresponding to the Zone to be reprogrammed. Screens similar to the following will be displayed:

REL 1 CROSS	GROUP 1	REL
1=ZONE 1	YES	1=Z
2=ZONE 2	YES	2=Z
3=ZONE 3	NO	3=Z
Select Cross Zo	ne Screen #1	Sele

KEL I UKUSS	aroor 1 1 i
1=ZONE 4	NO 🗆
2=ZONE 5	NO
3=ZONE 6	N/A

1 CONCE GONIID

Select Cross Zone Screen #1

In this example, since the cross-zoning for Release Circuit 1 (Zone 1) is being displayed, Yes is shown for Zone 1 which is cross-zoned with Zone 2. Zone 2 displays Yes since it is cross-zoned with Zone 1. The remaining zones display NO or N/A for no cross-zoning to Zone 1. By pressing the number key corresponding to the desired zone, the display for that zone will toggle between Yes and No indicating cross-zoning to Zone 1 or no cross-zoning to Zone 1.

3.5.5 On-Board Relays

Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will allow the programmer to configure the three main circuit board Form-C relays. The following screen will be displayed:

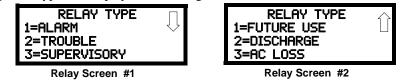
on-Board	RELAYS
1=RELAY 1	ALARM
2=RELAY 2	TROUBLE
3=RELAY 3	SUPERVSRY

Relays Selection Screen

To program Relay 1, 2 or 3, press the number corresponding to the selected relay. The following screen will be displayed:



Pressing *1* for Type will display the following screens:



While viewing the selected screen, press the number corresponding to the desired relay type to program the main circuit board relay. The choice will be stored in memory and the display will return to the Relay Type Screen which will show the programmed type choice. Press the Escape key to return to the Relays Selection Screen and repeat the preceding procedure for the remaining relays.

Pressing 2 for Latching will toggle the display between Latching Yes and No.

If *Latching Yes* is selected, when the Relay is activated, the condition causing the activation must be cleared and the FACP must be reset to clear the Relay.

If *Latching No* is selected, when the Relay is activated, the Relay will reset as soon as the condition causing the activation is cleared. The FACP does not need to be reset.

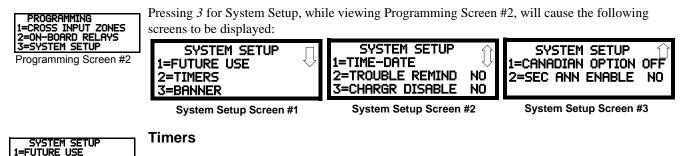
3.5.6 System Setup

System Setup allows the programmer to configure the following control panel features:

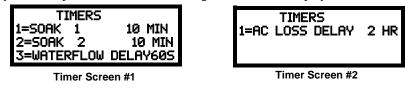
- *Timers:* This option allows the programmer to set the Soak 1, Soak 2, Waterflow and AC Loss time delays.
- *Banner:* This option allows the user to change the top two lines of the LCD display from the factory default readout to a user defined readout when the control panel is in Normal condition.
- *Time-Date:* This feature allows the programmer to set the time, display format (24 hr or 12 hr), date and daylight savings time feature into the FACP memory
- *Trouble Reminder*: This feature, when enabled, provides an audible reminder that an alarm or trouble still exists on the FACP after the control panel has been silenced. The control panel piezo sounder will pulse once every 15 seconds during an alarm and every two minutes during a trouble condition, after the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge key is pressed. The piezo will continue to sound at these rates until the alarm or trouble condition is cleared. If the *Trouble Reminder* feature is <u>not</u> enabled and a trouble condition is not cleared within 24 hours, the panel will reactivate the trouble sounder an send an Abnormal 24 hour Test message via the optional communicator.
- *Charger Disable:* This option allows the programmer to disable the onboard battery charger in the event an external battery charger is being used.
- *Canadian Option:* This option allows the automatic programming of the FACP to Canadian specifications (refer to "Canadian Option" on page 66).
 Important! For Canadian Applications, this option must be set to ON prior to any other panel programming.
- ANN-SECONDARY: This option allows the use of a secondary ANN-BUS with the ANN-SEC option module. This option must be enabled if the ANN-SEC option card is installed on J13 of the main circuit board.

2=TIMERS 3=BANNER

System Setup Screen #1



Timers for Soak, Waterflow Delay and AC Loss Delay can be programmed by pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



Soak 1 or Soak 2

The factory default setting for Soak Time is 10 minutes. To select a Soak Time delay of 10 to 30 minutes, press *1* for Soak 1 (Release Circuit 1) or *2* for Soak 2 (Release Circuit 2) while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following display will appear:



Soak Time Setup Screen

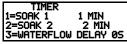
Pressing *1* while viewing the Soak Time Setup Screen will program the corresponding releasing circuit to remain on during alarm activation until the alarm is cleared and the panel is reset.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Soak Time Setup Screen will display the following screen:

	SOAK # TIME
RANG	e 10-30 minutes

Soak Time Screen

This screen allows the user to program a specific length of time for the releasing circuit to remain active after an input initiating a release has cleared. A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a soak time consisting of two digits, such as 10 for ten minutes. Upon entering the second digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new soak time. In this example, when the input circuit which initiated a release has cleared, the soak timer will start, allowing the releasing circuit to continue releasing water for a total of ten minutes and then deactivate.



Timer Screen #1

Waterflow Delay

A delay can be added prior to declaring a waterflow type of alarm. Be careful to include any builtin delays of the waterflow device. The factory default setting for Waterflow delay is 00 for no delay. To select a Waterflow delay of 01 to 90 seconds for all devices programmed for Waterflow delay, press *3* while viewing Timer Screen #1 to display the following screen:



Waterflow Delay Screen

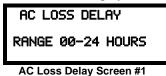
A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of two digits, such as 25 for twenty-five seconds. Upon entering the second digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

TIMER 1=AC LOSS DLAY 2 HR

Timer Screen #2

AC Loss Delay

The reporting of a loss of AC power can be delayed by programming the length of the desired delay. Press *1* while viewing Timer Screen #2 to display the following:



A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the display. The factory default setting is 02 hours. Type the two digit AC loss reporting delay in hours (00 to 24 hour delay). When the second digit is entered, the display will return to AC Loss Delay Screen #1.

NOTE: Upon the loss of AC power at the control panel, relays programmed for AC Loss will transfer immediately, regardless of the *AC Loss Delay* setting. If no troubles other than AC Loss exist in the panel, the System Trouble relay will delay activation for the duration of the *AC Loss Delay* setting.

Banner



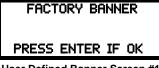
System Setup Screen #1

The top line of the display, which appears when the control panel is in normal mode, can be changed by using the Banner option. Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #1 will cause the following to be displayed:



Select Banner Screen

Pressing 1 while viewing the Select Banner Screen will display the following screen:



User Defined Banner Screen #1

This screen allows the user to select the factory default Banner which will be displayed when the system is in Normal Mode of operation. Press the *Enter* key to accept this as the default display. Press the Escape key to cancel and return to the Select Banner Screen.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Select Banner Screen will display the following screen:

USER BAN	NER-LIM	IE 1
PRESS EN	TER IF	ок

User Defined Banner Screen

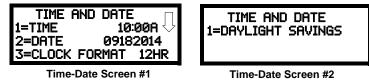
This screen allows the programmer to enter a custom banner. A flashing cursor will appear in the bottom left corner of the display. A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered into the screen. After entering up to 20 characters in the screen, press *Enter* to store the entry. To quickly clear the current banner, press the *CLR* key.

To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter *B*, press the 2 (*ABC*) key three times to toggle through the characters *I*, *A*, and *B*. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the *(QZ) key four times to place a blank in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the *Enter* key to store the information. The display will return to the Select Banner Screen.



Time-Date

The control panel time and date can be changed by pressing *I* while viewing the System Setup Screen #2. The following screen will be displayed:



Time

To change the time, press *l* while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current time. To change the time, enter the two-digit hours followed by the two-digit minutes. The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last minutes digit is entered, the cursor will again move one position to the right. At this point enter I for AM or 2 for PM. The display will then return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new time entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

Date

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

ENTER DATE **-****** MONTH DAY YEAR 09-19-2014
Date Screen

A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current date. To change the date, enter the two-digit month followed by the two-digit day and then the two-digit year (14 for 2014, 15 for 2015, etc.). The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last year digit is entered, the display will return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new date entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

Clock Format

The clock can be configured to display 12 hour (AM & PM) or 24 hour (military) time. Pressing *3* while viewing the Time-Date screen will cause the display to toggle between 12HR and 24HR. Select 12HR for 12 hour display or 24HR for 24 hour display.

NOTE: If the clock is changed to 24 hour (military) format, the date will change to the European standard of **Day-Month-Year** (for display purposes only).

TIME AND DATE 1=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Time & Date Screen #2

Daylight Savings Time

Pressing 1 while viewing Time-Date Screen #2 will cause the following screens to be displayed:





Daylight Savings Screen #2

Pressing *1* while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. The control panel will automatically update the time for daylight savings time when *Enabled Yes* is selected.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will begin. In this sub-screen, pressing 1 will select March, 2 will select April, and 3 will select May.

Pressing 3 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will begin. In the first sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the first week, 2 will select the second week, and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the fourth week and 2 will select the last week of the selected month.

Pressing 1 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will end. In this sub-screen, pressing 1 will select September, 2 will select October, and 3 will select November.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will end. In the first sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the first week, 2 will select the second week, and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing 4 will select the fourth week and 5 will select the last week of the selected month.



Trouble Reminder

The Trouble Reminder features causes the control panel piezo to sound a reminder 'beep' for alarms and troubles, after the panel has been silenced. Refer to "System Setup" on page 61, for a detailed description of this feature. Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #2 will cause the display to toggle to *Trouble Remind Yes*, which enables this feature. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Trouble Remind Yes* and *Trouble Remind No*.

Note that if the Trouble Reminder feature is not enabled, a trouble existing on the panel for more than 24 hours will cause the FACP to resound the trouble sounder.

Charger Disable

Pressing 3 while viewing System Setup Screen #2 will allow the programmer to enable or disable the onboard battery charger. If an external battery charger is being used, the onboard battery charger must be disabled. Each press of the 3 key will toggle between *Chargr Disable No* and *Chargr Disable Yes*.

Canadian Option

Pressing *1* while viewing System Setup Screen #3 will configure the FACP to comply with Canadian requirements. The display will change to *Canadian Opt. On*. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Canadian Opt. On* and *Canadian Opt. Off.* The factory default setting is *Canadian Opt. Off.*

The Canadian Options configures the FACP with the following as required by Canada:

- The following zone type codes are not available:
 - ✓ non-latching supervisory
 - ✓ non-latching drill
- Any allowed zone type programmed as Auto-Resettable will be changed to latching version of that zone type (N.O. Contact AR will be changed to N.O. Contact, Combo with AR Supervisory will be changed to Combo, 2-wire Heat AR will be changed to 2-wire Heat, Low Pressure AR will be changed to Low Pressure, High Pressure AR will change to High Pressure and Supervisory AR will change to Supervisory).
- The auto-silence feature will be disabled by the panel.
- The installer must write in the Date of Final Assembly on the Master Marking and Warranty label, located on the FACP backbox door.
- When the N-ANN-80C LCD Canadian indicator is installed: Local Silence button will silence annunciator piezos, Lamp Test button will perform an annunciator lamp test, pressing and holding Sounder Test button will sound annunciator piezo, pressing step up/down arrows will scroll through stored events. These buttons may be enabled or disabled by programming.

Secondary ANN-BUS Option

System Setup Screen #3

System Setup 1=Canadian Option 2=Sec ann Enable

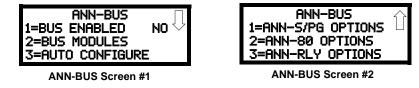
Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #3 allows the user to enable the secondary ANN-BUS. The secondary ANN-BUS must be enabled if any modules are connected to the ANN-SEC option card at J13. To enable the Secondary ANN-BUS, press *1* while viewing the SEC-ANN screen so that the display reads SEC ANN Enabled Yes. Each press of the *1* key will cause the display to toggle between *SEC ANN Enabled Yes* and *SEC ANN Enabled No*. The factory default setting is ANN-SECONDARY Enabled No.

3.5.7 ANN-BUS



Programming Screen #3

Optional ANN-BUS devices available for the FACP include annunciators, relay modules and printer connection for acquiring hardcopy printouts of panel data. Pressing *1* while viewing Programming Screen #3 will cause the control panel to display the following screens.



An N-ANN-S/PG Printer module, N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator module and an N-ANN-RLY relay module can be programmed in the FACP. These devices communicate with the FACP over the ANN-BUS terminals on the control panel.

ANN-BUS Enabled

The ANN-BUS must be enabled if any modules are installed on the ANN-BUS terminals. To enable the ANN-BUS, press *1* while viewing ANN-BUS screen #1 so that the display reads *ANN-BUS Enabled Yes*. Each press of the *1* key will cause the display to toggle between *ANN-BUS Enabled Yes* and *ANN-BUS Enabled No*.

ANN-BUS Modules

If an ANN-BUS module is installed, press 2 while viewing ANN-BUS screen #1 to select ANN-BUS addresses for the module(s). The following screen will be displayed.

ANN-BUS	MODULES	
1=ADDR. 1	NONE	
2=ADDR. 2	NONE	
3=ADDR. 3	NONE	
ANN-BUS Module Screen #1		

Pressing the down arrow key will allow the programmer to view additional screens displaying Addresses 1 - 8. Pressing the number corresponding to the desired address will display a screen with technical information about the selected module.



NOTE: When the Secondary ANN-BUS is enabled through System Setup programming, addresses 1 - 3 will be on the primary ANN-BUS and addresses 4 - 8 will be on the seconary ANN-BUS.

In the technical information screen, pressing *1* for *Type* will display the following screens:

ANN-BUS MODULE TYPE	ANN-BUS MODULE TYPE
L=NONE 🗆 🗆	1=ANN-S/PG
2=ANN-80 🖓	2=ANN-RLY
3=ANN-I/O	3=ANN-LED
N I I I I I	
Module Type Screen #1	Module Type Screen #2

Module Type Screen #2

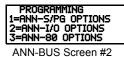
Press the number corresponding to the module type, if any, that is installed with the selected address. This will enable the module.

Auto-Configure

The ANN-BUS Auto-Configure features allows the programmer to quickly bring all installed ANN-BUS modules online. The software will search for all ANN-BUS modules and automatically program the device type and address into the system. Pressing 3 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #1 will begin the Auto-Configure process and cause the following screen to be displayed:



Auto-Configure Screen



ANN-S/PG Options

The Printer Option allows the user to configure the optional printer. Pressing 1 while viewing the ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the following screens:



Printer Options Screen #1

Printer Options Screen #3

Pressing 1 for Port while viewing Printer Options screen #1 will allow the programmer to select between a Parallel and Serial Port for printer connection. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between Port PAR (parallel) and Port SER (serial). It is important to note that the interface selected determines which options are available to the user.

If the Parallel Port option is selected, the user has the option to supervise the printer and select an offline timer for the supervision by pressing 2 for Printer Supervision while viewing Print Options screen #1. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Printer Supv NO* for no supervision and *Printer Supv YES* for printer supervision. Note that this option is not selectable if the Serial Port option has been selected.

If the Parallel Port option is selected, the user has the ability to select an *Offline Timer* by pressing *3* while viewing Print Options screen #1. The resultant screen allows the programmer to program the *Offline Timer* for a delay of between 0 and 255 seconds before loss of printer supervision is reported as a trouble.

If the Serial Port option is selected, the *Printer Supv* and *Offline Timer* options will not be available. The Baud Rate, Data Bits, Parity and Stop Bits options are only available when the Serial Port option has been selected.

Pressing 1 for *Baud Rate* while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause a screen to appear which allow the user to select a Baud Rate of 19200, 9600 or 2400.

Pressing 2 for *Data Bits* while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause screens to appear which allow the user to select 5, 6, 7, or 8 *Data Bits*.

Pressing 3 for *Parity* while viewing Printer Options screen #2 will cause a screen to appear which allows the user to select between *No Parity, Even Parity,* or *Odd Parity.*

Pressing 1 for Stop Bits while viewing Printer Options screen #3 will cause a screen to appear which allows the user to select between 0.5, 1.0, or 2.0 Stop Bits.

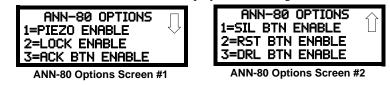
ANN-I/O LED Zone Assignments

The information displayed by LEDs on every N-ANN-I/O module is not programmable and will therefore be as indicated in the following table.

LED	Zone (any address)
1	AC Fault
2	General Alarm
3	General Supervisory
4	General Trouble
5	Alarm Silenced
6	Earth Fault
7	Battery Fault
8	Charger Fault
9	Disable
10	Maintenance
11	Zone 1 Alarm
12	Zone 2 Alarm
13	Zone 3 Alarm
14	Zone 4 Alarm
15	Zone 5 Alarm
16	Zone 6 Alarm
17	Not Used
18	Not Used
19	Not Used
20	Not Used
21	Zone 1 Trouble
22	Zone 2 Trouble
23	Zone 3 Trouble
24	Zone 4 Trouble
25	Zone 5 Trouble
26	Zone 6 Trouble
27	Not Used
28	Not Used
29	Not Used
30	Not Used
31	Zone 1 Supervisory
32	Zone 2 Supervisory
33	Zone 3 Supervisory
34	Zone 4 Supervisory
35	Zone 5 Supervisory
36	Zone 6 Supervisory
37	Not Used
38	Not Used
39	Not Used
40	Not Used

ANN-80 Options

Pressing 2 while ANN-BUS screen #2 will display the following screen:



The *Piezo Enable* option allows the programmer to select whether the piezo sounder on any installed N-ANN-80 annunciator will ever sound. Pressing *1* while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between *Piezo Enable Yes* and *Piezo Enable No*.

The *Lock Enable* option allows the programmer to select whether or not the N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator must be unlocked by its key before any annunciator key presses will function. Pressing 2 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between *Lock Enable Yes* (annunciator must be unlocked for keys to function) and *Lock Enable No* (lock position is ignored). A trouble will generate at the panel if *Lock Enable Yes* is selected for an unlocked N-ANN-80.

The Acknowledge Button Enable (*ACK BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Ack/Step button on any installed N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing *3* while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #1 causes the display to toggle between *Ack Btn Enable Yes* (Ack/Step button functions normally) and *Ack Btn Enable No* (Ack/Step button never functions).

The Silence Button Enable (*SIL BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Silence button on any installed N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing *1* while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between *Sil Btn Enable Yes* (Silence button functions normally) and *Sil Btn Enable No* (Silence button never functions).

The Reset Button Enable (*RST BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Reset button on any installed N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing 2 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between *Rst Btn Enable Yes* (Reset button functions normally) and *Rst Btn Enable No* (Reset button never functions).

The Drill Button Enable (*DRL BTN ENABLE*) option allows the programmer to select whether the Drill button on any installed N-ANN-80 LCD annunciator will function normally or always be ignored. Pressing 3 while viewing the ANN-80 Options Screen #2 causes the display to toggle between *Drl Btn Enable Yes* (Drill button functions normally) and *Drl Btn Enable No* (Drill button never functions).



NOTE: If Canadian Option is enabled and an ANN-80C LCD Canadian annunciator is installed, the programming screens will display the Canadian annunciator button options instead of the options shown above.

PROGRAMMING 1=ANN-RLY OPTIONS 2=ANN-LED OPTIONS

ANN-RLY Options

ANN-BUS Screen #3

Pressing *1* for *ANN-RLY Options* while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #3 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

ANN-RLY	OPTIONS	ļļ
1=RELAY 1	IN ZONE	1^{\vee}
2=RELAY 2	IN ZONE	_
3=RELAY 3	IN ZONE	3

ANN-RLY Options Screen

The N-ANN-RLY module provides ten Form-C relays which can be programmed for various functions. The initial screen displays Relays 1 through 3. Pressing the down arrow key will display the remaining relays for this module.

To program any of the N-ANN-RLY relays, while viewing the appropriate ANN-RLY Option screen, press the number key corresponding to the relay to be programmed. Following is a list of the available programming options for each relay:

- General Alarm
- General Trouble
- General Supervisory
- Future Use
- Future Use
- Future Use
- General Discharge
- Discharge Release 1
- Discharge Release 2
- AC Loss
- Waterflow Delay
- Future Use
- Future Use
- Future Use
- General 2nd Shot Release
- 2nd Shot Release 1
- 2nd Shot Release 2
- Input Zone 1
- Input Zone 2
- Input Zone 3
- Input Zone 4
- Input Zone 5
- Input Zone 6

3.5.8 History

PROGRAMMING 1=ANN-BUS 2=HISTORY 3=WALKTEST

Programming Screen #3

The History option allows an authorized user to view or erase events which have occurred in the control panel. Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #3 will display the History options as shown in the following display:



History Screen

View Events

Pressing *1* while viewing the History Screen will allow the user to select the events to be viewed as illustrated in the following:

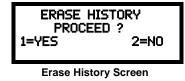


View Events Screen

While displaying the View Events screen, press 1 to view all events, 2 to view only alarms, or 3 to view other events. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all of the displayed events.

Erase History

The Erase History option allows a user to erase all events from the history file. This will provide a clean slate in order to use the history file to track future events. Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will display the following screen:



Pressing *1* while viewing the Erase History Screen will erase all events from the History file. After the History file has been erased, the display will return to the History Screen.

3.5.9 Walktest



Walktest allows an individual to test the fire alarm system without the necessity to reset the control panel after each device activation. Pressing *3* while viewing the Programming Screen #3 will cause the following Walktest options to be displayed:



To perform a silent walktest which will not sound the NACs, press *1* while viewing the Walktest Screen. To perform an audible walktest, which will sound the NACs, press *2* while viewing the Walktest Screen. When either option is chosen, the panel will enter Walktest Mode and the following screen will be displayed:



The user can now perform a one-person walktest by activating devices throughout the system. As each device is activated, the screen will display the information about the activated device as shown below. Note that the **colon** (:) in the time is replaced with an **asterisk** (*) to distinguish the walktest screen from an actual alarm screen.



After completion of the Walktest, press the *Esc* (Escape) key to exit Walktest Mode and return to the Walktest Screen. The results of the Walktest can now be viewed by pressing *3* while viewing the Walktest Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



Use the up and down arrow keys to view all of the walktest results which will be displayed as illustrated in the preceding screen. Note that the Walktest log is stored in RAM. If all power (AC and DC) is removed from the FACP, the Walktest log information will be lost. This information is also overwritten when subsequent walktests are performed.

3.5.10 Clear Program

PROGRAMMING 1=CLEAR PROGRAM 2=PASSWORD CHANGE

Programming Screen #4

Pressing *1* while viewing Programming Screen #4, will select the Clear Program option. The control panel will provide a warning to the user by prompting with the following display:



Pressing 1 for Yes will cause the control panel to carry out the selected clear option. Pressing 2 for No will prevent programming from being cleared.

3.5.11 Password Change

The factory set passwords, which have been programmed into the control panel, can be changed by selecting the Password Change option. Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Password Change Screen

Press *1* to change the Master Programming Level password or 2 to change the Maintenance Level password. *Note that the passwords will <u>not</u> be displayed on annunciators*.

The following screen will appear when either change option is selected:



Enter Password Screen

A flashing cursor will appear in the center of the display. Enter a new five digit password (such as *10101* for the Master Level). After the fifth digit is entered, the following screen will be displayed:



The new five digit password must be re-entered to accept the change. The display will then return to the initial Password Change Screen.

3.6 Maintenance Programming Level

To access Maintenance Programming mode, press the *Enter* key. The LCD will display the following:



To enter the Maintenance Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:



When the *Maintenance* level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:



Note that in the preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad *down* arrow key, as shown in the following screen.



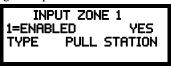
3.6.1 Input Zones - Enable/Disable

PROGRAMMING 1=INPUT ZONES 2=HISTORY 3=UALKTEST Maintenance Screen #1

The Input Zones option allows the user to enable or disable desired zones. Pressing *1* for Input Zones, while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

POINT PROGRAM	
1=ZONE 1	
2=ZONE 2	
3=ZONE 3	
Zone Select Screen	

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional Zones 4 - 6. Select the number corresponding to the desired zone. A screen will appear which will allow enabling or disabling of the selected zone, as illustrated in the following example:



Enable/Disable Select Screen

Pressing 1 repeatedly will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*.

3.6.2 History

Pressing 2 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



History Screen

The History feature allows the operator to view control panel events which have been stored in a history file in memory and erase the contents of the history file

Pressing *I* while viewing the History screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:



To view all the events which have occurred in the control panel since the history file was last erased, press *I* while viewing the Events screen. To view only alarms which have occurred, press 2 while viewing the Events screen. To view events other than alarms, press 3. The most recent event will be displayed on the screen. To view all of the selected events, press the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of events. If no events have occurred, the display will read *NO EVENTS IN HISTORY*.

Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

ERASE H PROCE 1=YES		
Erase History Screen		

Pressing *1* while viewing the Erase History Screen will erase all events from the History file. The display will then return to the History Screen. Pressing 2 will cause the display to return to the History Screen without erasing the History file.

3.6.3 Walktest



To perform a walktest, press 3 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



The operator can press *1* to perform a silent walktest or 2 to perform an audible walktest. The display will read *UNIT IN WALKTEST*. To end the Walktest, press the *Esc* (Escape) key.

Pressing 3 after the walktest has been completed, will allow the operator to view the results of the walktest.

3.6.4 Time-Date



Maintenance Screen #2

To program the time and date into the control panel, press *1* while viewing Maintenance Screen #2. The following display will appear:

TIME (and date
1=TIME	01:00A
2=DATE	01012009
3=CLOCK	Format 12HRS

Time and Date Screen

To change the time, press *1* to display the following screen:

ENTE	R TIME AS 12HRS	
	01:00	
1=AM	2=PM	
Time Screen		

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the four digit number corresponding to the time (0000 - 1259). When the fourth digit is entered, the cursor will move one position to the right. Press *1* for AM or *2* for PM to complete entering the time. The display will return to the Time and Date Screen displaying the new time.

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time and Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



Date Screen

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the two digit month, two digit day and four digit year. The cursor will move one position to the right after each entry. When the fourth digit of the year has been entered, the display will return to the Time and Date Screen which will show the new date.

To change between 12 hour and 24 hour format, press 3 for Clock Format while viewing the Time and Date screen. Each press of the 3 key will toggle the display between 12 HR and 24 HR format.

Section 4: Operating Instructions

Factory programmed Templates have been provided to facilitate the installation and configuration of the Fire Alarm Control Panel. The factory default programming for this panel is Template #1. Refer to "FACP Configuration Templates" on page 96 for a detailed description of the FACP operation for Template #1.

4.1 Panel Control Buttons

4.1.1 Acknowledge/Step

The first press of the *Acknowledge/Step* key silences the piezo sounder, changes flashing LEDs to steady and also changes the status field on the LCD display from capital letters to small letters (*TROUBL* to *Troubl*). When the piezo is silenced, an *acknowledge* message is sent to the printer and the history file. *Acknowledge* also sends a *silence piezo* command to the optional annunciators connected to the FACP. The Acknowledge key will have no effect on the Notification Appliance Circuits.

When more than one event exists, the first press of the Acknowledge/Step key functions as described in the preceding paragraph. Subsequent pressing of the key *steps* through each active event.

4.1.2 Alarm Silenced (Domestic/Export Versions)/Signal Silence (Canadian Version)

The *Alarm Silenced/Signal Silence* key performs the same functions as Acknowledge/Step, except it will not step through each event when multiple events are present at the panel. In addition, if an alarm exists, it turns off all silenceable NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) and causes the Alarm Silenced indicator to turn on. It also sends an 'alarm silenced' message to the printer, history file and optional annunciators. A subsequent new alarm will resound the system NACs. The Alarm Silenced indicator is turned off by pressing the Reset key, the Drill key, or subsequent activation of the NACs.

NOTES:

1. If Silence Inhibit has been enabled, NACs cannot be silenced for one minute following initiation of an alarm.

2. When the system is configured for dual hazard operation, an alarm in one hazard area may reactivate notification appliance circuits programmed for that area <u>only</u>.

4.1.3 Drill/Hold 2 Sec (Domestic/Export Versions)/Alarm Signal (Canadian Version)

When the *Drill/Alarm Signal* key is held for a minimum of two seconds (time required to prevent accidental activations), the FACP turns on all NAC outputs and turns off the Alarm Silenced indicator if it was previously on. The *EVAC IN SYSTEM* message is shown on the LCD display. The same message is sent to the printer and history file. The *Alarm Silence/Signal Silence* key can be used to turn off all silenceable NAC outputs following activation by the *Drill/Alarm Signal* key.

4.1.4 Reset

Pressing and releasing the *Reset* key turns off all NACs, temporarily turns off resettable power to 4wire detectors, causes a *RESET IN SYSTEM* message to be displayed on the LCD and sends the same message to the printer and history file. It also performs a lamp test by turning on all LEDs, piezo sounder and LCD display segments after the *Reset* key is released. Any alarm or trouble that exists after a reset will resound the system.

Note that if Silence Inhibit has been enabled, the FACP cannot be reset for one minute following initiation of an alarm.

4.2 Indicators

The six indicators, which are located on the front panel, operate as follows:

AC Power

This is a green indicator which illuminates if AC power is applied to the FACP. A loss of AC power will turn off this indicator.

Fire Alarm

This red indicator flashes when one or more alarms occur. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The Fire Alarm indicator turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed. The indicator will remain off if all alarms have been cleared.

Supervisory

This is a yellow indicator that flashes when one or more supervisory conditions occur, such as a sprinkler valve tamper condition. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. It turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed and remains off if all supervisory alarms have been cleared.

Trouble

This is a yellow indicator that flashes when one or more trouble conditions occur. It stays on steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The indicator turns off when all trouble conditions are cleared. This indicator will also illuminate if the microprocessor watchdog circuit is activated.

Alarm Silenced

This is a yellow indicator that illuminates after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed while an alarm condition exists. It turns off when the *Drill* or *Reset* key is pressed.

Discharge

This is a red indicator that illuminates steadily when the water releasing circuit is activated.

4.3 Normal Operation

With no alarms or troubles in the system, the display message is *System All Normal* along with the current time and date as shown below. To set the time and date, refer to the appropriate section in this manual.



The FACP performs the following functions at regular intervals in Normal mode:

- ✓ Monitors AC input voltage and battery voltage
- \checkmark Monitors and reports status option cards and control panel
- ✓ Refreshes LCD display and updates time
- \checkmark Scans control panel keypad for key presses
- ✓ Tests memory
- ✓ Updates and reads all communications busses (EIA-485, etc.)

✓ i³ smoke detectors will be polled for maintenance and freeze conditions (temperature of 45°F or less) on initial entry into Normal mode. Thereafter, each device will be polled every hour for freeze and every four hours for maintenance conditions.

NOTE: To ensure that the system is functioning properly, the FACP will perform a freeze check within minutes after the panel is reset, followed by a maintenance check. If there is no freeze or maintenance condition, the panel will continue to monitor for freeze conditions every hour and maintenance conditions every four hours.

4.4 Trouble Operation

With no alarms in the system, the detection of a trouble will cause the following:

- The piezo to pulse 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The system Trouble indicator to flash one second On and one second Off
- The output circuits programmed as Trouble Bell NAC to activate
- The trouble relay to activate
- *TROUBL* with device type, adjective/noun, address and trouble description will appear on the LCD display
- The same message, along with the time and date, is sent to the optional printer and the history buffer.

Note that specific troubles will initiate additional actions; for example, loss of AC power will turn off the AC Power indicator, etc.

Input Zone

For Input Zones, the following is a typical message that could appear on the LCD display for a device trouble:



The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- First line in display:
 - ✓ The type of event; in this example *OPEN* indicating a circuit trouble
 - ✓ Device type identifier; in this example, *PULL STATION* indicates a manual device. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include 2-WIRE SMOKE for Smoke Detector, 2-WIRE HEAT for Heat Detector, etc.
- Second line in display:
 - ✓ <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
 - ✓ <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
- Third line in display indicates Zone and the fault condition. Other possible troubles include:
 - OPEN indicating an open circuit
 - *DIRTY* maintenance alert indicating that a detector is near but below the allowed alarm limit and is in need of maintenance before the performance is compromised
- Fourth line in display:
 - ✓ Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
 - ✓ Date; the current month, day and year in this example is 09 for September, 18 for the 18th day of the month and 14 for the year 2014

Pressing the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key will cause the pulsing piezo to silence and the system Trouble indicator to change from flashing to on steady. This block acknowledgment occurs regardless of the number of troubles, alarms and supervisory events active in the system. When the *Acknowledge/Step* key is pressed and at least one new alarm or trouble exists in the system, the 'acknowledge' message is sent to the printer and history file. If the trouble clears, either before or after the *Acknowledge/Step* key is pressed, the 'clear trouble' message is sent to the printer and history file.

If all troubles clear and there are no supervisory or fire conditions active in the system, the system returns to normal mode operation and the *System All Normal* message is shown on the LCD display and sent to the history and printer files. The auto-restore feature will restore cleared troubles even if the troubles were never acknowledged. Note that pressing the *Alarm Silence* key when only troubles exist in the system will have the same effect as pressing the *Acknowledge/Step* key except the Alarm Silence indicator will light.

4.5 Alarm Operation

For a detailed description of the alarm operation for each preprogrammed Template, refer to "FACP Configuration Templates" on page 96 and "Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zoning" on page 91. Alarm operation is similar to trouble operation with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder produces a steady output as opposed to a pulsed output
- The Fire Alarm indicator flashes 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The LCD displays *Alarm* along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Alarms latch and are not allowed to clear automatically
- Timers for Silence Inhibit, Autosilence and Trouble Reminder are started
- Soak and Waterflow Delay Timers are started (if enabled) for appropriate circuits
- Alarms activate the general alarm relay
- Silenced alarms are resounded
- Release Solenoid circuits are activated to produce a water release
- The trouble relay is not activated
- Store event in history buffer

A typical alarm display would be as illustrated below:



Note that the device type, which in this example is *PULL STATION*, can be any other programmable alarm type.

The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- First line in display:
 - ✓ The type of event; in this example *ALARM* indicating an alarm condition
 - ✓ Device type identifier; in this example, *PULL STATION* indicates a manual pull box. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include 2-WIRE SMOKE for Smoke Detector, 2-WIRE HEAT for Heat Detector, etc.
- Second line in display:
 - ✓ <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
 - ✓ <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.

- Third line in display: *Zone 1* indicates the zone programmed to this device which, in this example, is Input Zone 1.
- Fourth line in display:
 - ✓ Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
 - ✓ Date; the current month, day and year in this example is 09 for September, 18 for the 8th day of the month and 14 for the year 2014

4.6 Supervisory Operation

Supervisory operation is similar to alarm operation but with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder pulses 1/2 second On and 1/2 second Off
- The Supervisory indicator flashes 1/2 second On and 1/2 second Off
- The LCD displays the status label *Active Supervisory* along with the device name, type, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- The output circuits programmed as Supervisory NAC are activated
- The supervisory relay is activated
- The alarm relay is <u>not</u> activated
- Silenced alarms are not resounded
- Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer

A typical Supervisory event would be displayed as illustrated in the following:



In the preceding example:

- FROZEN SUPRV - indicates zone detector is below approximately 45°F

Note that, like alarms, supervisory signals latch (except when programmed for supervisory autoresettable). Supervisory alarms do not cause resound as do other alarm conditions. Open circuits in supervisory wiring are processed by the control panel the same way as other trouble conditions. Refer to "Alarm Operation" on page 79, for a description of the information displayed on the control panel LCD.

4.7 Disable/Enable Operation

Input zones which are disabled do not cause an alarm or any zone activation. Disabled NACs are held in the off state. Disabled zones/NACs are treated as if they were in trouble, with the exception being the LCD status label that will be displayed is *DISABL*.

Note that disabled Releasing Circuits are treated as supervisory events.

4.8 Waterflow Circuits Operation

If an alarm exists from a zone that is a waterflow non-silenceable type, the Alarm Silence key will not function.

4.9 2nd-Shot Water Switch

Following an initial waterflow release, an input circuit with the nonlatching Type Code of 2nd-Shot Water Switch, when activated, will cause another waterflow release to occur immediately. If a manual switch is connected to the circuit, an operator has the option to perform any number of additional waterflow releases following an initial release.

4.10 Detector Functions

Maintenance Alert

i³ smoke detectors will be polled for maintenance and freeze conditions (temperature less than 45°F) on initial entry into Normal mode. Thereafter, each device will be polled every hour for freeze and every four hours for maintenance conditions All alarm and system trouble conditions are annunciated on the control panel's LCD.

=	
=	- 1
-	- 1

NOTE: To ensure that the system is functioning properly, the FACP will perform a freeze check five minutes after the panel is reset, followed by a maintenance check. If there is no freeze or maintenance condition, the panel will continue to monitor for freeze conditions every hour and maintenance conditions every four hours.

Time Functions: Real-Time Clock

The FACP includes a crystal-based clock that provides time of day, date and day of week. Time is displayed as 12 or 24 hour time with month/day/year and is stored in RAM. Daylight savings time change-over is programmable and automatic. If both AC and battery are lost, the time must be reprogrammed.

4.11 Coded NAC Operation

The NAC circuits resident on the control panel main circuit board can be programmed for coded operation. The available options which can be programmed for coded operation are as follows:

- Steady Steady output with no pulsing
- March Time Pulses at 120 ppm (pulses per minute)
- California Code 10 seconds On, 5 seconds Off
- Temporal Code Pulses at ¹/₂ second On, ¹/₂ second Off, ¹/₂ second Off, ¹/₂ second Off, ¹/₂ second Off
- Cross-Zone:
 - ✓ 1st zone of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes programmed NAC output to pulse 1 second on and 1 second off
 - ✓ 2nd zone of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes programmed NAC output to pulse ½ second on and ½ second off *Note: if more than three zones are cross-zoned, the programmed NAC output will continue to pulse* ½ second on and ½ second off for each subsequent zone in alarm, until the final zone in the cross-zoned group goes into alarm
 - ✓ all zones of a cross-zoned group in alarm causes the output programmed as a Releasing Circuit to perform a water release and the programmed NAC output to turn on steady
- Synchronized output for System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, Faraday or Amseco Refer to "Synchronized NAC Operation" on page 59 for additional information.

4.12 Release Stages

Outputs programmed as Release Stage NACs indicate the two stages of a release operation:

- ✓ the activation of an output programmed as a Releasing Circuit will cause the programmed indicating NAC output to turn on steady
- ✓ upon completion of the release, the programmed indicating NAC output will pulse at a 20 pulse-per-minute rate or extinguish

4.13 Special System Timers

4.13.1 Silence Inhibit Timer

This option, if selected, prevents the *Alarm Silence* key from functioning for 60 seconds following an alarm. A new alarm during the initial 60 second period will <u>not</u> cause the timer to restart with a new 60 seconds. *Silence Inhibit operation requires the approval of the local AHJ*.

4.13.2 Autosilence Timer

If Autosilence is selected, the notification appliances, programmed as silenceable, will automatically be silenced after a programmable duration of from 5 to 30 minutes. Pressing the *Drill* key will restart the timer. *Autosilence operation requires the approval of the local AHJ*.

4.13.3 Trouble Reminder

If selected, this feature causes a reminding 'beep' every 15 seconds during an alarm (after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed) and every two minutes during a trouble condition (after the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed). The 'beeps' from the onboard piezo sounder will occur until the alarm or fault is cleared.

Note that if Trouble Reminder feature is <u>not</u> selected and the trouble is not cleared within 24 hours, the piezo will resound, indicating that the trouble condition still exists.

4.13.4 Soak Timers

Two Soak Timers allow the user to program a time between 10 and 30 minutes for each water releasing circuit to remain active. Soak Timer 1 is used for Releasing Solenoid Circuit 1 and Soak Timer 2 is used for Releasing Solenoid Circuit 2. Following an alarm condition in which the releasing circuit is activated, the water release will stop when the corresponding Soak Timer reaches zero.

4.13.5 Waterflow Delay Timer

If selected, this option will delay the activation of a waterflow type alarm for a programmable time duration from 1 to 90 seconds. This delay is in addition to any time delay inherent in the waterflow device. *This feature requires the approval of the local AHJ*.

4.14 Walktest

Walktest is a feature which allows one person to test the fire alarm system. An audible walktest will momentarily sound the Notification Appliance Circuits in the building and store the walktest information in a file at the panel. A silent walktest will not sound the NACs but will store the walktest information in a file which can be viewed at the panel. Disabled NAC devices will not activate during walktest. In addition, **i**³ smoke detectors will enter their own test mode causing their LEDs to flash twice every five seconds (refer to **i**³ specification document).

Alarm/Shorted Condition

When in audible Walktest, the panel responds to each new alarm and activates its programmed control outputs for four seconds, for *any* mapped NAC (silenceable or non-silenceable activation). It also stores each alarm in the walktest history file which can be sent to an optional printer. The stored display will be the same as if the device actually activated except the colon (:) in the time stamp is replaced with an asterisk (*).

Open Condition

Initiating Device Circuits as well as all main circuit board NACs are monitored for fault conditions during Walktest mode. When a new trouble condition occurs, the FACP will activate all NACs programmed for Walktest, then shut them off after eight seconds.

While in Walktest, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble indicator flashes (as in all of the Program and status change operations). The alarm relay is not activated.

4.15 Read Status

Read Status functions do not require a password. The control panel will continue to provide fire protection while in Read Status mode. This mode can be entered while the control panel is in alarm or trouble. If a new alarm occurs during these functions, the Read Status is exited to prevent confusion.

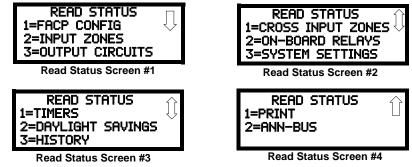
Read Status Entry

When the operator presses the control panel Enter key, the LCD will display the following:



Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status mode which allows the user to view and print the programmed features and status of the control panel.

The following screens will be displayed:



4.15.1 FACP Configuration

Pressing *1* while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will display the type of configuration programmed into the FACP (refer to "FACP CONFIG (Application Templates)" on page 51). As an example, if Template 7 was programmed as the FACP configuration, the following screen will be displayed:



4.15.2 Input Zones

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

READ INPUT ZONES	
1=ZONE 1	\checkmark
2=ZONE 2	
3=20NE 3	

Pressing the down arrow key will allow the selection of Zones 4-6.

The operator selects the zone which is to be viewed by pressing the number corresponding to the desired zone in each screen. For example, if 1 is pressed in the first screen, the display will change to a screen similar to the following:



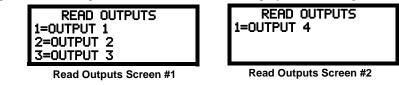
Pressing the down arrow key, while viewing the screen shown above, will allow the operator to view additional programming information about the selected device, such as:

- Enable/Disable Status
- Device Type
- Output Circuit MAP
- Adjective/Noun descriptor

4.15.3 Output Circuits



Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will display the following screens:



The operator can press *I* to view the programmed options for Output 1, 2 to view the programmed options for Output 2, *3* to view the programmed options for Output 3, or *4* to view the programmed options for Output 4.

The resulting screens will display the following information:

- Enable/Disable Status
- Circuit Type
- Silenceable/Nonsilenceable
- Auto Silence Enable/Disable and time delay (in minutes)
- Silence Inhibit Enabled/Disabled
- Coding Selection (Temporal, Steady, etc.)

4.15.4 Cross Input Zones

Pressing 1 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screens:

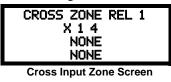


Read Status Screen #2

CROSS INPUT	ZONES
1=RELEASE 1	
2=RELEASE 2	

Cross Input Zone Screen

Pressing *1* for Release 1 or 2 for Release 2 will display the cross-zoning, if any, for the selected Releasing Circuit as illustrated in the following screen:



The Cross Zone Release screen displays the zones that have been cross-zoned. In this example, Zone 1 is cross-zoned with Zone 4.

4.15.5 On-Board Relays

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screen:

ON-BOARD RELAYS	
1=RELAY 1	
2=RELAY 2	
3=RELAY 3	

To view the information about a relay, press the number key corresponding to the desired relay. The following screen will be displayed:



4.15.6 System Settings

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screens:

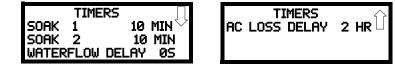
The operator can view the system settings options that have been programmed into the FACP.

4.15.7 Timers

READ STATUS 1=TIMERS 2=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS 3=HISTORY

Read Status Screen #3

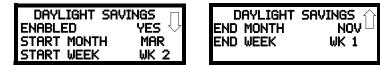
Pressing 1 while Read Status Screen #3 will display the following screens:



These screens allow the operator to view the various timer settings.

4.15.8 Daylight Savings

Pressing 2 while Read Status Screen #3 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



These screens allow the operator to view settings that have been programmed for Daylight Savings Time.

4.15.9 History

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will display the following screens:



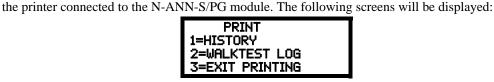
The operator can view all events which have been stored in the history file, only alarms or other events, such as troubles or supervisories, by pressing the corresponding number key.

To print control panel data, press I while viewing Read Status Screen #4. This allows printing to

4.15.10 Print

READ STATUS 1=PRINT 2=ANN-BUS

Read Status Screen #4



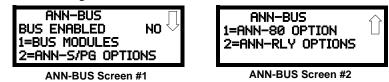
Pressing *1* allows the user to print the History file which will detail all of the system activities since the file was last cleared from memory.

Pressing 2 allows the user to print the Walktest log which will detail all of the system activations during walktest since the log was last cleared. Refer to "Walktest" on page 71 for additional information on the display.

Pressing 3 will exit the Print operation.

4.15.11 ANN-BUS

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the settings for the ANN-BUS options as shown in the following screens:



ANN-BUS Screen #1 indicates whether the ANN-BUS is enabled (Yes/No).

Pressing *1* while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #1 will display BUS Module addresses 1-8 and the devices, if any, located at those addresses.

Pressing 2 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #1 will display the programmed options for the N-ANN-S/PG Module devices connected to the ANN-BUS.

Pressing *1* while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the programmed options for the N-ANN-80 LCD annunciators connected to the ANN-BUS.

Pressing 2 while viewing ANN-BUS Screen #2 will display the programmed options for the N-ANN-RLY devices connected to the ANN-BUS.



NOTE: The N-ANN-I/O and N-ANN-LED modules do not require any additional programming configuration.

Section 5: Power Supply Calculations

5.1 Overview

This section contains instructions and tables for calculating power supply currents in alarm and standby conditions. This is a four-step process, consisting of the following:

- 1. Calculating the total amount of AC branch circuit current required to operate the system
- 2. Calculating the power supply load current for non-fire and fire alarm conditions and calculating the secondary (battery) load
- 3. Calculating the size of batteries required to support the system if an AC power loss occurs
- 4. Selecting the proper batteries for your system

5.2 Calculating the AC Branch Circuit

The control panel requires connection to a separate, dedicated AC branch circuit, which must be labeled **FIRE ALARM**. This branch circuit must connect to the line side of the main power feed of the protected premises. No other non-fire alarm equipment may be powered from the fire alarm branch circuit. The branch circuit wire must run continuously, without any disconnect devices, from the power source to the control panel. Overcurrent protection for this circuit must comply with Article 760 of the National Electrical Codes as well as local codes. Use 14 AWG (2.00 mm²) wire with 600 volt insulation for this branch circuit.

Use Table 5.1, to determine the total amount of current, in AC amperes (A), that must be supplied to the system.

Device Type	Number of Devices		Current Draw (AC amps)		Total Current per Device
RP-2001/C or RP-2001E	1	Х	3.66 or 2.085	=	
	[]	х	[]	=	
	[]	х	[]	=	
	Sum Column f	or AC Bran	ch Current Required	=	

Table 5.1 AC Branch Circuit Requirements

5.3 Calculating the System Current Draw

5.3.1 Overview

The control panel must be able to power all internal and external devices continuously during the non-fire alarm condition. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the system power supply when primary power is applied, use Calculation Column 1 in Table 5.3 on page 89. The control panel must support a larger load current during a fire alarm condition. To calculate the fire alarm load on the power supply, use Calculation Column 2 in Table 5.3 on page 89. The secondary power source (batteries) must be able to power the system during a primary power loss. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the secondary power source, use Calculation Column 3 in Table 5.3 on page 89.

When calculating current draw and the battery size, note the following:

- 'Primary' refers to the main power source for the control panel
- 'Secondary' refers to the control panel's backup batteries
- All currents are given in amperes (A). Table 5.2 shows how to convert milliamperes and microamperes to full amperes.

To convert	Multiply	Example
Milliamperes (mA) to amperes (A)	mA x 0.001	3 mA x 0.001 = 0.003A
Microamperes (µA) to amperes (A)	μA x 0.000001	300 µA x 0.000001 = 0.0003 A

Table 5.2 Converting to Full Amperes

5.3.2 How to Use Table 5.3 on page 89 to Calculate System Current Draw

Use Table 5.3 on page 89 to calculate current draws as follows:

- 1. Enter the quantity of devices in all three columns.
- 2. Enter the current draw where required. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible devices and their current draw.
- 3. Calculate the current draws for each in all columns.
- 4. Sum the total current for each column.
- 5. Copy the totals from Column 2 and Column 3 to Table 5.4 on page 90.

Following are the types of current that can be entered into Table 5.3 on page 89:

- ✓ Calculation Column 1 The primary supply current load that the control panel must support during a non-fire alarm condition, with AC power applied.
- ✓ Calculation Column 2 The secondary supply current load that the control panel must support during a fire alarm condition.
- ✓ Calculation Column 3 The standby current drawn from the batteries in a non-fire alarm condition during a loss of AC power.

Table 5.3 contains three columns for calculating current draws. *For maximum output current available per circuit and per panel, refer to Section 1.2, "Specifications", on page 13.* For each column, calculate the current and enter the total (in amperes) in the bottom row. When finished, copy the totals from Calculation Column 2 and Calculation Column 3 to Table 5.4 on page 90.

Device Type		Iculation Column 1 , Non-Fire Alarm Current (amps)		Calculation Column 2 Secondary, Fire Alarm Current (amps)			Calculation Column 3 Secondary, Non-Fire Alarm Current (amps)			
	Qty	X [current draw]= Tota		Qty	X [current draw] =	Total	C	Qty	X [current draw]=	Total
Main Circuit Board	1	X[0.095]= 0.095	;	1	X[0.221] ^{1, 2} =	0.221		1	X[0.095]=	0.095
N-CAC-5X	[]	X[0.001]=	[]	X[0.001]=		[]	X[0.001]=	
4XTM	[] (1 max.)	X[0.005]=]]	X[0.011] ¹ =		[]	X[0.005]=	
ANN-SEC card	[] (1 max.)	X[0.003]=	[(1] max.)	X[0.003]=		[(1 r] max.)	X[0.003]=	
N-ANN-80(C)	[]	X[0.037]=	[]	X[0.040]=		[]	X[0.015]=	
N-ANN-I/O	[]	X[0.035]=	[]	X[0.200]=		[]	X[0.035]=	
N-ANN-RLY	[]	X[0.015]=	[]	X[0.075]=		[]	X[0.015]=	
N-ANN-(R)LED	[]	X[0.028]=	[]	X[0.068]=		[]	X[0.028]=	
N-ANN-S/PG	[]	X[0.045]=	[]	X[0.045]=		[]	X[0.045]=	
2-wire Detector Heads	[]	X[] ³ =	[]4	X[0.040=		[]	X[] ³ =	
4-wire Detector Heads	[]	X[] ³ =	[]4	X[0.040]=		[]	X[] ³ =	
Power Supervision Relays ⁵	[]	X[0.025]=]]	X[0.025]=		[]	X[0.025]=	
NAC #1			[]	X[]=					
NAC #2			[]	X[]=		-			
NAC #3							-			
NAC #4										
Current Draw from TB9 (nonalarm)		[]=			[]=				[]=	
Sum each column ⁶ for totals	Pri	imary Non-Alarm =		5	Secondary Alarm =			Sec	ondary Non-Alarm) =

Table 5.3 System Current Draw Calculations

- 1 If using the Reverse Polarity Alarm output, add 0.005 amps; if using the Reverse Polarity Trouble output, add another 0.005 amps.
- 2 The current shown represents one zone (IDC) on the main circuit board in alarm. One zone consumes 0.040 amps.
- 3 Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for standby current.
- 4 Enter the number of IDCs used minus one.
- 5 Must use compatible listed Power Supervision Relay.
- 6 Total current draw listed above cannot exceed 7.2 amps

5.4 Calculating the Battery Size

Use Table 5.4 to calculate the total Standby and Alarm load in ampere hours (AH). This total load determines the battery size (in AH), required to support the control panel under the loss of AC power. Complete Table 5.4 as follows:

- 1. Enter the totals from Table 5.3 on page 89, Calculation Columns 2 and 3 where shown.
- 2. Enter the NFPA Standby and Alarm times (refer to 'NFPA Requirements' below).
- 3. Calculate the ampere hours for Standby and Alarm, then sum the Standby and Alarm ampere hours.
- 4. Multiply the sum by the derating factor of 1.2 to calculate the proper battery size (in AH).
- 5. Write the ampere hour requirements on the Protected Premises label located inside the cabinet door.

Secondary Standby Load (total from Table 5.3 Calculation Column 3) []	Required Standby Time (24 hours) X[]	=	АН
Secondary Alarm Load (total from Table 5.3 Calculation Column 2) []	Required Alarm Time (for 5 min., enter 0.084, for 10 min., enter 0.168) X[]	=	АН
Sum of Standby and	=	AH	
Multiply by the		X 1.2	
Battery Size, Total An	=	AH	

Table 5.4 Total Secondary Power Requirements at 24 VDC

5.4.1 NFPA Battery Requirements

NFPA 72 Local, Central and Proprietary Fire Alarm Systems require 24 hours of standby power followed by 5 minutes in alarm

5.4.2 Selecting and Locating Batteries

Select batteries that meet or exceed the total ampere hours calculated in Table 5.4. The control panel can charge batteries in the 7 AH to 26 AH range. The control panel cabinet is capable of housing batteries up to 18 AH. Batteries larger than 18 AH require the NFS-LBB, BB-26, or other UL listed external battery cabinet.

For Canadian Applications, the minimum battery size is 12 AH and the maximum battery size is 18 AH.

A.1 Input-to-Output Circuit Mapping and Cross-Zone Operation

The flexible cross-zoning and input-to-output (I/O) mapping capability of this fire panel provides a powerful toolset to accommodate many site-specific configurations. To simplify initial setup, preconfigured application templates that employ cross-zoning and I/O mapping are included from the factory. Refer to "FACP Configuration Templates" on page 96 for a description of each supplied template.

The following sections provide some examples of setting up your own cross-zoned or I/O mapped system.

The Installer is responsible for completely testing the proper operation of the fire panel as set up by programming.

-	
_	
-	
-	_
-	_
-	_

NOTES:

1. Any general system trouble, such as a battery fault, will activate any output circuit programmed as *TROUBLE NAC* in the *OUTPUT CIRCUITS* menu. Circuit mapping does not apply.

2. Any input zone programmed for supervisory operation or as a *DISABLE RELEASE* switch in the *INPUT CIRCUITS* menus will activate any output circuit programmed as *SUPV BELL NAC* in the *OUTPUT CIRCUITS* menus. Circuit mapping does not apply.

3. The programming menus will prevent you from mapping any incompatible input zone and output circuit types together, such as mapping a supervisory input zone to a releasing output circuit.

4. Timers and/or delays are not represented in these examples.

A.1.1 Mapping Input Zones to Output Circuits for Direct Activation

Using the INPUT ZONES menus, you can assign any input zone to directly activate (without crosszoning) any of the four output circuits provided they are assigned matching operational types (see the OUTPUT CIRCUIT MAP menu within the INPUT ZONES menus).

Example 1: A waterflow input zone assigned to directly activate an alarm output circuit by setting the OUTPUT CIRCUIT MAP assignment to *YES*.

- Output Circuit 1 is programmed as alarm NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 2 is programmed as Release Circuit 1 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 3 is programmed as Release Circuit 2 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 4 is programmed as supervisory NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Input Zone 1 is programmed as a waterflow zone using the INPUT ZONES menus.

Waterflow Input Zone 1 will directly activate Output Circuit 1 (Alarm NAC) but not Output Circuits 2, 3 or 4.

ZONE 1 TYPE 1=N/A 2=N/A 3=WATERFLOW
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1 1=ALARM NAC YES 2=RELEASE 1 NO 3=RELEASE 2 NO
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1 1=SUPV BELL NAC N/A

Example 2: A single hazard application where a smoke detector input zone will directly activate both an alarm NAC circuit and a releasing output circuit.

- Output Circuit 1 is programmed as alarm NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 2 is programmed as Release Circuit 1 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 3 is programmed as waterflow NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 4 is programmed as supervisory NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Input Zone 1 is programmed as a smoke detector zone using the *INPUT ZONES* menus.

Smoke detector Input Zone 1 will directly activate Output Circuits 1 (Alarm NAC) and 2 (Release 1) but not output circuits 3 or 4.

ZONE 1 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A	
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1=ALARM NAC 2=RELEASE 1 3=WATERFLOW NAC	1 YES YES NO
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1=SUPV BELL NAC	1 N/A

A.1.2 Mapping Input Zones to Release Circuits for Cross Zone Activation

Using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus, this fire panel will allow you to assign a release circuit type of operation to any two of the four output circuits. Up to two releasing circuits (or hazards), called RELEASE 1 and RELEASE 2, may be created. Input zones may be assigned in various ways to activate either one or both of the release circuits. The fire panel treats RELEASE 1 and RELEASE 2 functions independently from each other, although they may share input circuits for activation.

Cross-zoning is set up in the CROSS INPUT ZONES menus, where you can create up to three groups of input zones for each release circuit. When cross zone groups have been set up, the OUTPUT CIRCUIT MAP associated with the input zones will automatically show YES for release output circuits. This extremely flexible cross-zone with grouping capability is used in the following examples.

Example 3: A single hazard, cross-zoned application using two smoke detector input zones and one releasing output circuit. Input Zones 1 and 2 are cross-zoned to activate output circuit 2, which is programmed as a RELEASE 1.

- Output Circuit 1 is programmed as alarm NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus. •
- Output Circuit 2 is programmed as Release Circuit 1 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 3 is programmed as alarm NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus •
- Output Circuit 4 is programmed as supervisory NAC using the *OUTPUT CIRCUITS* menus.
- Either of smoke detector Input Zones 1 or 2 will directly activate Output Circuit 1 (Alarm NAC).
- Smoke detector Input Zone 2 will also directly activate Output Circuit 3 (Alarm NAC) but not Output Circuits 2 or 4.
- Smoke detector Input Zones 1 and 2 are cross-zoned (both must be in alarm) to activate Output Circuit 2 (Release 1) but not Output Circuit 4.

ZONE 1 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A	
ZONE 2 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A	
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1 1=ALARM NAC YES 2=RELEASE 1 YES 3=ALARM NAC NO	OUTPUT MAP ZONE 2 1=ALARM NAC YES 2=RELEASE 1 YES 3=ALARM NAC YES
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1 1=SUPV BELL NAC N/A	OUTPUT MAP ZONE 2 1=SUPV BELL NAC N/A
REL 1 CROSS GROUP 1	

REL 1 CROSS G	ROUP 1
1=ZONE 1	YES
2=ZONE 2	YES
3=ZONE 3	NO

YES YES YES

N/A

Example 4: A dual hazard, cross-zoned application using four input zones and two releasing output circuits. Input Zones 1 and 2 are cross-zoned to activate Output Circuit 2, which is programmed as RELEASE 1. Input Zones 3 and 4 are cross-zoned to activate Output Circuit 3, which is programmed as a RELEASE 2.

- Output Circuit 1 is programmed as alarm NAC using the *OUTPUT CIRCUITS* menus.
- Output Circuit 2 is programmed as Release Circuit 1 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Output Circuit 3 is programmed as Release Circuit 2 using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus
- Output Circuit 4 is programmed as supervisory NAC using the OUTPUT CIRCUITS menus.
- Any of smoke detector Input Zones 1 through 4 will directly activate Output Circuit 1 (Alarm NAC) but not Output Circuits 2, 3 or 4.
- Smoke detector Input Zones 1 and 2 are cross-zoned (both must be in alarm) to activate Output Circuit 2 (Release 1) but not Output Circuits 3 or 4.
- Smoke detector Input Zones 3 and 4 are cross-zoned (both must be in alarm) to activate Output Circuit 3 (Release 2) but not Output Circuits 2 or 4.

ZONE 1 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A		ZONE 3 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A	
ZONE 2 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A		ZONE 4 TYPE 1=2-WIRE SMOKE 2=2-WIRE HEAT 3=N/A	
2=RELEASE 1 Y	1 ′ES ′ES NO	OUTPUT MAP ZO 1=ALARM NAC 2=RELEASE 1 3=RELEASE 2	ONE 2 YES YES NO
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1=SUPV BELL NAC	1 N/A	OUTPUT MAP Z 1=SUPV BELL NAC	ONE 2 N/A
		OUTPUT MAP Z	
OUTPUT MAP ZONE	± 3 YES	1=ALARM NAC	YES
-	NO YES	2=RELEASE 1 3=RELEASE 2	NO YES
OUTPUT MAP ZONE 1=SUPV BELL NAC	-	OUTPUT MAP Z 1=SUPV BELL NAC	
			
REL 1 CROSS GROUP	YES	REL 2 CROSS GR	
-	YES NO	1=ZONE 1 2=ZONE 2 3=ZONE 3	NO NO YES
		REL 2 CROSS GR	OUP 1
		1=ZONE 4 2=ZONE 5	YES NO

NO

3=ZONE 6

A.1.3 Complex Examples of Cross Zoning and I/O Mapping for Release Circuits

Following are some complex examples of cross-zoning for more demanding applications that are possible with this fire panel. Input zone entries in a single cross-zone group are effectively AND'ed together while the cross-zone groups are effectively OR'ed together. For the purpose of describing this, the following *language* is used:

R1	=	RELEASE 1
R2	=	RELEASE 2
Z1	=	INPUT ZONE 1
Z2	=	INPUT ZONE 2
Z3	=	INPUT ZONE 3
Z4	=	INPUT ZONE 4
Z5	=	INPUT ZONE 5
Z6	=	INPUT ZONE 6
OR	=	any input zone may cause a release
AND	=	all input zones must be active for a release

Example 5: Release Circuit 1 activates if either Input Zone 1 or 2 are active in addition to Input Zone 3 being active.

- R1 = (Z1 AND Z3) OR (Z2 AND Z3)
- Set Zones 1 and 3 to YES in Cross Zoning Group 1 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.
- Set Zones 2 and 3 to YES in Cross Zoning Group 2 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.
- Set all other zones to *NO* in Cross Zoning Groups 1, 2 and 3 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.

Example 6: Release Circuit 1 activates if Input Zones 1 and 2 and 3 are all active.

- R1 = Z1 AND Z2 AND Z3
- Set Zones 1, 2 and 3 to YES in Cross Zoning Group 1 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.
- Set all other zones to *NO* in Cross Zoning Groups 1, 2 and 3 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.

Example 7: Release Circuit 1 activates if Input Zones 1 and 2 and 3 are all active. Release Circuit 2 activates if Input Zones 2 and 3 and 4 are all active.

- R1 = Z1 AND Z2 AND Z3
- R2 = Z2 AND Z3 AND Z4
- Set Zones 1, 2 and 3 to YES in Cross Zoning Group 1 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT* ZONES menus.
- Set Zones 2, 3 and 4 to YES in Cross Zoning Group 1 for RELEASE 2 in the CROSS INPUT ZONES menus.
- Set all other zones to *NO* in Cross Zoning Groups 1, 2 and 3 for RELEASE 1 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.
- Set all other zones to *NO* in Cross Zoning Groups 1, 2 and 3 for RELEASE 2 in the *CROSS INPUT ZONES* menus.

Example 8: Release Circuit 1 activates if Input Zone 1 activates followed in time by Input Zone 2 activating.

• This kind of sequential reaction is not possible at this time.

Appendix B: FACP Configuration Templates

The RP-2001/E has been provided with preprogrammed templates which allow the user to quickly configure the FACP [refer to "FACP CONFIG (Application Templates)" on page 51]. The user also has the option to reprogram selected portions of the template for customized applications. The following pages of this appendix describe the programming for each of the templates.

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L	

NOTE: The RP-2001/E Pre-Action/Deluge Control Panel can be configured using preprogrammed Templates 1 through 7.

Important! Each Template has been programmed with specific Input Zone Types and Output Circuit Types. If the FACP is configured with one of the preprogrammed Templates, the user must ensure that the devices connected to each Input Zone and Output Circuit are compatible with the programmed types. (The user can reprogram the circuit types if desired).

B.1 Template 1: Single Hazard - 3 Zone

Template 1: SINGLE HAZARD - 3 ZONE

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION	SUPV.
#1 ALARM NAC	X	Х		Х	X	
#2 WATERFLOW NAC			Х			
#3 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	X	Х		Х	X	
#4 SUPV. BELL NAC						Х

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow no waterflow delay since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 0
- Zone 4 = Manual Release
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 = Supervisory

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Waterflow NAC no waterflow delay since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 0, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)
- Output 4 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 0 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

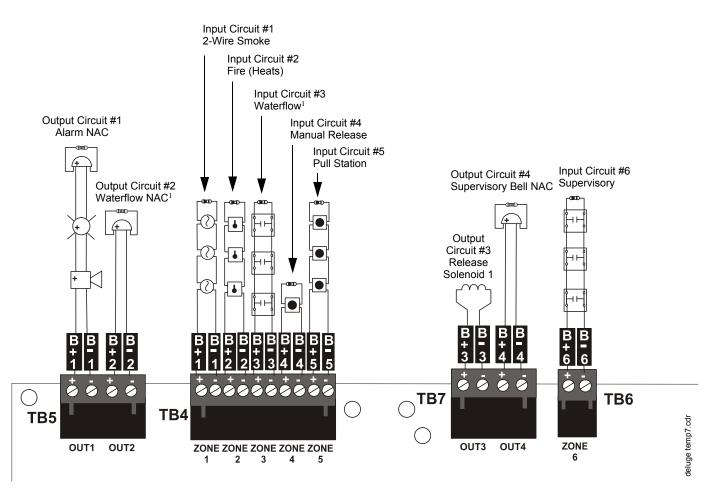
- Activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1 and Release Solenoid 1 Output #3. Release Solenoid 1 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Waterflow NAC Output #2. There is no FACP initiated delay in activation since the Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 0 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #4

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 1



- 1. No Waterflow Delay is programmed.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.2 Template 2: Single Hazard - Cross-Zone With Manual Release

Template 2: CROSS-ZONE WITH MANUAL RELEASE SWITCH

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION	SUPV.
#1 ALARM NAC	X	Х		Х	Х	
#2 WATERFLOW NAC			Х			
#3 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	C1	C1		Х	Х	
#4 SUPV. BELL NAC						Х

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Cx = cross-zone where x is the number of the Release Solenoid. All inputs with the same Release Solenoid number must be active at the same time to turn on the corresponding solenoid output circuit

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow activation delayed for 60 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 60 secs.)
- Zone 4 = Manual Release
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 = Supervisory

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Waterflow NAC activation delayed for 60 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 60 sec), silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)
- Output 4 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 60 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

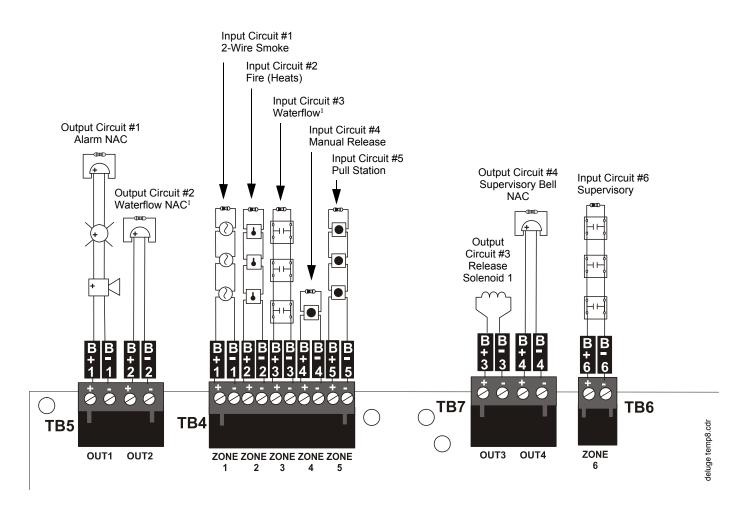
- Activation of both Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) and Zone 2 (Fire) at the same time, or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate the Release Solenoid 1 Output #3. Release Solenoid will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1. Activation of any one of these zones will operate Alarm NAC Output #1
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Waterflow NAC Output #2. There is a 60 second FACP initiated delay in activation since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 60 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #4

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 2



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 60 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.3 Template 3: Dual Hazard - Combined Release

Template 3: DUAL HAZARD - COMBINED RELEASE

	INPUT ZONES						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION	SUPV.	
#1 ALARM NAC	X	Х	Х	Х	Х		
#2 SUPV BELL NAC						Х	
#3 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	X	Х		Х	Х		
#4 RELEASE SOLENOID 2	X	Х		Х	Х		

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.)
- Zone 4 = Manual Release
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 = Supervisory

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)
- Output 4 = Release Solenoid 2 (unsupervised for shorts)

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 10 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

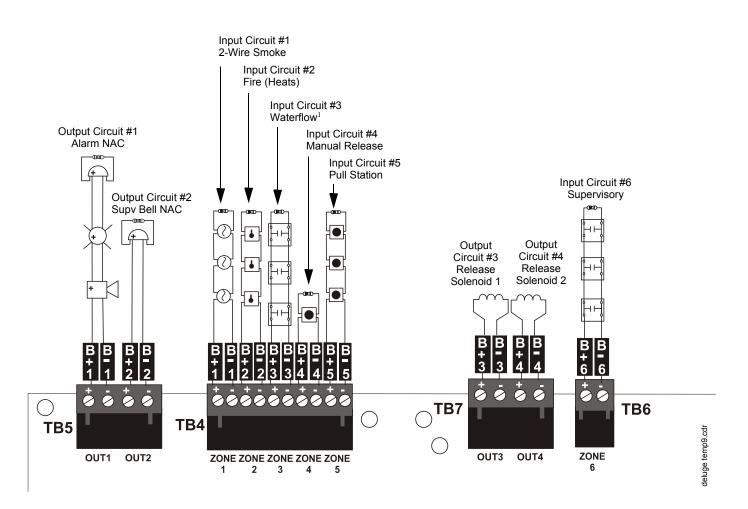
- Activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1, Release Solenoid 1 Output #3 and Release Solenoid 2 Output #4. Release Solenoid 1 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1 and Release Solenoid 2 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 2
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1. There is a 10 second FACP initiated delay in activation since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 10 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #2

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 3



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 10 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.4 Template 4: Dual Hazard - Split Release

Template 4: DUAL HAZARD - SPLIT RELEASE

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	SUPV.	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION
#1 ALARM NAC	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
#2 SUPV BELL NAC				Х		
#3 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	Х				Х	Х
#4 RELEASE SOLENOID 2		Х			Х	Х

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay Timer 10 set to secs.)
- Zone 4 = Supervisory
- Zone 5 = Manual Release
- Zone 6 = Pull Station

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)
- Output 4 = Release Solenoid 2 (unsupervised for shorts)

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 10 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

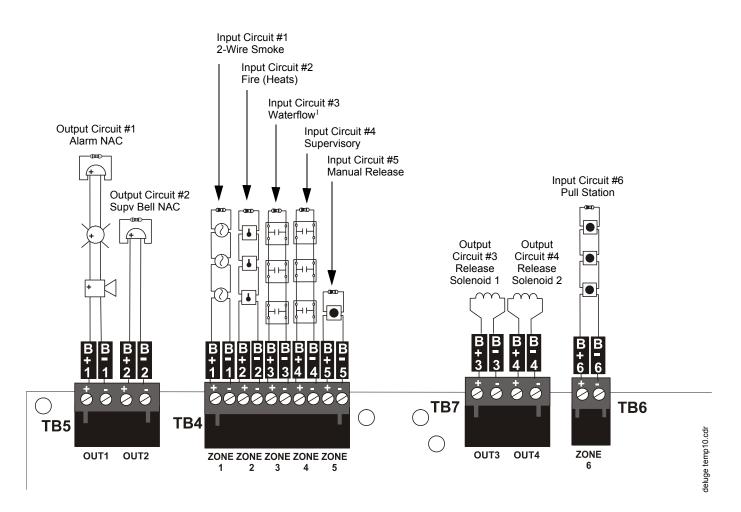
- Activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) will operate Release Solenoid 1 Output #3 and Alarm NAC Output #1. Activation of Input Zone 2 (Fire) will operate Release Solenoid 2 Output #4 and Alarm NAC Output #1. Activation of Input 5 (Manual Release) or Input 6 (Manual Pull Station) will operate Solenoid 1 Output #3 and Solenoid 2 (Output #4) and Alarm NAC Output #1. Release Solenoid 1 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1 and Release Solenoid 2 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 2
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1. There is a 10 second FACP initiated delay in activation since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 10 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 4 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #2

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 5 (Manual Release) or Zone 6 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 4 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 4



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 10 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.5 Template 5: Single Hazard - 3 Zones and Low Pressure

Template 5: SINGLE HAZARD - 3 ZONES AND LOW PRESSURE

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION	LOW PRESS.
#1 ALARM NAC	Х	Х		Х	Х	
#2 WATERFLOW NAC			Х			
#3 SUPV. BELL NAC						Х
#4 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	Х	Х		Х	Х	

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.)
- Zone 4 = Manual Release
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 =Low Pressure

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Waterflow NAC activation delayed for 10 secs. (Waterflow Delay set to10 secs.), silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 4 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 10 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

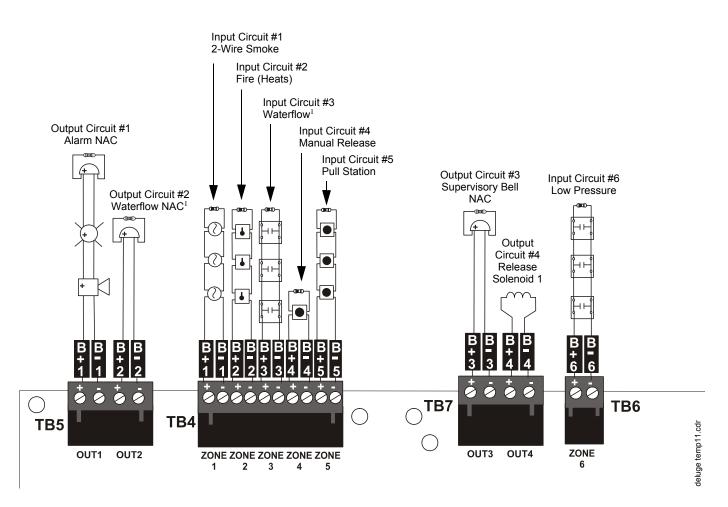
- Activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1 and Release Solenoid 1 Output #4. Release Solenoid 1 will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Waterflow NAC Output #2. There is a 10 second FACP initiated delay in activation since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 10 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 6 (Low Pressure) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #3

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 5



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 10 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.6 Template 6: Single Hazard - 2 Zones Cross-Zoned With All Active

Template 6: SINGLE HAZARD - 2 ZONES CROSS-ZONES WITH ALL ACTIVE

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	WATERFLOW	MANUAL RELEASE	PULL STATION	LOW PRESS.
#1 ALARM NAC	Х	Х		Х	Х	
#2 WATERFLOW NAC			Х			
#3 SUPV. BELL NAC						Х
#4 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	C1	C1		Х	Х	

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Cx = cross-zone where x is the number of the Release Solenoid. All inputs with the same Release Solenoid number must be active at the same time to turn on the corresponding solenoid output circuit

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Waterflow activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.)
- Zone 4 = Manual Release
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 = Low Pressure

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Waterflow NAC activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.), silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Supervisory Bell NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 4 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 10 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

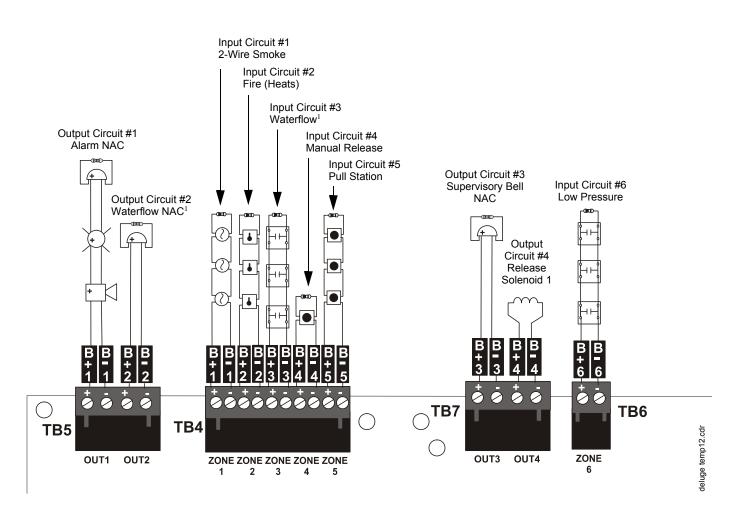
- Activation of both Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) **and** Zone 2 (Fire) at the same time, **or** Zone 4 (Manual Release) **or** Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate the Release Solenoid 1 Output #4. Release Solenoid will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1. Activation of any one of these zones will operate Alarm NAC Output #1
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Waterflow) will operate the Waterflow NAC Output #2. There is a 10 second FACP initiated delay in activation since Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 10 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 6 (Low Pressure) will operate the Supervisory Bell NAC Output #3

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 6 (Supervisory) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 6



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 10 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are $4.7 K\Omega$, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

B.7 Template 7: Single Hazard - Dual Zone

Template 7: SINGLE HAZARD - DUAL ZONE

	INPUT ZONES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
OUTPUT CIRCUITS	2-WIRE SMOKE	FIRE	LOW PRESS.	WATERFLOW	PULL STATION	MANUAL RELEASE
#1 ALARM NAC	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
#2 WATERFLOW NAC				Х		
#3 RELEASE SOLENOID 1	Х	Х			Х	Х
#4 WATERFLOW NAC				X		

Table Legend:

X = direct correlation between Input Zone and Output Circuit (input zone activation will turn on corresponding output circuit).

Input Zone Types:

- Zone 1 = 2-wire smoke
- Zone 2 = Fire
- Zone 3 = Low Pressure
- Zone 4 = Waterflow activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.)
- Zone 5 = Pull Station
- Zone 6 = Manual Release

Output Circuit Types:

- Output 1 = Alarm NAC, silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 2 = Waterflow NAC activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.), silenceable, coded for steady on
- Output 3 = Release Solenoid 1 (unsupervised for shorts)
- Output 4 = Waterflow NAC activation delayed for 10 seconds (Waterflow Delay set to 10 secs.), silenceable, coded for steady on

Timers

- Soak Timer 1 set for 10 minutes
- Soak Timer 2 set for 10 minutes
- Waterflow Delay Timer set for 10 seconds
- AC Loss Delay Timer set for 2 hours

Operation

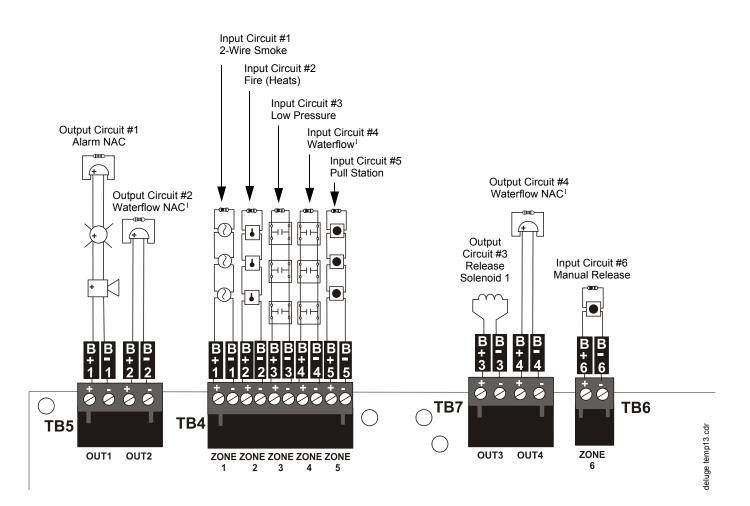
- Activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) or Zone 6 (Manual Release) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1 and Release Solenoid 1 Output #3. Release Solenoid will turn off water release following time-out of the 10 minute Soak Timer 1
- Activation of Input Zone 4 (Waterflow) will operate the Alarm NAC Output #1, Waterflow NAC Output #2 and Waterflow NAC Output #4. There is a 10 second FACP initiated delay in activation of these outputs since the Waterflow Delay Timer is set to 10 seconds
- Activation of Input Zone 3 (Low Pressure) will not operate any Output Circuits (see Relays)

FACP Relay Operation

The following description of FACP relay operations are in addition to normal system operation.

- Alarm Relay activation of Input Zone 1 (2-Wire Smoke) or Zone 2 (Fire) or Zone 3 (Waterflow - with Waterflow Delay time) or Zone 4 (Manual Release) or Zone 5 (Pull Station) will operate Alarm Relay
- Trouble Relay any system trouble will activate the Trouble Relay
- Supervisory activation of Zone 3 (Low Pressure) will operate the Supervisory Relay

Device Installation Example for Template 7



- 1. Waterflow Delay is programmed for 10 seconds.
- 2. All End-of-Line Resistors, illustrated in this example, are 4.7KΩ, " watt (PN: 71252).
- 3. All devices are connected as Class B circuits. For details on connecting as Class A circuits, refer to "N-CAC-5X Class A Converter Module" on page 29.

Appendix C: NFPA Standard-Specific Requirements

This panel has been designed for use in commercial, industrial and institutional applications and meets the requirements for service under the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards outlined in this Appendix. The minimum system components required for compliance with the appropriate NFPA standard are listed below:

RP-2001 Control Panel

Contains the main control board, cabinet (backbox and door) and power supply.

Batteries

Refer to "Power Supply Calculations" on page 87, for Standby Power Requirements.

Initiating Devices

Connected to one of the control panel's Initiating Device Circuits.

Notification Appliances

Connected to one of the control panel's Output Circuits.

Releasing Devices

Connected to one of the control panel's Output Circuits.

The following additional equipment is needed for compliance with the NFPA 72 standards listed below:

NFPA 72 Central Station Service (Protected Premises Unit) or Remote Station Service

411UD may be installed as illustrated in Figure C.1, "FACP Connection to 411UD," on page 112

OR

4XTM Transmitter Module for connection to the RS82 Remote Station Receiver. See Figure C.3 on page 115, for installation instructions for this unit

NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

4XTM Transmitter Module for connection to a compatible listed Local Energy Municipal Box. This unit must be installed as illustrated in the section titled "4XTM Municipal Box Transmitter Option Module" on page 31 and as outlined in Figure C.2, "Municipal Box Connected to 4XTM Transmitter Module," on page 114.

NFPA 72 Proprietary Fire Alarm System

FACP Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory contacts connected to Transmitter(s). See Figure C.4, "Proprietary Protective Signaling System," on page 116, for installation instructions for this unit.

The relay contacts of this control panel may be used to trip any dialer that is UL-listed for Central Station/Remote Station services. The illustrations in this appendix provide examples of possible system configurations.

The following figure illustrates an example of Central Station/Remote Station Reporting using a 411UD. The relay contacts from the RP-2001 may be used to trip any dialer UL-listed for Central Station/Remote Station Reporting Services.

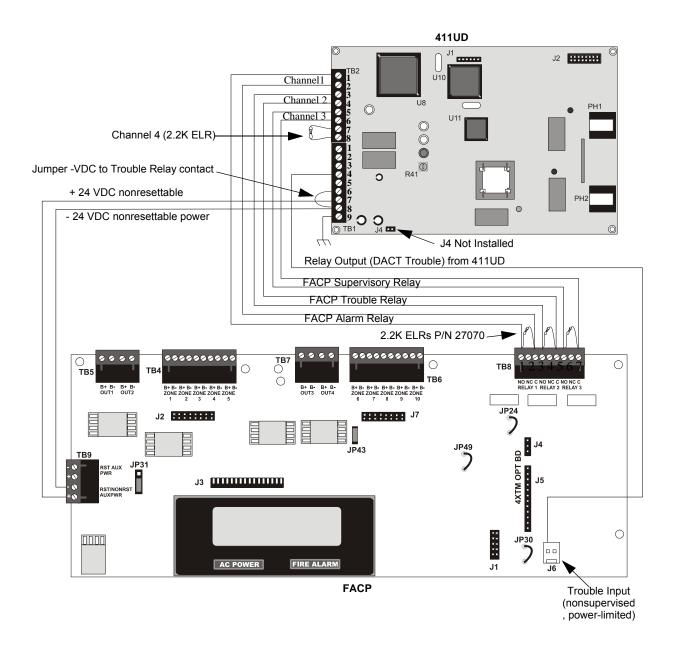


Figure C.1 FACP Connection to 411UD

	411UD	FACP
Alarm	TB2-1	TB8-1
Alalin	TB2-2	TB8-3
Trouble	TB2-3	TB8-4
	TB2-4	TB8-6
Supervisory	TB2-5	TB8-7
	TB2-6	TB8-9

Table C.1 411UD Connections to FACP

- 1. Reference the 411UD Manual for additional information
- 2. All connections between the control panel and the 411UD must be in conduit, less than 20 ft. (610 cm) in length in the same room.
- 3. Any zone of the 411UD can be wired to function as alarm, trouble or supervisory; the 411UD must be programmed accordingly. In this example, Channel/Zone 1 is wired to the control panel's alarm relay, Channel 2/Zone 2 is wired to the control panel's trouble relay and Channel 3/Zone 3 is wired to the control panel's supervisory relay.
- 4. Nonresettable 24 VDC power is supplied to the 411UD via TB9 terminals configured for nonresettable power on the FACP. Jumper J4 on the 411UD must be removed for 24 VDC power.
- 5. End-of-Line resistors must terminate all 411UD circuits, including unused circuits.
- 6. Program the 411UD for slave operation.
- 7. The RP-2001 must be programmed for AC Loss Reporting Delay This prevents the immediate transmission of a trouble on the loss of AC power.
- 8. A (-)VDC from the 411UD Trouble Contacts will activate the Trouble Input J6 on the FACP when the 411UD goes into DACT Trouble (the 411UD Trouble Contact is programmed as DACT Trouble).

C.1 NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

All connections are power-limited and supervised. This application is not suitable for separate transmission of sprinkler supervisory or trouble conditions.

- 1. 3 ohms maximum loop resistance allowed for wiring from control panel to Municipal Box.
- 2. Cut JP30 on the RP-2001 main circuit board to supervise placement of 4XTM module and circuit.
- 3. Cut JP24 on the RP-2001 main circuit board to enable FACP Supervisory relay.
- 4. Refer to "4XTM Municipal Box Transmitter Option Module" on page 31 for detailed information.

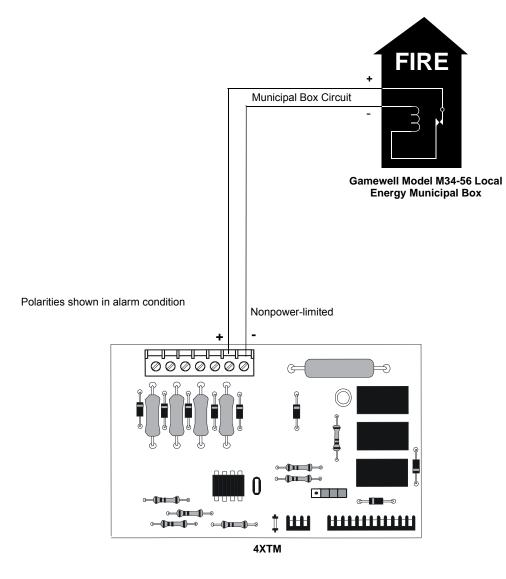


Figure C.2 Municipal Box Connected to 4XTM Transmitter Module

NFPA 72 Remote Station Protective Signaling System

- 1. Cut Jumper JP30 on the RP-2001 main circuit board to supervise placement of the 4XTM module.
- 2. Refer to "4XTM Transmitter Module Installation" on page 31 for detailed information.

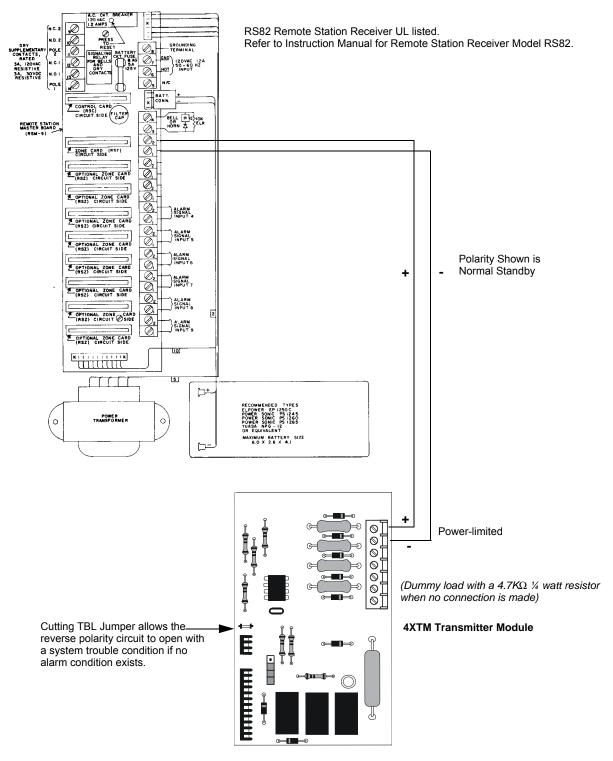
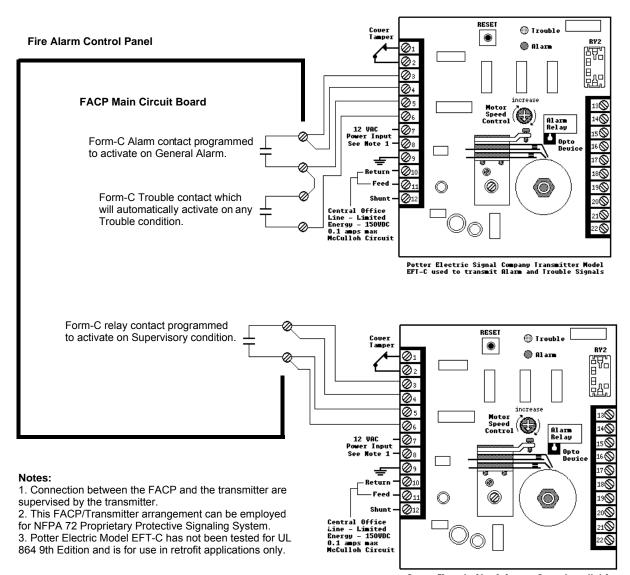


Figure C.3 Remote Station Connection Using 4XTM Module

NFPA 72 Proprietary Protective Signaling Systems

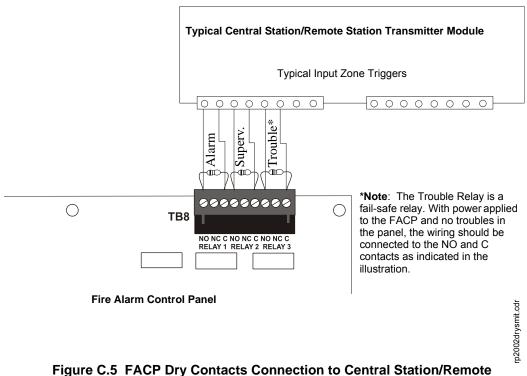


Potter Electric Signal Company Transmitter Model EFI-C used to transmit Alarm and Trouble Signals

Figure C.4 Proprietary Protective Signaling System

C.2 Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter: Connection to FACP Dry Contacts

The dry contacts of the RP-2001 programmable relays can be used to trip a UL-864 Listed Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter. The FACP contacts must be supervised by the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter module using End-of-Line Resistors (ELRs) with a value determined by the Transmitter manufacturer. Power is also provided by the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter manufacturer. Refer to the Central Station/Remote Station Transmitter manufacturer's manual for details.



FACP Dry Contacts Connection to Central Station/F Station Transmitter

Appendix D: FACP with Keltron

The following figure illustrates the connections between the FACP and Keltron Receiver/Transmitter.

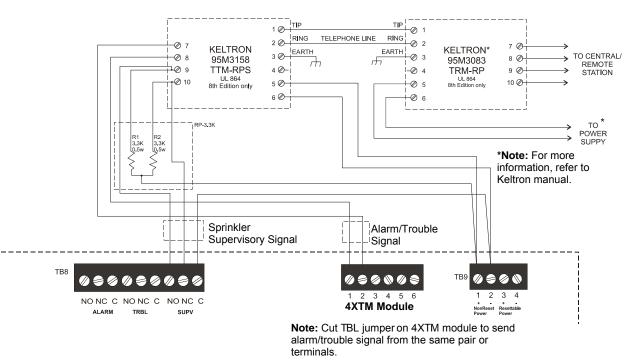
CAUTION: OBSERVE CORRECT TERMINAL LOCATIONS

FOR REASONS OF WIRING DIAGRAM CLARITY, TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS OF KELTRON MODULES ARE NOT SHOWN IN ACTUAL ORDER. FOLLOW KELTRON MANUAL AND MODULE MARKINGS FOR EXACT TERMINAL LOCATIONS TO PREVENT SEVERE MODULE DAMAGE.

IMPORTANT! All connections between the FACP and Keltron modules must be made within 20 feet and enclosed within conduit or equivalently protected against mechanical injury.

Keltron 95M3158 TTM-RPS

- 1. Terminals 7 and 8: Remote station alarm/trouble inputs.
- 2. Terminals 9 and 10: Sprinkler supervisory input.



Fire Alarm Control Panel (terminal blocks are not shown in their actual positions in order to clarify wiring connections)

Appendix E: Testing & Maintenance

E.1 Testing

E.1.1 Inspection

Once installation has been completed, a careful visual inspection should be made before applying power to the system. Check the actual wiring hookup with the wiring diagrams. Insure that no pieces of wire have fallen into the circuitry. Check for missing or damaged parts.

E.1.2 Alarm Test

An initial alarm test should be conducted following installation to determine that all parts of the system are functioning properly. The panels should remain powered for 24 to 36 hours prior to connecting the releasing solenoids. This precaution will avoid false activation of the suppression system in case of faulty or improperly placed detectors.

To perform an alarm test on the control panel, proceed with the following steps:

- 1. Disconnect AC power and battery power.
- 2. Disconnect the installed solenoid valve circuit leads and connect spare solenoid valves or connect an End-of-Line device to serve as a dummy load.
- 3. Reconnect AC and battery power.
- 4. Initiate a first zone alarm condition by introducing smoke into one of the Zone 1 detectors. This should cause the first zone alarm condition.
 - ✓ The red Fire Alarm indicator will illuminate
 - ✓ The LCD display will indicate an alarm condition for zone 1
 - ✓ The control panel piezo will sound
 - ✓ The Alarm relay will energize
 - ✓ The devices connected to the Indicating Circuit(s) programmed to activate on Zone 1 alarm will turn on
- 5. Repeat step 4 for each input zone.
- 6. When testing has been completed, remove AC and battery power, reconnect the solenoid valve circuits removed in step 2, reconnect AC and battery power and ensure that the control panel is in normal standby condition.

E.1.3 Detector Testing

Detectors must be tested after installation and following maintenance.

Important: Before testing, notify the proper authorities that maintenance is being performed and the system will be temporarily out of service. Disable the zone or system undergoing maintenance to prevent any unwanted alarms. Disconnect the installed solenoid valve circuit leads and connect spare solenoid valves or connect an End-of-Line device to serve as a dummy load to prevent unwanted water release.

Ensure proper wiring and power is applied. After power-up, allow 80 seconds for the detectors to stabilize before testing. Refer to System Sensor's **i**³ Installation and Maintenance Instructions document I56-1800-00 for device specifications and testing procedures.

Test i³ Series detectors as follows:

Test Switch

- 1. An opening for the recessed test switch is located on the detector housing.
- 2. Insert a small screwdriver or allen wrench (0.18" max.) into the test switch opening; push and hold.
- 3. If the detector is within the listed sensitivity limits, the detector's red LED should light within five seconds.

Smoke Entry Test

Hold a smoldering punk stick or cotton wick at the side of the detector and gently blow the smoke through the detector until it alarms.

NOTE: For the above tests, the detector will reset only after the power source has been momentarily interrupted.

If a detector fails any of the above test methods, its wiring should be checked and it should be cleaned as outlined in the Maintenance section of the System Sensor Document. If the detector still fails, it should be replaced.

Notify the proper authorities when the system is back in service.

E.2 Maintenance

A regular schedule of inspection, testing and maintenance is vital to ensure proper and reliable operation of the control panel. The procedures should be performed as required by the local authority having jurisdiction. Refer to NFPA documentation for further details.

Appendix F: Wire Requirements

Connecting external system accessories to the main circuits must be carefully considered to ensure proper operation. It is important to use the correct type of wire, gauge and run length for each circuit. Reference the chart below to specify wire requirements and limitations for each circuit.

	ONNECTIONS	WIRE REQUIREMENTS					
Circuit Type	Circuit Function	Wire Type and Limitations	Recommended Max. Distance Feet (meters)	Wire Gauge			
Initiating Device Circuit (power-limited)	Connects to Initiating Devices	Untwisted, unshielded wire or twisted pair, unshielded wire (maximum loop resistance not to exceed 100 ohms)	Distance limitation set by 100 ohm resistance limitation	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm ²)			
ANN-BUS (EIA- 485) power-limited	Communication for ANN-BUS annunciator and relay modules	Twisted pair a maximum loop resistance of 120 ohms	6,000 (1,800 m)	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm ²)			
ANN-BUS Power	Power for ANN-BUS annunciators	Refer to "ANN-BUS Devices" on page 33 for information on device wiring					
24 VDC Regulated, resettable, nonresettable	Power for accessories and 4-wire devices	Untwisted, unshielded wire or twisted pair, unshielded wire	Distance limitation set by 4 volt maximum line drop	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm ²)			
Auxiliary Trouble Input	Open Collector trouble input for CHG-75, CHG-120, etc.	Single conductor	Distance limitation 20 feet in same room	18 AWG (0.75 mm ²)			
NAC/Solenoid Outputs	Connects to NAC devices or Release devices	Untwisted, unshielded pair wire or twisted, unshielded pair wire	Refer to Section F.1	on page 122.			

Table F.1 FACP Wire Specifications

F.1 NAC Wiring

NAC Load	Max. allowable total loop resistance (ohms)	CLASS-B Max. allowable wire pair length (feet)			CLASS-A Max. allowable wire pair length (feet)				
(Amps)		AWG 12 solid	AWG 14 solid	AWG 16 solid	AWG 18 solid	AWG 12 solid	AWG 14 solid	AWG 16 solid	AWG 18 solid
0.25	13.60	3523	2215	1391	875	1762	1107	695	438
0.5	6.80	1762	1107	695	438	881	554	348	219
0.75	4.53	1174	738	464	292	587	369	232	146
1	3.40	881	554	348	219	440	277	174	109
1.25	2.72	705	443	278	175	352	221	139	88
1.5	2.27	587	369	232	146	294	185	116	73
1.75	1.94	503	316	199	125	252	158	99	63
2	1.70	440	277	174	109	220	138	87	55
2.25	1.51	391	246	155	97	196	123	77	49
2.5	1.36	352	221	139	88	176	111	70	44
2.75	1.24	320	201	126	80	160	101	63	40
3	1.13	294	185	116	73	147	92	58	36

The following table lists NAC wiring requirements for the FACP.

Table F.2 NAC Wiring Requirements for FACP

Calculations are based on Direct-Current Resistance data for uncoated copper wire, per National Electrical Code (2005 Edition) Table 8, Conductor Properties.

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RP-2001, RP-2001E, RP-2001C PRE-ACTION/DELUGE CONTROL PANEL

Operating Instructions

NORMAL - Only *AC POWER* is illuminated green. All other indicators are off. LCD display will read SYSTEM ALL NORMAL. **PANEL KEY** - The key to open the panel can be found at the following location:

WHEN AUDIBLE DEVICES ARE SOUNDING -Discharge has occurred if DISCHARGE Indicator is on. Discharge timer has timed out if the DISCHARGE Indicator is flashing. FOR AN ALARM

1. Evacuate the protected area

2. Notify the monitoring service and/or the Fire Department immediately. Tell them briefly what happened and what your current status is.

Phones:

Fire Department

Monitoring Service

3. If the Fire Department is responding, be prepared to provide directions to arriving firefighters.

FOR TROUBLE ONLY

- 1. Notify the monitoring service and/or Fire department if this panel is connected to either one, and tell them what is happening.
- 2. Silence audible devices by unlocking and opening the panel and pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE/STEP button. The TROUBLE indicator will remain illuminated yellow. Contact authorized service personnel immediately! (See Below).

WARNING!

DO NOT ALLOW TROUBLE CONDITIONS TO REMAIN LOGGED IN THE SYSTEM. THE PROTECTION THE SYSTEM OFFERS HAS BEEN COMPROMISED OR ELIMINATED, WHEN A TROUBLE CONDITION EXISTS.

To return to normal after an alarm

- 1. Do not enter the protected area until safe to do so.
- 2. Clear all initiating devices. Smoke detectors will not reset if there is still smoke in the area.
- 3. Reset the control panel (PRESS the RESET button).

Power failure or brownout

If AC power drops too low or fails, AC POWER indicator will extinguish, the system TROUBLE indicator will turn on yellow, and the panel buzzer and any other audible trouble devices will sound. Contact authorized service personnel immediately. See below.

NOTIFIER [®]
by Honeywell
In the event of trouble, contact the

local Notifier Service Representative

Name:

Company:

Address:

Manual activation (Fire Drill or otherwise)

Notification Appliance Circuits (NACs) can be activated by pressing and holding the DRILL button for at least two seconds.

NOTE: You may want to disconnect the municipal box by sliding the DISCONNECT switch, located on the 4XTM module, to its disconnect position (to the right). If a DACT is connected, notify the monitoring service before conducting any fire drills or tests.

Alarm Silencing

Notification Appliance Circuits may be silenced by pressing the ALARM SILENCE button. ALARM SILENCED will turn on yellow. Subsequent alarms will reactivate circuits. Press the RESET button to clear the "silenced" condition.

NOTE: Notification Appliance Circuits may be programmed as nonsilenceable. Also, Signal Silence Inhibit, if enabled, will prevent silencing of NACs for one minute after an alarm (see manual).

To test the indicators, LCD display and piezo

Press and release the RESET button and check all indicators/LEDs. Every indicator/LED should be on, LCD shows all pixels on, piezo sounder beeps.

For more information, refer to the RP-2001 Series Manual, Document #52985. It is kept in the following location:

THIS SHEET SHALL BE FRAMED ADJACENT TO THE CONTROL PANEL

Telephone Number: _

Cut along dotted line.

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